The DAILY COMMERCIAL, published by the Commercial Printing Company, No. 70 Fifth avenue.

RUSSELL ERRETT, Editor.

☞ TERMS OF THE DAILY: Single copy, 5 cents; delivered by carriers (per week) 15 cents; subscribers by mail (per year), $10 00, postage prepaid.

☞ Communications designed for publication should be addressed to the Editor.

☞ Letters on Business, Subscription, &c., address COMMERCIAL, Pittsburgh.

The Weekly Commercial, a large sheet, contains all the Current News, Miscellaneous, Literary and Scientific Intelligence, and Valuable Reading for the family.

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY: Per year (53 issues), $1 75; in Clubs of Twenty and over $1 25, postage pre-paid; one copy gratis to the getter up of the Club.

The money must always accompany the order, and in no instance can these terms be deviated from.

☞ Postmasters are requested to act as Agents.

☞ Communications designed for publication should be addressed to the Editor.

☞ Letters on Business, Subscription, &c., address COMMERCIAL, Pittsburgh.

The Pittsburgh Commercial.

VOL. XIII. PITTSBURGH, MONDAY MORNING, AUGUST 28, 1876. NO. 302.

The Daily and Weekly Commercial—NEWSPAPER DECISIONS.—1. Any one who takes a paper regularly from the Postoffice—whether directed to his name or another's, or whether he has subscribed or not—is responsible for the payment.

2. If a person orders his paper discontinued, he must pay all arrearages, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.

3. The Courts have decided that refusing to take Newspapers or Periodicals from the Postoffice, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, is *prima facie* evidence of intentional fraud.

☞ REMITTANCES must be made in Money Orders, Bank Checks or Drafts, if possible. When neither of these can be procured, send the Money in a Registered Letter. The present Registration system is virtually an Absolute Protection against losses by mail, and all Postmasters are obliged to register letters whenever requested to do so.

☞ Communications designed for publication should be addressed to
RUSSELL ERRETT, Editor.

☞ Letters on Business, Subscriptions, &c., address COMMERCIAL, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FIRST EDITION.

FOREIGN NEWS.

BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE

The War in Turkey.

FAILING HEALTH OF THE SULTAN—THE SUCCESSION.

VIENNA, August 26.—The *Political Correspondence* reports that the chances of the Sultan's recovery diminishes daily. The Ministers are seriously considering the question of an approaching change in the succession. The eventful successor, Habdul-Hamid, has put himself indirectly in communication with the Powers, notably Austria, for the purpose of preparing the way for a general understanding on the pending questions. All the Powers have favorably received this step.

A BATTLE EXPECTED NEAR PODGORITZA—THE ALBANIANS NEUTRAL.

RAGUSA, August 26.—A battle is imminent near Podgoritza. Dervish Pacha has taken command of the troops in Albania. It is stated the Miridites, a powerful tribe of Roman Catholic Albanians, will remain neutral.

SERVIAN DESIRE FOR PEACE.

LONDON, August 26.—A dispatch to Reuter's Telegram Company from Belgrade says: "Notwithstanding the dispatches from the seat of war announcing Servian successes, the Government affirms its sincere desire for peace."

A dispatch to Reuter's Telegram Company from Constantinople says preliminary negotiations for peace were opened last night between the foreign Ambassadors in consequence of the step taken by Prince Milan.

THE REPORTED BASIS OF THE NEGOTIATIONS FOR PEACE.

VIENNA, August 26.—It is asserted here that at the preliminary peace negotiations between the signatories of the treaty of Paris, including Russia, it was proposed as a basis of arrangement that Prince Milan should be retained on the throne; that Servia should pay a war indemnity, and that Turkey should have the right of placing a garrison in a Servian fortress on the Turkish frontier.

NO PEACE UNTIL ALEXINATZ SURRENDERS.

LONDON, August 27.—The *Standard's* Belgrade dispatch says: While Prince Milan is showing his good sense in trying to negotiate peace, Russian officers continue to arrive in great numbers, and General Tchernayeff, by repeated attacks upon the Turkish lines, is doing his best to make the negotiations abortive. He has hurried so far that the Porte, in reply to the tender of mediation by the Powers, plainly declined to listen to the proposals until Alexinatz surrendered, consequently the fighting there continues.

The Servian authorities report great victories, but without foundation. The Servians may have driven back the Turkish columns which advanced from St. Stephen, and getting off the level ground were obliged to retreat, but the Turks are on the right and left banks of the Morava level with Alexinatz. There is a possibility of the occupation of the Servian frontier and of Belgrade itself by an Austrian corps of 5,000 men. Austrians on the Save and Danube are ready to march at a moment's notice.

A telegram from Belgrade reports that the discontent among the people on account of the negotiations is daily becoming more intense. Among other demands of foreign representatives, the cessation of hostilities is refused by the ministry.

A dispatch from Vienna asserts that the Porte requires that Prince Milan shall address his demands for peace directly to the Turkish Government.

A Berlin special announces that at a council of the Servian Cabinet, Prince Milan's resolution in favor of mediation was approved three to one.

A SERIOUS MISTAKE.

A dispatch from Daeatehin reports that on Tuesday two columns of Servians troops at Alexinatz mistook each other for the enemy and a serious fight took place before the error was discovered. Some Bulgarian volunteers shot their commander, who ordered them to advance. Wounded men declined to have operations performed by English surgeons, as do nine in ten natives in similar cases, although they know death will follow their refusal.

ONLY A SHORT ARMISTICE.

BERLIN, August 27.—The Powers have agreed to request the Porte to accede to the suspension of hostilities. Turkey is resolved to grant only a short armistice for the purpose of accelerating the settlement of the terms of peace.

Spain.

THE CONSPIRACY AT PAMPELUNA—TWO SERGEANTS SHOT.

PAMPELUNA, August 26.—The reported discovery of a conspiracy at this place is confirmed. Two sergeants of the Spanish army were found guilty of high treason and immediately shot. Some disturbances occurred at San Sebastian, but were at once repressed.

Italy.

ARREST OF AN INTERNATIONALIST LEADER.

ROME, August 26.—The journals here announce that the chief of the Italian Internationalists has been arrested.

France.

BANQUET TO THE RETURNED WORKINGMEN.

PARIS, August 27.—A banquet was given to-day to the independent delegates representing the workingmen, who have returned from the Philadelphia—Exhibition Desmoulins described the visit, and others made speeches. A resolution was adopted tendering thanks to their friends in America for the cordial reception given the delegates.

Marine News.

LONDON, August 27.—The steamships Hammonia and Hindoo, from New York, have arrived.

TAMAQUA, PA.

Dedication of Grand Army of the Republic Cemetery—Letter from Governor Hartranft—He Denies a Slanderous Story.

TAMAQUA, August 26.—The dedication of the Grand Army of the Republic Cemetery, at Summit Hill, took place on Thursday last, in the presence of a large assemblage of people from Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shenandoah, Summit Hill and other places in the vicinity. D. M. Eveland, of the *Tamaqua Courier*, presided, supported by W. D. Zeimer, as Vice President. Addresses were delivered by Mr. Eveland, General Albright, of Mauch Chunk, and Captain Johnson, of Shenandoah. The music was supplied by the Keystone Cornet Band and the Choral Union of Summit Hill. The procession included several posts of the G. A. R., lodges of I. O. O. F., the Shenandoah Rifles, Summit Hill Sunday schools, and other organizations.

The following letter was received by the presiding officer from his Excellency, Governor Hartranft:

"PHILADELPHIA, August 23, 1876.

"*D. M. Eveland, Esq., Tamaqua, Pa.*

"DEAR SIR: I have your letter in which you so kindly invite me, in behalf of the Committee of Arrangements, to be present at the dedication of the Grand Army of the Republic Cemetery, at Summit Hill, on the 24th inst., and I sincerely regret that my personal and official engagements will preclude my acceptance.

"In your letter you briefly allude to a statement in circulation in your vicinity that I had contributed $500 to a fund to employ counsel to defend the parties called Mollie Maguires, accused of murder in the counties of Schuylkill and Carbon.

"This statement you can pronounce to be unqualifiedly false, as well as the insinuations made by Mr. Gowen in his recent speech to the jury in one of these trials at Pottsville. If Mr. Gowen meant to convey the idea that my action as an official was in any way influenced by any bargain, arrangement or understanding with any one, directly or indirectly associated with the society known as the Mollie Maguires, then his statement is untrue and he knows it to be.

"I am yours, very sincerely,
"J. F. HARTRANFT."

Swimming Match at St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, August 27.—Another swimming match on the Mississippi river took place this afternoon between Frank Prince and William Sutcliffe, for $500 a side and the championship of the Missouri. The contestants entered the water at Madison, fifteen miles above the city, at 3:30 P. M., and swam down to the bridge, the former winning the match by eight minutes; time, two hours and thirty-three minutes. Sutcliffe got into back water at the start, and was slightly troubled in getting out of it; but Prince obtained no appreciable advantage by his opponent's mishap. Again, seven miles below the starting point, Sutcliffe, who seemed to have much more difficulty in finding and keeping the river channel, got into water not more than two feet deep in crossing a sand bar, and his progress was somewhat impeded, his adversary obtaining a lead of three or four hundred yards, which he kept to the finish. Sutcliffe's friends, notwithstanding his second defeat, say they will back him against any one for any amount in still water.

The steamship Idaho, from Liverpool, arrived at New York yesterday.

THE INDIAN WAR.

A Collapse of the Campaign—Crook Returning Home—The Hostiles Gone North and South in Full Retreat—Sharp Work Expected on the Yellowstone.

CHICAGO, August 26.—A special to the *Times* from the Yellowstone expedition steamer Josephine, near the mouth of the Yellowstone, August 20, *via* Bismarck, the 25th, says:

Since the junction of Generals Crook and Terry it is hoped that they will overtake and force a fight with the Sioux. The command moved west to the Big Horn Mountain, where, on the 14th inst., a trail four or five days old and two miles wide, being the heaviest ever seen on the prairies, was discovered. The trail finally separated and the Indians were found to be in full retreat—one band heading North, toward the British possessions, with the probable intention of crossing the line, and the other going South along the Little Missouri for the purpose of crossing the Missouri river above Fort Berthold. There is every indication of the hostiles being heavily reinforced by agency Indians. They have their families, and evidently intend remaining North this winter. The army has a difficult programme, and it will be almost miraculous if our troops overtake the savages, who are well mounted. When supplies are exhausted the soldiers will have to return to the supply camp.

GOING INTO WINTER QUARTERS.

General Miles, commanding the Fifth Infantry, returned to camp on the Rosebud on the 12th inst., and is instructed to patrol the river north of Fort Buford and intercept any bands attempting to cross the Yellowstone, moving North; also to construct winter quarters at the mouth of the Tongue river for one regiment of infantry. The steamers Far West and Josephine, Carroll and the Yellowstone have been placed at his disposal, and supplies for the command are being rapidly shipped up the river from Buford. The Far West and Carroll are to be employed in patrolling the river. General Miles' command has been reinforced by two companies of the Seventeenth Infantry and other troops, giving a total of about 700 men.

General Terry's supply camp has been moved to the mouth of the Tongue river, as a base of supplies during the campaign. The steamers are well guarded, and the supply camp strongly defended. The garrison has three Gatling guns and several Rodman guns, and the steamer Josephine has on board three Gatling guns for the garrison. Sharp work may be expected on the south bank of the Yellowstone before the war ends.

THE CAMPAIGN UNSUCCESSFUL.

A later dispatch, dated August 22, near the mouth of Powder river, says:

The practical failure of the campaign thus far made has caused a change in the plan of operations, and the Government will now continue war until the Indians are subdued and return to their reservations. It is almost assured that the scout now making by the combined forces of Crook and Terry will be unsuccessful, and the troops will probably return to the mouth of Tongue river on the 25th inst. The command will then refit for another dash, which, it is hoped, will be more successful. General Miles' winter quarters will accommodate 1,500 men, and if the troops do not have a successful engagement with the Indians before the 15th of September next, that number will probably be left on the Yellowstone for the winter. The Fifth Infantry, under General Miles, and the Fifth Cavalry, under General Merritt, the two finest regiments in the service, will remain in winter quarters, and if necessary additional numbers will be kept in quarters. Thus the campaign will be extended late in the season and if necessary resume early in the spring. It is thought that sufficient supplies can be forwarded to the troops before winter sets in. The fall campaign will be full of hardships, but not so dangerous as another season's murderous work.

There are evidences of Indians along the Yellowstone, and every precaution is being taken to keep advised of their movements, and a fight is not improbable. The troops will occupy the quarters on Tongue river by September 20.

CROOK RETURNING HOME.

A still later dispatch, dated August 23, *via* Bismarck, says Crook and Terry, after following the trail discovered on the 10th, moved thirty miles down the Rosebud. The Northern trail was abandoned on the 14th and the command pursued the Southern trail, crossed the Tongue river to Goose Creek, thence returned to Powder river and followed it to its mouth, where they went into camp, and will remain until the 24th. The wagon train and all the supplies at the mouth of Tongue river are being shipped to the mouth of Powder river, and it is expected the wagon train will reach there to-morrow morning. The Indian trail diverged from the east bank of Powder river, about twenty miles from its mouth, went south again toward the Little Missouri, whence the command will follow speedily. The entire command is short of supplies, and, unless otherwise ordered, General Terry will march such troops as are not needed over to Fort Abraham Lincoln. General Crook's command will scout toward the Black Hills, and *via* Fort Fetterman home. Generals Crook and Terry both think it too late for an extended field of operations. The Indians on the Southern trail are believed to be moving toward the agencies, and General Terry will, if possible, intercept them. The campaign is, therefore, practically closed, unless further instructions come from the Lieutenant General.

CASUALTIES.

Fatal Explosion—One Man Killed and Three Mortally Wounded at a Political Meeting.

ST. LOUIS, August 26.—At a Republican ratification meeting on Friday, the 25th inst., at Raymond, Montgomery county, Kansas, an explosion of a barrel of gunpowder occurred, instantly killing one man and fatally injuring three others. By some accident a piece of burning paper, which had been used to ignite some wet powder, was dragged near the keg containing the dry powder, and a terrible explosion occurred.

John Banzo, who was standing near the band at the time, was instantly killed. Joseph Dodson has a large cut on his head, the skull being fractured, and cannot possibly recover. James Sharp was struck by many small pieces of rock, and will die. Sylvester Kesslinger was burned so badly that it is impossible for him to recover.

Drowned While Bathing.

BETHLEHEM, PA., August 26.—Allie E. Borhek, aged fifteen years, a son of F. R. Borhek, of this place, was drowned in the canal last evening while bathing.

Accidental Shooting.

BOSTON, August 26.—Charles Clines, aged fourteen, was accidentally shot, and it is supposed mortally wounded, by a playmate this morning.

HUDSON, N. Y., August 26.—Edward Stevens, of this city, accidentally shot himself yesterday while gunning. He died shortly afterward. He leaves a wife and two children.

CRIMINAL RECORD.

Negro Lynched in Georgia.

AUGUSTA, GA., August 26.—The negro Robert Williams, who, in attempting a gross outrage upon Mrs. Anna Bridges, near this city, on Thursday, inflicted injuries from which she may die, was taken from jail to-night by a party of men and shot dead.

Two Brothers Shot in Missouri.

ST. LOUIS, August 27.—Two brothers named Denham resisted arrest by a constable yesterday at Denver, Cook county. The constable procured a posse of citizens to help him, but the Denhams still resisted, and were shot dead.

A Train Wrecker Arrested.

BUFFALO, August 27.—George Adams, who so successfully played the *role* of hero in the late averted railroad disaster of the 20th instant at Fairport, has been arrested here, and confesses that he misplaced the switch which threw the train from the track of the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railroad on the 11th instant, whereby the engineer and foreman were badly scalded, and the engine wrecked. On the 10th instant he drew the spikes from the ties and the bolts from the fish joints, throwing a train down an embankment, wrecking the engine and three passenger coaches and the baggage and postal cars, killing W. E. Clemens, conductor, on the Great Western Railway. Adams pleads in extenuation his intention to notify the train in time to avert accident, hoping thereby to place the company under obligation to furnish him with a situation.

NEWS SUMMARY.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Probabilities for To-Day.—Rising followed by falling barometer, cool north to east winds, shifting to warmer southeasterly, and generally clear weather.

At the Burr's Mills, Ohio, camp meeting yesterday, a party of roughs broke open the temporary prison for the temporary incarceration of unruly characters, and liberated all the inmates.

Saturday being probably the last of the twenty-five cent admission days, the attendance at the Centennial Exhibition was greater than on any previous day. The number of paid admissions was 95,873; total admissions, including free list, 104,514.

TILDEN'S CROOKED SWEARING.

One of His False Oaths—Facts Which Need Explaining—His Income Tax Fraud.

The New York *Times* of Saturday morning says:

The story of Samuel J. Tilden's alleged perjury in connection with the false returns of his income during the war has traveled all over the land, and although many days have elapsed since it appeared in the *Times*, not one of the watchful friends of Mr. Tilden has attempted to deny its truth. All the facts were taken from official records bearing the signature of Mr. Tilden himself, and these identical records now present him in the pitiable light of swearing to a false statement for the purpose of cheating the Government. The proof against him does not admit of question. On December 26, 1863, Mr. Tilden, in making a return of his income for the previous year, deliberately took the following oath:

"I hereby certify that the following is a true and faithful statement of the gains, profits or income of Samuel J. Tilden, of the city of New York and county of New York, State of New York, whether derived from any kind of property, rents, interests, dividends, salary, or from any profession, trade, employment or vocation, or from any other source whatever, from 1st day of January to 31st day of December, 1862, both days inclusive, and subject to an income tax under the Excise laws of the United States. Income from all sources, $7,118."

He paid the tax only upon this comparatively small sum. The year for which he made this trifling return of his income witnessed the success of his gigantic sceme to capture the Terre Haute, Alton and St. Louis Railroad; and to issue, stock to the amount of hundreds of thousands of dollars beyond its liabilities—stock of which he has never given an account, although it still stands like a nightmare of debt on the books of the association. When compelled, after the lapse of so many years, in which he succeeded in evading the question at issue by means of legal technicalities, to come into the United States Court of this district and account for his scandalous, if not criminal stewardship as a trustee of the road, he swore that he was paid $20,000 for his services as such trustee in 1862, the very year in which he stated under oath that his income was only $7,118. Mr. Tilden's oath on this point appears in his recently filed answer to the complaint of the unfortunate stockholders of the Terre Haute, Alton and St. Louis Railroad Company, and reads:

"That for such services the defendant Tilden made a charge of ten thousand dollars against said second mortgage bondholders, and the said charge was paid by or on behalf of said second mortgage bondholders, on the 17th of October, 1862; * * * that the defendant Tilden, for a part of his services aforesaid, also made a charge of the like sum of ten thousand dollars on account of professional services rendered to the first mortgage bonholders and the receivers, which was paid to him by the said Azariah C. Flagg, * * * and which payment appears under date of November 7, 1862, in a statement annexed to the first report aforesaid, as having been receipted for by the said Tilden, 'on account of professional services.'"

If the criminal law now operated in a case like this, to convict Mr. Tilden it would perhaps only be necessary to present his two affidavits to a jury.

The evidence as to his large income in 1862 is damagingly cumulative. He was connected as counsel and trustee with a large number of railroads in that year. He was the legal adviser of the Northwestern Railroad, and was a director of the same. He was also counsel to the Chicago and Alton road, the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago road, the Cumberland Iron Company and to other corporations. The Northwestern road alone, it appears, paid him an annual fee varying from $10,000 to $18,000, and as the other organizations were as wealthy as the Northwestern. Mr. Tilden's income from all the corporations could hardly have been less than $50,000 a year.

In the same year, 1862, Mr. Tilden was President and Trustee of the New York Balance Dock Company, which then, according to a report filed by him in the County Clerk's office, on January 1, 1863, had a paid-up capital of $250,000. The whole record is an ugly one for Mr. Tilden. If reform consists in cheating the Government as well as railroad corporations, then he can lay claim to the title. He has, however, placed himself within reach of the law, which may be invoked by the proper authorities to compel him to pay in court the amount he withheld from the Government during the war.

A *Times* reporter called upon United States District Attorney Bliss, yesterday, in order to ascertain when he intends to bring a suit against Tilden to recover the full amount of his income tax when it was in operation. In reply the District Attorney said: "I have not given the subject sufficient consideration to institute a suit on it at present. Although it is not necessary for me to be guided by anything that Mr. Tilden and his friends may say about the matter, still I would like to hear what reply they can make before doing anything. On the presentation of a state of facts it would be my duty to bring a suit, and I don't see that Mr. Tilden's political position should make any change in my duty."

CENTRAL AMERICA.

Rebellion Against the National Government—Increase in the Army—Hostilities Daily Expected.

PANAMA, August 11, 1876.—Since the departure of the Colon, on the 6th inst., news has been received confirming the warlike attitude in the interior of the Republic. The States of Antioquia and Folima are in open rebellion against the National Government. Reports received here from Upper Magdalena assert that several fights have taken place, the partisans of each party laying claims to success. The national troops ordered from the Atlantic seaboard to proceed up the Magdalena will be met by the revolutionary forces on the way. Severe battles are expected to take place in that locality.

There has been no new arrival from the State of Cauca. By the steamship Itata the national troops stationed here for the protection of the transit were embarked for the Cauca. They took additional arms for the Constitutional Government.

Antioquia was expected to send aid to the revolutionists in the Cauca, but no news has yet reached us of the sending of such aid. The National Government has ordered an increase of the army to 4,500 men. The revolutionists boast that they can outnumber their opponents.

In the absence of the Colombian Guard from this city the State Government has been directed to furnish a contingent to serve here as national troops. Volunteers are said to be offering themselves in numbers beyond what are required.

The quietude of the city remains undisturbed, in spite of the reports, having their origination in the opposition ranks, as it is supposed, to create alarms.

Two British ships-of-war, the Repulse and the Daring, are in port, whose presence will be of moral and, if needed, material aid in preventing serious disturbances.

POLITICAL.

Indiana.

DR. I. I. HAYES TAKES THE FIELD FOR HAYES AND WHEELER.

SOUTH BEND, IND., August 26.—Dr. I. I. Hayes, the celebrated Arctic explorer, whose voice has heretofore been heard in this city on the subject of his Polar expedition, in accordance with previous announcement, spoke to an audience of about 1,000 people in the court house yard, in this city, this afternoon. He was introduced by Hon. Schuyler Colfax with preparatory words, and opened his speech by referring to his return from the Northern regions to find the country involved in an internecine war. He reviewed the record of the Democratic party with scathing power, and handled the present leader of the forlorn hope, Tilden, without gloves. It was a powerful speech from beginning to the end, and will not be without its reward in this county. The Republicans are gratified with it, and the Democrats are mad. The Doctor will do good work in this State.

Illinois.

GENERAL LOGAN BEGINS HIS CANVASS.

CHICAGO, August 26.—General John A. Logan opened his political canvass of the State in this city to-night, by a speech upon the issues and candidates of the campaign, at Central Hall, on the corner of Twenty-second and Wabash avenues. General Logan's speech was enthusiastically received by the large audience. It was a hearty eulogy of the Republican party, its history and candidates, and a scathing review of the record of the Democratic party and its leaders.

LOSSES BY FIRE.

A fire yesterday destroyed Ockerhousen Bros'. sugar refinery, 389 South street, New York, and damaged Libby, Bartlett & Kimble's oil warehouse to the extent of $35,000. Ockerhousen Bros' loss is $275,000 on building and stock; insurance unknown.

TELEGRAPHIC PERSONALS.

Drake & Co., extensive tanners of Berlin, Wayne county, Pa., have failed. Their liabilities are reported to be very heavy.

B. Delitsch, the most extensive boot and shoe manufacturer of Buffalo, has made an assignment to R. Hoffeld for the benefit of his creditors. Liabilities about $200,000; assets are given at from $50,000 to $75,000.

SECOND EDITION.

WASHINGTON.

THE BONDS FOR THE NEW LOAN

To be Ready for Issue September 1.

Bonds to be Called for Redemption

Secretary Morrill to Take Part in the Canvass in Maine.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 27, 1876.

Bonds for the New Loan.

The Treasury Department is preparing bonds for the new loan, and will have them ready to issue about September first. They will be of the denomination of $50, $100, $500, $1,000, $5,000 and $10,000. The interest will be payable quarterly, on the first days of December, March, June and September. They will be free from all taxation, the principal and interest payable in coin, and these conditions will be expressed on the face of the bonds. The bonds first to be called for redemption in the new loan are the five-twenties of 1865, interest on which is now paid May and November. Of the coupon bonds the first to be called will be of $50 bonds from No. 551, $100 from No. 851, $500 from No. 501, $1,000 from 2,800; registered $5,000 from No. 642. There are about $34,000,000 of registered bonds of this loan, nearly all of which are held in this country. Of the $150,000,000 of this series of five-twenties now outstanding, about $100,000,000 are held abroad. It is supposed the issue of the new bonds will have considerable influence on the quoted prices of five-twenties. They will be accepted by the United States Treasurer as security for circulation of national bank notes, which is likely to induce banks to withdraw five-twenties of 1881, realize the high premium those bonds now command, and replace them with four and a half per cents. The Syndicate believe they will be able to dispose of $100,000,000 of the new bonds before March first.

Secretary Morrill

will leave here to-morrow for Maine, to take part in the political campaign in that State. The election in Maine for State officers will take place September 10th.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 26, 1876.

THE ARMY OF THE TENNESSEE.

The tenth annual meeting of the Army of the Tennessee will be held in Washington on the 18th and 19th of October. This will be the first meeting of any of the societies of the armies of the Union held in Washington since the war. The status of General Mc Pherson will be then unveiled with imposing ceremonies. General John A. Logan, who succeeded General McPherson in command on the day of his death, will deliver the oration at the monument.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 27, 1876.

A SAD COINCIDENCE.

It is mentioned as a sad coincidence that the journey of Hon. T. W. Ferry, President *pro tem.* of the Senate, to Washington last fall, just previous to the opening of the session, was to attend to the obsequies of Vice President Wilson, Presiding Officer of the Senate, and his journey home at the close of the session was with the remains of Speaker Kerr, Presiding Officer of the House of Representatives. The action of Mr. Ferry in delaying his departure from Washington when he received intelligence of the death of Mr. Kerr, in order that he might pay his tribute of respect to the dead statesman and accompany his remains to their final resting place, is spoken of as appropriate, as the many friends of the deceased Speaker express their appreciation of the thoughtful course of the Presiding Officer of the Senate.

SECRETARY CAMERON

will return here this week, but will leave again early in September in company with General Sherman for a tour of inspection of the Fort Leavenworth military prison and various military posts in the West.

PHILADELPHIA.

The Celebration of the Swiss.

PHILADELPHIA, August 27.—The great celebration of the Swiss of America began in the Judges' Hall, Centennial grounds, yesterday, General John A. Sutter, of California, presiding. The exercises consisted of instrumental and vocal music, and an oration by Captain John R. Millman, of Baltimore, which was replied to by United States Senator Howe, of Wisconsin. In the evening the delegates proceeded to Schuetzen Park, Falls of Schuylkill, where a banquet was given. On Sunday the celebration was continued at Schuetzen Park, when an interesting programme was given.

From 5,000 to 7,000 people attended the Moundsville, W. Va., camp meeting yesterday, the largest assembly for years.

FROM VENANGO COUNTY.

Republican Rally at Pleasantville—Telling Speech from Hon. Thomas Howard.

PLEASANTVILLE, August 25, 1876.

To the Editor of the Pittsburgh Commercial:

The Hayes and Wheeler Club, of this place, held a meeting last evening, at the Opera House, and was well attended, the house being full and the audience enthusiastic. It was announced that the Hon. Thomas Howard, of your city, would be present and address the meeting. Hon. M. E. Beebe, President of the club, opened the meeting in a short but energetic speech, and was followed by James G. Siggins, Esq. Both these gentlemen acquitted themselves very creditable. Mr. Howard made the concluding speech, and an able, vigorous and searching one it was. The point, or central truth of his address, was the danger of electing a President by the solid rebel vote, with at most a small minority of the Northern vote. The forcible and emphatic manner of the speaker, and the logical method of his argument carried conviction to the minds of the audience, and the "stirring up" has had a most wholesome and beneficial effect. Things are livening up both here and in adjoining counties, and you may look for good accounts from this region in November.

BLUE.

Mortal Enemy to the Grasshopper.

The St. Paul (Minnesota) *Pioneer-Press* of Friday says: "There has heretofore been some talk about a parasite having been found adhering to the grasshopper, which it was fondly hoped would ultimately exterminate that destructive insect. Early in the spring several parties forwarded to this office specimens of the 'hoppers, underneath whose wings could plainly be seen a little bug, which, it was alleged, was surely killing the grasshopper. It is needless to say that this hope was never realized and that no substantial relief was furnished by any labors of the parasite upon the live 'hopper. Now, however, we have a different story to tell, and there is almost positive evidence to prove that a remedy is at hand in the shape of an egg-eating bug, which is surely and certainly destroying all the eggs laid by the grasshoppers this year, thus insuring Minnesota an exemption from the ravages of this voracious and destructive insect next year. This bug is of a deep red color, about the size of a flea, or rather a louse, resembling the latter somewhat also in its shape and movements. Ex-Governor Stephen Miller has forwarded to President Drake, of the St. Paul and Sioux City road, a box full of earth which originally contained a mass of grasshopper eggs, but which had been transformed by these parasites into a quantity of loose soil, mingled with the remnants of discolored eggs-shells, with a multitude of the fat little red bugs prancing around on the surface, apparently in pursuit of something more to eat. As to the utility and complete success of these bugs as destroyers of the grasshopper eggs there would seem to be no doubt in the minds of those who have given the subject a general examination, as well as of those who have personally inspected their mode of operation and the places where they have already utterly destroyed the eggs laid by the 'hoppers a few weeks ago.

Because the Democrats voted with us for Greeley and Brown, two old-time Abolitionists, we are to vote with them for Tilden and Hendricks, two old-time secessionists. And because we cannot swallow this sort of political logic, we are—renegades, are we? Verily, if this deep Democratic thought, to which the Democratic press at present gives daily expression, were not so very wise, one would be tempted to pronounce it insufferably silly.—*St. Louis Westliche Post.*

Nasby says of the canvass in "Injeany:" "I find by referrin to my instruckshins that in Injeany you must be soft munny—modritly in the nuthrn part of the Stait, but rampintly in the suthrn, goin ez fur as Pendleton, with a decided leanin to repoodiashin. In uther Staits don't tech the topick at all til you hav consulted the lokil committiz."

Sammy Tilden's System of Book-keeping—"Legerdemain of Finance"—A Conscientious Democratic Reformer's "Case" Progressed—Live Within Your Income. If You Are Compelled to Wreck Railroads, and Operate in Tammany to be Able to Do It—The Lie that Sticketh—The "Explanation" "Too Thin."

To the Editor of the Pittsburgh Commercial:

Everybody, except Moncure D. Conway, attributes the invention of lying to the Devil. It is written that "the Devil is the father of lies, and that he was a liar from the beginning." And his first lying was political. Milton's version of it is "that it was purely *political*, employed in undermining the authority of his Prince and seducing a third part of the subjects from their obedience. For which he was driven down from heaven, where he had been Viceroy of a great Western province, and forced to exercise his talents in inferior regions among other fallen spirits, or *poor deluded men*, whom he still daily tempteth *to his own sin*, and will ever do so, until he be chained in the bottomless pit." Now it looks as though the "old fellow" had taken advantage of the avariciousness, ambition and infirmities of old age, in seducing the great Democratic reformer from the paths of virtue, and truth, and righteousness, and reform, until he is like not only to be dethroned of the viceroyaltyship of the great Eastern "Empire" (State), but to be deprived of becoming the "wrecker" and "destroyer" of this great republic for which he is now so earnestly aspiring to be the chief ruler, and to be chained in the "bottomless pit" of political oblivion forever. *So mote it be.*

Here's the lie; it will bear repetition in every issue of every paper read by the people: In 1862, Samuel J. Tilden swore that his income was $7,118, and paid Government taxes on that amount. In 1876, in his replication to the railroad charges, he swore that in 1862 he received, from two "cases," $20,000. His memory is defective; that's all. His private Secretary explains it, upon Tilden's economic principles, "Live within your income" and "Legerdemain of finance." It's easy enough when you know how to do it—"as easy as rolling off a log." Here is the simple explanation: "A lawyer might work for a long time before he got his fee, and a conscientious man [ha! ha! ha!] would, of course, consider the work he had done from year to year as a case progressed, and that the fee, though received in one year, was not his income for that year; it had been, in fact, earned each year during the progress of the case. *That is all there is about the matter.*" Now, what could be *simpler*, and who would not pronounce the "private secretary" the champion bookkeeper of the nineteenth century, and award him the longest pair of ears Hendricks' mules can afford? But the writer of this has served a long apprenticeship as an accountant, and does not quite understand the private secretary's "system of bookkeeping." Now, Mr. Secretary, did the "case progress" five years? If so, did you charge railroad and credit, profit and loss $5,000 each year, as so much prospective income, which you might or might not receive? Do lawyers do this, generally, with cases progressing? Preposterous! Well, then, since the $20,000 was received in 1862, and you were in duty bound to close your profit and loss account for that year and pay Uncle Sam taxes not only on the $7,118 sworn to, but also on the $20,000 not reported, the only thing that could be done would be to go back from 1863, and include the $20,000 in the income of 1833. Did you do it? Preposterous! Book-keepers don't go back in that kind of style.

It's entirely too thin. But

"If at first you don't succeed,
Try, try again."

It is a naughty question, no doubt of it. The great reformer is doomed.

PUBLIUS.

Railroad Wreckers.

[From the Brooklyn Argus, Dem.]

"The attempt to prove Mr. Tilden a 'wrecker of railroads' turns out a disastrous failure, as Mr. Hewitt so conclusively showed in his speech, in reply to Mr. Kasson."—*New York Sun.*

Mr. Hewitt did not show that Governor Tilden is not a railroad "wrecker." He only *said* so. What he did show was his own disregard for facts, and that Mr. Kasson and the New York *Sun* are not posted on railroad "wrecking." The Terre Haute wreck is comparatively a new affair. Suit was only commenced against Tilden a year ago, and until this suit is decided, Tilden will say that it is a "political persecution." But men do not usually sue others for conspiracy and fraud without cause, and there is little doubt that the Terre Haute suit will prove as well founded as was the one of Julius Wadsworth and others, brought against the same Samuel J. Tilden in 1865, for "wrecking" the Chicago and Galena Railroad, and trying to swindle them out of over $2,000,000. There could have been no "political persecution" intended in 1865, for Tilden was not then in the "Reform" business. He then was, as Parton says in his 1868 Manual, only "the head of the greatest railroad ring in America."

Instead of discussing the undecided Terre Haute suit, had Mr. Kasson turned to the records of the United States Court of the District of Northern Illinois, and from those records read what took place way back in 1865, he would have been more sensible than to talk about a paltry $280,000 matter.

Our neighbor of the *Sun* is fond of facts. Will it not look carefully into a forthcoming *Argus* on the career of Samuel J. Tilden? It will contain some very interesting facts, and facts which will prove good reading. We assume that it will then furnish to its readers the facts of which the following are a synopsis:

"UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT OF THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS.—Julius Wadsworth vs. Samuel J. Tilden and others—Julius Wadsworth being duly sworn, &c., deposes and says * * * Your orator would further state, that Samuel J. Tilden and others, to him unknown, consorted together, &c., * * * *in fraud of all the rights* of your orator, and all stockholders similar to himself (in the Galena and Chicago Railroad) * * * that there has been AN OVERISSUE OF STOCK, which has not been reported to the stockholders, of *some two or three million dollars*, &c.

"JANUARY 7, 1865.

"STATE OF NEW YORK, SS., &c.—On this seventh day of January, 1865, personally appeared before me the above mentioned Julius Wadsworth, and made oath, &c.

"JAMES A. WELCH,
[Seal.] "Notary Public."

Judge Davis, of the Supreme Court of the United States, wrote the opinion in this celebrated case of railroad "wrecking" by the "original wrecker." The decision compelled the "Reformer" Tilden and his associates to make good the "two or three million dollars." [We notice that Uncle Sammy does not say anything about this case, any more than he does about his Relief bill from penalties for defrauding the Government, in any of his interesting lectures on "reform."] Judge Davis said, in substance:

"Finally, these stockholders (Wadsworth and others) of the Galena and Chicago Union Railroad Company, who have exchanged their stock *in ignorance of their rights*, (!) CAN NOW BE RESTORED, and the bondholders *saved from impending ruin*, by joining in the efforts now being made to set aside the *pretended consolidation*, which was *consummated by trickery and fraud.*" * * * * * *

Had Mr. Kasson brought forth the above facts on the floor of Congress, he would have been accredited a brilliant man, and they would have had a wider circulation than even the *Argus* can give them. It was too bad to be wasting time over the small Terre Haute "wreck," for the head "wrecker" and defendant in both suits was the same Samuel J. Tilden, and in the Galena case the "wreckers" were compelled to hand over to the Court of Admiralty some millions' worth of their plunder.

But we think that we have some other very high authority on this Galena "wreck," which the brilliant New York *Sun* will recognize even by moonlight. We quote:

"THE GREAT RAILROAD CASE."

[From the Chicago Republican July 9, 1865, (then edited by Charles A. Dana, now editor of the New York *Sun*.)]

"The United States Court, Judges Davis and Treat, yesterday, &c. * * * They virtually, if not in fact, decided that the consolidation was to stand, but that non-consenting stockholders SHOULD BE MADE WHOLE as to the value of the property, *on the day the consolidation took place.*"

Our neighbor will find any quantity of good reading in the forthcoming Tilden *Argus*. Its editor may change his mind in regard to the railroad "wrecker" after reading it, as Carl Schurz and Speaker Littlejohn did theirs, after they had read only a few copies of the regular edition.

"Now there's a vord," said the ancient mariner, pointing to a passage in his letter of acceptance, "there's a vord as h'I'm partickerly proud h'on. U-su-fruct is the vord, Tommie, as h'i refers to, and h'its von as vill 'it 'em 'ard. Cos vy, Tommie, cos vy, they von't understand vot h'it means, don't you see, and they'll think as h'ow h'its some new kind h'of a drink vot h'im a going to set h'up for the boys. Vill you 'ave something, Tommie?"—*Boston Globe.*

The Democratic candidate for Governor of Michigan is no friend of Tilden, judging from his letter of acceptance in which he says: "I still hold to the opinion theretofore expressed, that the good of the country would be subserved if candidates would work more efficiently for the people after election, rather than devote their time and strength in laboring for themselves before election."

A leading Liberal of Albany, Mr. Lemon Thomason, has announced his satisfaction with the Republican party and determination to support Hayes and Wheeler.

POLITICAL CAMPAIGN!

COUNTY REPUBLICAN COMMITTEES

Can be furnished with Copies of the

EXTRA COMMERCIAL,

CONTAINING

SENATOR MORTON'S GREAT SPEECH,

Delivered at Indianapolis, Ind., Friday, August 11th, 1876, and much other interesting matter for the Campaign.

Committees are requested to order promptly.

TERMS:

One Thousand Copies - $10 00
Larger Orders at Reduced Rates.
Address

THE COMMERCIAL,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ *Advertisements on this page, under the several heads of* WANTED, FOR SALE, FOR RENT, *&c., will be inserted at transient rates only*—TEN CENTS *per line for each insertion. No advertisement less than* FIFTY CENTS.

WANTED.

WANTED—50 MEN—TO WORK ON the E. and S. R. R., Emlenton, Pa. A. G. DEVINNY, Contractor.

WANTED—EVERYBODY TO USE Abel's Vermin Exterminator. It has no equal for banishing Rats, Mice and Roaches. Sold by all druggists.

WANTED—PLACES—FOR 20 FARM Hands, 20 Drivers; also, 100 Laboring Men can be secured at short notice. 200 Girls want places to do Cooking, Housework, Chamberwork, Dining-room, Sewing, Housekeeping, Nursing, Laundry-work, &c., in city and country. Families can be supplied on short notice with help of experienced girls. Wanted—Farmers to have the privilege of changing for one month. Agents are wanted for other counties. EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, No. 1 Sixth street, first door from Suspension Bridge, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—4 NICE DWELLINGS—ON Hiland avenue, East End; large grounds, with fruit trees, etc.; rent very low. Inquire of LOCKHART & FREW, 114 Wood street.

FOR RENT—ROOMS—TO PARTIES without children, 4 Good Rooms, suitable for housekeeping. 1 Front Room, furnished, near the city. References required. Call at 254 Penn avenue.

FOR RENT—HOUSE—A HANDSOME Brick Dwelling House, on Cliff street, Parlors, Dining-room and Kitchen on first floor, Gas, dry Cellar, 4 Bedrooms and Bath Room, Water and modern improvements. The rent reasonable. Possession given immediately. For particulars, address WM. EVANS, Commercial office.

FOR RENT OR SALE—HOUSE—NEW two-story Frame House, with Bay Window, containing 6 Rooms, Vestibule and Hall, Water in Kitchen. Lot 45x200, with Grapevines, &c. Located on Meadville Avenue, Mount Washington, near the proposed site for the new Incline Railway, Thirty-fifth ward, commanding the finest view in the city. Rent moderate to a good tenant. For particulars, &c., apply to R. J. ABEL, Commercial office.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—5 NEW AND 6 SECOND-HAND ENGINES, 10 Boilers, 4 Engine Lathes, 2 Drills, 3 Sturtevant Fan Blowers, 1 Trip Hammer. THOS. CARLIN, 186 Lacock street, Allegheny.

FOR SALE—ENGINES AND BOILERS—New and second-hand, of all sizes. Stationary and Portable, from 2 to 40 horse power on hand. JAMES HILL & SON, corner Marion avenue and P., Ft. W. & C. R. R., Allegheny, Pa.

FOR SALE—DRUG AND PRESCRIPTION STORE—In one of the best localities in the city, doing a good business; can be sold at a reasonable price by any one wishing to engage in the business; satisfactory reasons given for selling. Address, with full name, A. X., Lock Box 160, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE—ONE SECOND-HAND Planer and Matcher, 1 42-inch Smith Resaw, Belting, Lace Leather, Packing, Exhaust and Pressure Blowers, Taps and Dies, Emery Wheels, Judson Governors, Machinery and Manufacturer's Supplies in general, at lowest prices. M. B. COCHRAN & CO., 121 Liberty street.

NOTICES.

☞ NOTICE.—I HAVE THIS DAY sold and transferred my stock in the UNITED SAVINGS BANK, of this city, and have no further interest in said Bank.
E. FINK.
Pittsburgh, August 26, 1876.

THE BEST IS AS GOOD AS ANY!

Orders FOR THE Patented Coast Range CALIFORNIA FLOUR

Having nearly doubled monthly, we would ask the trade to ORDER AHEAD of immediate wants to secure the Flour when needed. Its quality commends it hence the largely increased demand.

PEABODY, HUGUS & CO., 329 Liberty St., Pittsburgh, Pa.
MWF

LOANS.

Loans on Improved Real Estate in Pittsburgh and vicinity may be negotiated at a low rate of interest with the Ins. Co. of North America, of Philadelphia, upon application to
WILLIAM L. JONES,
84 Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh.

PRESBYTERIAN REUNION
AT WASHINGTON, PA.,
Thursday, August 31st, 1876.

All arrangements are now ready for a day of social enjoyment and friendly intercourse. Trains and Fare will be as follows: Leave Pittsburgh at 7:15 and 9:15 A. M., and returning, leave Washington at 2:12 and 5:30, reaching Pittsburgh at 9:15 A. M. and 11:20 A. M., 3:57 and 7:13, Pittsburgh time. Trains will stop at all intermediate stations. Round Trip—Fare, $1 25.
GEO. P. HAYS.

HAYES AND WHEELER.

Portraits in pure line—the highest style of the art—engraved by the CONTINENTAL BANK NOTE COMPANY, of New York. Size 19x24. On Separate Sheets. Only $1 each! DO NOT BUY THE COMMON PRINTS ISSUED. AGENTS WANTED. For circulars, address JAMES WIGHT, Publisher and Bookseller, 14 Pine street, New York.

POLITICAL.

Attention Veterans!
FALL IN!! FALL IN!!!
ALL SOLDIERS AND SAILORS

who served in the Union Army during the late War, and who may intend defending the Union, by battling for the same principles, in the pending political campaign, for which they contended on the battle-field, are requested to assemble at the Republican Headquarters, corner Fifth avenue and Smithfield street, on MONDAY EVENING, August 28, at 7½ o'clock P. M., for the purpose of organizing a Battalion of "BOYS IN BLUE." By order of "VETERAN COMMITTEE."

Marching and Glee Clubs, Attention!

The officers of Hays and Wheeler Marching and Glee Clubs are requested to meet at Headquarters, corner of Fifth avenue and Smithfield street, on MONDAY NEXT, August 28, at 4 o'clock P. M.

EDUCATIONAL.

CHAMBERSBURG ACADEMY, PA.—Delightful location. Easy of access. Experienced teachers. New library. Health-lift exercise. Rates reduced. Duties resumed September 6. J. H. SHUMAKER, Ph. D., Principal.

PITTSBURGH SCHOOL OF DESIGNS, FOR WOMEN.
IRON BANK BLOCK, WOOD, LIBERTY AND SIXTH AVE.
The work of the School will be resumed on WEDNESDAY, September 6th. Full attendance of pupils is requested. Information given at the Schoolrooms.
HUGH NEWELL, Principal.

Riverside Seminary, WELLSVILLE, Allegheny county, N. Y. A Boarding School for Ladies and Gentlemen. This school is first-class. Home comforts, very healthful locality. Students received from 6 to 20 years of age. A thorough preparation for business or college. Boating, Bathing, Gymnastics. *A Riding School.* Will open Sept. 11. For circulars or further information, address C. TYNG, Sec. FRW

Pennsylvania Military Academy, CHESTER, PA.
SESSION OPENS SEPTEMBER 13.
Thorough instruction in Civil Engineering, the Classics and English. Careful attention to the morals and manners of Cadets. For circulars apply to CHARLES H. PAULSON, Esq., No. 112 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa., or to COL. THEO. HYATT, President Pennsylvania Military Academy.

Rev. Dr. A. Holbrook's Military School, SING SING, N. Y.
Begins SEPT. 14, and fits for business or college. Send for Circular. FRW

Bishop Bowman Institute.
A Collegiate School for Young Ladies, corner of Penn avenue and Fourth street. The next session of this School will begin on MONDAY, September 11. Both Day and Boarding Pupils received. Registers giving full information can be obtained at the Book Stores or at the Institute after the 23d inst.
REV. R. J. COSTER, Rector.

Newell Institute for Young Ladies AND Conservatory of Music,
No. 255 Penn Avenue,
Will reopen on MONDAY, September 11. The Conservatory offers superior advantages for those who desire to become proficient in all branches of Music. This department is under the Principalship of Prof. A. M. FOERSTER, a graduate of the Conservatory of Music at Leipzig, Germany. Applications for admission will be received at the Institute on and after Monday, August 28, from 9 to 12 o'clock A. M.
☞ Catalogues and Circulars address the Principals.
MR. & MRS. A. T. DOUTHETT,
MWF No. 255 Penn avenue, Pittsburgh.

Pennsylvania Female College,
PITTSBURGH, EAST END, PA.
Collegiate Year Opens September 13.
Grammar School Department, for Preparatory Training, will open the same day. Applications for Catalogue and Circulars to be left at the Book Store of Robt. S. Davis & Co., and also to
REV. THOMAS C. STRONG, D. D., President.
MWF

NEWELL INSTITUTE,
FOR BOYS,
47 Seventh Street,
Will reopen on MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 4th.
Young Men prepared to enter any Eastern College or for Business. For Course of Study, Terms, etc., see Catalogues at Book and Music Stores. Applications for admission will be received at 47 Seventh street, on and after September 1st.
BURCHFIELD & McCRERY, Principals.
MWF

Parents and Guardians

THE U. S. SCHOOL AND COLLEGE DIRECTORY, for 1876, 216 pages, just issued, is compiled expressly for informing school patrons, wherein may be obtained all the information relating to the best class of scholastic institutions in the country. COMPLETE LIST OF SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES, DESCRIPTION OF LOCATION, RAILROAD AND HOTEL FACILITIES, ETC. MAP OF THE U. S. showing the exact location of the schools represented. PUPILS' RAILROAD EXPENSE from home to the school selected IS PAID BY THIS BUREAU. MAILED FREE to parents and others having children to educate, upon receipt of postage (6 cts.) To others not wishing it for the purpose stated, 30 cts.
T. COTESWORTH PINCKNEY, National School Bureau, Domestic Building, New York.
FRW

THE WESTERN UNIVERSITY,
Corner Ross and Diamond Streets,
WILL BE OPEN ON
MONDAY, SEPT. 4th,
And after October 15 will continue with greatly increased facilities, in the new building now erected for the accommodation of pupils.
THE FACULTY now numbers 16 gentlemen, skilled in the profession of teaching.
THE DEPARTMENTS, Academical, Engineering (Civil and Mechanical), and Preparatory Department are thoroughly equipped, and every effort is made to make instruction thorough and practical.
MILITARY DRILL DAILY.
Special instructions in Analytical Chemistry, with practice in Laboratory. Cabinets of Apparatus, well arranged. Philosophical and Chemical Apparatus good and ample.
LIBRARIES FREE TO ALL.
Examinations for admission to College Classes will be held on Friday, September 1.
Apply at University Building, between 9 A. M. and 3 P. M., or address
MWF GEORGE WOODS, Chancellor.

Rutger's College Grammar School,
NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J.
A Boarding and Day School for Boys.
(ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTH YEAR.)
REOPENS SEPTEMBER 12.
Sends over thirty boys a year to College. Five grades and eight classes. Prepares for College, Scientific School or Business. Prof. S. Lockwood, Ph. D., instructs all the classes in scientific object-lessons. The classes are regularly and strictly examined, and partly instructed by the professors of the College. The school is under the control of the Trustees, and under the supervision of the President of the College, Rev. W. H. Campbell, D. D. The Boarding Pupils have the benefit of large grounds and ample accommodations. The Boarding Pupils are in the family of the Rector, and are always under the care of the teachers and Rector. Strict supervision at all times. Twenty boarders.
D. T. RILEY, Rector.
One of my sons has attended this school, and I earnestly recommend it as in every way worthy of patronage.
W. BAKEWELL.
Pittsburgh, July 31, 1876.

BEDFORD AND BLUE LICK WATERS.
RECEIVED THIS DAY (JULY 24.)
Also, all the principal Imported and Domestic Waters, both on draught and in bottles.
SIMON JOHNSTON,
Cor. Third Ave. and Smithfield St.,
Opposite Central Hotel.

D. W. SMITH,
MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,
30 SIXTH, late St. Clair St.,
PITTSBURGH.
FINE SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER. MWF

Old Shingle Roofs
painted with GRAY'S ELASTIC ROOFING PAINT will wear as well as a new Roof.

FIFTH AVENUE HOTEL,
(FORMERLY HARE'S HOTEL,)
No. 133 Liberty Street, Foot of Fifth Avenue.
TERMS $2 PER DAY.
HUGH KEYS, Proprietor.

1876. CAMPAIGN. 1876.
POLITICAL!
MARCHING CLUBS
SUPPLIED WITH
HATS, CAPES AND TORCHES.
CALL AND SEE SAMPLES.
R. H. Palmer & Co.,
LIMITED,
151 WOOD STREET.

WROUGHT IRON RAILINGS AND FENCES,
FOR GARDENS, OFFICES, CEMETERIES, &c.
WIRE WINDOW GUARDS.
LAUDERBACH & CO.,
33 and 34 Water Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

A reliable institution for young and middle aged men to acquire a Mercantile Education. A thorough and practical training for the actual duties of life. Students can enter at any time. Individual instruction. For Circulars, giving full particulars, call at the College Office, or address P. DUFF & SONS, Pittsburgh, Pa.

For Dwellings, Rolling Mills and all other kinds of Buildings,
Gray's Elastic Roofing Materials
Is the BEST and CHEAPEST known to the trade. For IRON WORK of every description, RAILROAD CARS, &c., our Elastic Paint cannot be surpassed for CHEAPNESS and DURABILITY. It will cover more SURFACE, look BETTER, and last LONGER than any paint in the market. Send for Circular and Price List to
JOHN T. GRAY, 84 Diamond Street.

PHOSPHOR BRONZE FOUNDRY
FOR THE
CITY OF PITTSBURGH AND SURROUNDING DISTRICT,
UNDER SPECIAL LICENSE OF C. J. A. DICK, PATENTEE, 2038 WASHINGTON AVE., PHILADELPHIA, PA.
Phosphor Bronze CASTINGS
MILLS AND GENERAL MACHINE WORK FURNISHED PROMPTLY.
ATWOOD & McCAFFREY.
50 TO 60 THIRD AVE. PITTSBURGH, PA. BET. MARKET & FERRY STS.

CENTENNIAL HOTELS.

Great Western Hotel,
DILLINGER & CO., Proprietors,
Nos. 1311, 1313 and 1315 Market St.,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.
The subscribers inform their friends and the public that they have enlarged, modernized, refitted and newly furnished this large and commodious House. Street Cars to the Centennial Building pass and repass the Hotel every minute.

SUMMER RESORTS.

COLUMBIA HOUSE, CAPE MAY.
Send for prices, &c., to GEO. J. BOLTON, Proprietor Bolton's Washington Hotel, Chestnut st., Phil.

BUSH HOUSE, BELLEFONTE, PA.
MOUNTAIN RESORT.
Terms $10 per week. Send for descriptive circular.
W. H. WILKINSON & CO., Proprietors.

MONMOUTH HOUSE,
Spring Lake Beach, Monmouth Co., N. J.
THE new and Magnificent Seaside Hotel will be open JUNE 8, 1876.
Containing 250 handsomely furnished rooms; gas, elevator, electric bells and all the modern conveniences.
Ample capacity for 500 guests without crowding. The Hotel is 300 feet from the beach, where the bathing is unsurpassed on the coast, while a magnificent fresh-water lake is within 263 feet of the verandah, abounding in fish and splendid for rowing and sailing.
An elegant band of music will be in attendance the entire season (four months).
Warm, Salt and Fresh Water Baths in the Building. 1½ hours from New York city, 2½ hours from West Philadelphia, without change of cars.
For circulars apply at the St. Cloud Hotel, Philadelphia, or at the Monmouth Hotel.
MULLIN & McKINNIE, Proprietors.
G. W. MULLIN, of St. Cloud Hotel, Philadelphia.
HENRY McKINNIE, of Depot Hotel, Fort Wayne, Ind.
☞ A fine livery in attendance for use of guests.

THOMSON HOUSE
AND
RENOVO HOTEL,
ON THE
Philadelphia and Erie Railroad.
These superior and popular resorts have been thoroughly refurnished and prepared for the entertainment of guests during the Centennial year. Located on one of the principal routes of travel between the Northwest and the Centennial Exhibition, in the midst of beautiful forest scenery, where the air and water are pure, they will be found most attractive and beneficial resorts for health and pleasure seekers, as well as convenient resting places for tourists and travelers. Territory adjacent to these splendid Hotels affords the finest trout-fishing and hunting in the Eastern States. For circulars of information, &c., address
R. M. N. TAYLOR, Proprietor Thomson House, Kane, Pa.
JACOB H. SCHANBACHER, Proprietor Renovo Hotel, Renovo, Pa.

BE NOT DECEIVED
BY IMITATIONS OF
HARPER'S PATENT

Retail Price Reduced to 75c Each.
Wholesale Price Also Reduced.

FLY TRAP!
It is the only one that will rid your house of Flies. Be sure you get the genuine Harper Trap, with patentee's name and Directions for using on the bottom of each.
☞ For Sale by Retail Dealers everywhere.
Lindsay, Sterrit & Co.,
SOLE AGENTS,
247 LIBERTY STREET,
(Opposite head of Wood street,)
PITTSBURGH, PA.

CENTENNIAL HOTELS.

ELM AVENUE HOTEL,
FIFTY-FIRST AND ELM AVENUE, opposite the west end of Machinery Hall, Centennial Buildings, Philadelphia.
FIVE HUNDRED ROOMS.
A Single Room and Bed for $1 per day.
A. ROELOFS, Proprietor.

CONGRESS HALL,
NEW FOUR-STORY BRICK HOTEL, ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.
Elm Avenue, Below Forty-second St.,
Directly opposite Main Exhibition Building. ACCOMMODATION FOR 1,000 GUESTS. Special arrangements for large parties. Terms—$1 00 per day.
W. H. BAKER & CO., Philadelphia.

CENTENNIAL SUMMER BOARD.
The spacious buildings of Pennsylvania Military Academy, occupying an elevated site, and commanding an extensive view of the Delaware river and surrounding country, is now open for the accommodation of visitors to the Exposition, and as a pleasant resort during the summer. Rooms cool, light, cheerful, well furnished, and supplied with gas. Table first-class. Trains direct to Centennial Buildings—45 minutes' ride. Circulars on application.
HYATT & CARTER, Managers, Chester, Pa.

METROPOLITAN HOTEL,
FORTY-FIRST ST., BETWEEN GIRARD AND ELM AVES.,
Near the East entrance of the Main Building.
T. & A. STORCH, Proprietors.
Accommodations for 200 persons for Lodging, and 500 for Boarding. $3 00 per day. Importers of Wines. Coaches to and from Depots. Branches—S. W. corner 39th and Market streets, and 14 N. 3d street.

CENTENNIAL.
Visitors to the Centennial Exhibition will consult their own interest by directing their trunks to 1607 Chestnut street, a large Private Boarding House, kept in the best style and located in the most fashionable part of Philadelphia. Street cars running direct from the Centennial Grounds pass the door every few minutes. Terms very moderate. Address, by letter or telegram, MRS. A. P. COOK, 1607 Chestnut street, Philadelphia. Refers by permission to E. C. KNIGHT, Esq., President Guarantee Trust Company, Philadelphia.

Centennial Visitors Can Obtain First-class Hotel Accommodations by Correspondence.

THE UNION HOTEL,
1314 Arch St., Philadelphia,
THE SMEDLEY HOUSE
1227 Filbert St., Philadelphia, Pa.
Two first-class Hotels under one management. Location central and pleasant. Terms reasonable.
THOS. S. WEBB, Proprietor. J. MURRAY WEBB, Superintendent.
Prices at Smedley House, $2 00 to $2 50 per day; at Union Hotel, $3 00 per day.

THE HOTEL AND BOARDING-HOUSE ASSOCIATION,
OFFICE: 721 ARCH STREET, PHILADELPHIA.
G. H. HAZELTON, President. J. H. SMYTHE, Secretary.
This Association has been formed for the purpose of making available to Strangers during the Centennial year, at the least expense of time and money, the Hotel and Boarding-House accommodations of the City.
It is in co-operation with 43 Hotels and 1,500 Boarding Houses, having a capacity of 45,000 daily.
It has 29 city agencies connected with the central office by telegraph and can show in a few minutes the day whatever vacancies exist in any part of the City.
It has at command, through the American District Telegraph Company, Messengers to show strangers to their lodgings.
It will furnish good accommodations from $1 50 to $3 00 per day; first class from $2 50 to $5 00 per day.
FNW

Centennial Visitors
☞ Save time, money, trouble and risk by taking ROOMS AND FIRST CLASS BOARD for $1 to $2 50 a day, according to room, at the private residence of R. C. WHEELER, 649 North Fifteenth St., Philadelphia. Free Bath, Spring Beds, Gas, and all home conveniences. Healthy location, convenient to Exposition, and all places of interest. Rooms can be engaged for visitors, free of charge, in all parts of the city at $1 to $3 50 a day.
FNW

VISITORS
TO PHILADELPHIA
WILL DO WELL TO VISIT
Wanamaker's
Popular Dining Rooms,
NO. 42 SOUTH SECOND STREET,
ABOVE CHESTNUT STREET.
Strangers generally are pleased with the Attention they receive and the Prices charged.

The Commercial.

MONDAY, AUGUST 28, 1876.

THE foreign exports from Philadelphia, last week, amounted to $792,694.

YESTERDAY was the one hundredth anniversary of the battle of Long Island.

TILDEN has not yet entered suit against the New York *Times* for libel in charging him with perjury and defrauding the Government.

THE political skillet is getting hot out in Indiana, and the sizzle of the Democratic party becomes more and more audible as the cookery advances.

JUST as soon as the breath of suspicion was raised against the Republican candidate for the Governorship of Indiana he was at once withdrawn. TILDEN still sticks.

MR. F. A. BEAMISH, who is under indictment for appropriating $10,000 school money to his own use, has been nominated for Senator by the Democracy of Luzerne. Hurrah for TILDEN, BEAMISH *and* Reform!

THE Secretary of the Treasury will issue a call for ten millions, or thereabouts, of five-twenties about September 1st, and will follow that with other calls, at intervals, in similar amounts as rapidly as his clerks can handle the bonds.

THE Republicans of Cleveland had a grand turn-out on Thursday night last. The torchlight procession was 2,500 strong, and speeches were made by CARL SCHURZ J. A. GARFIELD and J. D. COX—a galaxy of talent that cannot be matched.

TILDEN having supported MCCLELLAND on a peace at any price platform in 1864 the latter now announces his intention of supporting the former during the present campaign. Thus are the comities of copperheadism reciprocally preserved.

"GRANT has put the regular army in marching order."—*Post.*

There are some eight thousand troops scattered throughout the Southern States. This number allows about one soldier to three ballot boxes! The fig-leaves of the *Post* betray it.

THE windy assertions of Democratic organs that the election of TILDEN would benefit the working men recalls the promise of JACK CADE to his followers, that when he was king, "seven half-penny loaves should be sold for a penny, and that the three-hooped pot should henceforth have ten hoops."

THERE are a number of young men in this city who will come of of age before the election. Let them make sure that they have been assessed. Indeed, not only young men, but all who have any doubt whether they are assessed or not, should give the matter immediate attention, and call upon the assessors.

GENERAL JOHN L. ROUTTS, the Republican nominee for Governor of the Centennial State of Colorado, is at present its Territorial Governor. During his office he has greatly endeared himself to the people. He was formerly Assistant Postmaster General. The defeat of the Democratic ticket in that State will prove a rout.

THE Chicago *Tribune*, which, like the Cincinnati *Commercial*, is strongly in favor of specie payments, is also strongly opposed to the demonetization of silver. The remonetization of silver is the cry of the hour, and there seems to be no good reason for departing from the policy of the Constitution, which treats silver as money and as, equally with gold, a legal tender in payment of debts.

A FAVORITE lie, just now, with the Democratic papers, is that the number of persons employed by the Government has increased from 40,000, in 1861, to 100,000 in 1876. That this is a falsehood is proved by the return made by each department to the Senate, in answer to a resolution offered by Senator CRAGIN on the 24th of July last. The returns will be found in the *Congressional Record* of August 16, page 82, and they show that the number of Government employees in 1861 was 37,095, and in 1876 the number was 62,172. One-half of this increase was in the Postal service, and the other half in the Internal Revenue and Customs service.

THE agreement reached by the Commissioners of the Northern and Southern branches of the Methodist Episcopal Church does not include a union of the two branches into one, but is confined to the removal of difficulties growing out of disputes over property and out of the existence of two rival churches in places capable of sustaining only one. The Commissioners have recommended methods of avoiding both these difficulties, and their agreement prepares the way for a complete fraternization of the two branches; but the union of the two under one organization remains to be accomplished hereafter, if, indeed, such union should ever be thought advisable. The two churches are now practically one, although maintaining distinct organizations.

BY WAY of reinforcing its case of perjury against TILDEN, in the matter of his sworn income tax returns for the year 1862, the New York *Times* of yesterday adds a new item of his income, of which, it states, it can produce legal evidence, viz.: the receipt on June 14, 1862, of $5,000 from the Cumberland Coal and Iron Company. Keeping, then, strictly within the evidence which can be proved to the satisfaction of a court of law, there is the following case against TILDEN in relation to his income of 1862:

Fees from Terre Haute Railroad	$20,000
Dividends and interest	13,000
Cumberland Coal and Iron Company	5,000
Total	$38,000
Deduct expenses, taxes, &c	6,552
Net proved income	$31,448
Net income stated under oath	7,118
Income fraudulently concealed	$24,330

TILDEN is beginning to realize that the campaign is likely to be aggressive on the Republican as well as on the Democratic side. It is understood that preliminary steps have already been taken for bringing suit against him in the United States Court to recover a sum not less than $50,000, of which—by including only a portion of his actual income in the sworn return of his income for 1862—it is alleged he has defrauded the Government. A trial of the case cannot, however, be had before November, unless the business of the court accumulates to such an extent as to make a special term necessary, when a trial may be begun in October. But it needs no trial to prove that any person who is so utterly devoid of patriotic impulses that he can defraud his country at a time when its very life is in peril, is utterly unfit to be placed at the head of the country's Government.

TILDEN and HENDRICKS are well matched. The official Democratic report of the speech of the former at the New York Democratic State Convention in the beginning of 1861, as published in the Albany *Atlas and Argus*, says:

"He argued strongly against coercion, showing the strength and resources of the Southern States, and reasoning that self-interest, if no higher motive, should deter us from plunging into a civil war that cannot fail to prove disastrous to us as a nation, and to bring poverty and suffering on our own citizens.

"He declared that he for one would resist under any and all circumstances the use of force to coerce the South into the Union."

And HENDRICKS, in an anti-war speech delivered at Indianapolis in January, 1862, made the following declaration:

"If the war being prosecuted shall have the effect of abolishing our market in the South by destroying the peculiar system of labor in that section, then I would advise the Northwest to look out for itself."

Par nobile fratrum!

THE New York correspondent of the Philadelphia *Ledger* writes:

An important event among the dry goods merchants to-day was a peremptory auction sale of 1,000 cases of Richmond prints. The character of the transaction is best explained in the words of Mr. Richmond himself at the opening of the sale. "The goods" he said "are offered on a credit of thirty days, with a discount of five per cent., and two per cent. additional for cash in hand in ten days. Most of the staples and all of the fancy styles have been made since the 17th of July. The offering is simply the first step to resume a straight-out method of selling our prints. It does not mean an overstock, or expectation of lower prices, or a continuance of auction sales. Finishing the spring season without a case of fancies unsold we made and reserved our autumn styles with the deliberate purpose of ascertaining by practical test what prices the trade would give for well known prints without the conditions which of late years have grown to be abuses and vexations to both buyers and sellers.

The trade of this and the neighboring cities was liberally represented on the occasion. The competition was animated throughout, and the whole offering was distributed in less than an hour, at prices fully up to current market quotations. The average price realized was seven cents. The result is considered as indicating a healthy feeling among the trade, and as foreshadowing also a readiness to absorb other goods, later in the season, that may be thrown on the market on the same conditions."

THE Philadelphia *North American* sneers at our people because they are disposed to relieve themselves of the incubus of railroad discrimination by building a railroad to the West, and adds:

We would very much like to see a great local breadstuff trade at Pittsburgh as there is at Buffalo. Indianapolis has obtained just such a trade for herself without going to Chicago at all, and our trade is largely drawn from Indianapolis. It was not built up by the railroads. The Indianapolis people did it themselves. We know of no city West of the Delaware whose location is naturally as well fitted for a vast emporium of produce as Pittsburgh. But natural locations do not build up cities, else would Providence and Norfolk be great centers of traffic. It is the spirit of the people that does it.

In what way can "the spirit of the people" overcome the solid difficulty of railroad discrimination against them? Will the *North American* point it out? So long as the railroads charge a higher rate from St. Louis or Chicago to Pittsburgh than from the same places to Philadelphia or New York it will be impossible to build up a local breadstuffs trade here. Indianapolis never did it against such odds. We are not in the midst of a grain-producing country, as Indianapolis is, and that makes all the difference. The breadstuffs trade *was* a profitable trade here once, but discrimination killed it; and it will be a profitable trade again when discrimination ceases, and not before.

But the complaint does not stop here. It is charged, and with truth, that it is cheaper to ship manufactured articles, at least of some kinds, from Philadelphia than from Pittsburgh, with all our advantages of cheaper production, and that trade is stolen from us, in this way, that legitimately belongs to us. Thus discrimination strikes at the very root of our local industries, and paralyses enterprise by shutting off the possibility of its success.

It is all very well for a Philadelphia paper, published in a city that gets all the advantage of this unwise imposition of railroad rates, to call upon our people to "build up" a local trade, here, as if it all depended on local enterprise; but although our city is "well fitted for a vast emporium of Western produce," it cannot afford to pay higher rates of transportation than other cities; and we venture to say that Philadelphia, if placed in the same circumstances by a like discrimination in favor of New York or Baltimore, would cry out against the injustice of it, and would not attempt the folly of sacrificing its capital in a vain effort to "build up" a trade against its more fortunate rivals.

THE New York *Herald* publishes a dispatch from Albany, New York, in which Governor TILDEN's return of income in 1862 is excused upon the ground that though he *earned* the $20,000 fees in 1862 they were not *paid* in that year. The *Herald* says:

A lawyer may earn his fees in one year but collect them in a subsequent year. His returns of income will, of course, include not his charges, but his receipts. This very simple consideration may reconcile the apparent discrepancies between Mr. Tilden's statement of his income in 1862 and his subsequent statement respecting his legal fees in that year. He could not return his fees as income until they had been paid, and the fact that they were earned in one year and paid in another seems a sufficient answer to the accusation.

But Mr. TILDEN swore, in his Terre Haute suit, that he both *earned* and *received* the $20,000 fee in 1862. The following is the oath to his income return side by side with his oath in the Terre Haute case:

On December 26, 1862, Mr. Tilden swore to a return, under oath, in which he said: "I hereby certify that the following is a true and faithful statement of the gains, profits or income of Samuel J. Tilden, of the city of New York and county of New York, State of New York, whether derived from any kind of property, rents, interests, dividends, salary, or from any profession, trade, employment or vocation, or from any other source whatever, from 1st day of January to 31st day of December, 1862, both days inclusive, and subject to an income tax under the Excise laws of the United States. Income from all sources, $7,118."	*In his answer to the complaint in the Circuit Court of the United States in the suit of the St. Louis, Alton and Terre Haute Railroad Company against himself and others, which answer was filed recently, Mr. Tilden swore under oath as follows:* "That for such services the defendant Tilden made a charge of ten thousand dollars against said second mortgage bondholders, and the said charge was paid by or on behalf of said second mortgage bondholders, on the 17th of October, 1862; * * * that the defendant Tilden, for a part of his services aforesaid, also made a charge of the like sum of ten thousand dollars on account of professional services rendered to the first mortgage bondholders and the Receivers, which was paid to him by the said Azariah C. Flagg, * * * and which payment appears under date of November 7, 1862, in a statement annexed to the first report aforesaid, as having been receipted for by the said Tilden 'on account of professional services.'"

Here he names the *dates* of payment—October 17, 1862, and November 7, 1862, and from the tenor of the affidavit the services were rendered in 1862. Try some other dodge.

"GATH," in the New York *Graphic*, gives the following as an interview with General BANKS:

"You have been too lonesome over in the Democracy, General Banks, to continue there?"

"Not lonesome," said the General, "but it was my duty not to assist in such a stupendous conspiracy as this campaign of Tilden—a united South masked behind the deception of Northern reform. Four years ago I followed Mr. Greeley and Mr. Sumner because I thought we should break up the sectionalism of the South and open the way for improvements in administration. Nothing can be done for administrative reform while the South is banded together as a section, expecting to sweep the patronage and possess the nation *as a South*."

"Do you apprehend that they will succeed?"

"No. They will not only be defeated but destroyed. This election will be the last where they will trouble us as a section. Nothing unites them now but the munificent possibility of the patronage. Defeated this year, as they will undoubtedly be, they will fall into several parties and give us no more concern. I regard their campaign as certain to break down. We have only to show them that they shall not come into power *as a South*, as recently beaten rebellion, and they will not only be tractable but useful citizens of our Government. Therein lies the wickedness of Mr. Tilden's campaign in saying to those Southern States: 'Unite again. By violence, or intimidation, or fraud carry the reconstructed States, and we will pick up a Northern State somewhere and enable you to possess and enjoy the revenues of this rich Government.' Animated by such freebooters' hopes they are ready to murder tens of thousands of men to get the United States Government. A member of Congress from the South said to me: 'To be frank with you, we want the Government, and we will get it if we have to murder and stampede any number of people.'"

General BANKS puts the matter very tersely when he describes the Democratic policy in this campaign as that of "a united South masked behind the deception of Northern reform." That is the whole case in very brief compass; and the country never encountered a greater danger to its peace and prosperity than is to be found in this Democratic attempt to force a sectional fight by arraying the South in solid force upon its side. It can secure a united South only by fraud, violence, intimidation and wholesale murder, and if the people of the North want to put down this sectional violence, they must put down the party that resorts to it as to its only chance of success.

THE order of the President, through the Secretary of War, to General SHERMAN, touching the distribution of troops in the Southern States, was not issued a moment too soon. A secret circular, of which the substance has been ascertained, has just been issued by the National Democratic Executive Committee, under the direction of TILDEN himself, and addressed in strict confidence to the Democratic leaders in every county of the Southern States, in relation to the management of the campaign. It urges in direct and unqualified terms the necessity of a united, vigorous and determined action on the part of every Democrat in the Southern States; it notifies them that these States must be carried for TILDEN or success is hopeless; warns them that the Government will probably station troops at different points to guard the interests of a free ballot, but insists still that the election must be carried. It does not directly urge the employment of unlawful means or contemplate resistance to the military authorities, but plainly intimates that at all hazards success must be assured. At the same time it jesuitically warns the hot bloods of the party that no more negroes must be killed until after the election; that disturbances of all kinds between the whites and blacks must be discountenanced and prevented, and appeals finally to the Democracy to be cautious, yet firm. It is a bold, dangerous, treacherous document, and the Government should take prompt measures to prevent, "at all hazards," the infamous violations of law which it is calculated and intended to beget.

THE Vermont State election will be held a week from to morrow. The canvass is progressing with unusual interest and activity. A significant feature of the campaign is that the active workers on the Democratic side are nearly all old-time Copperheads, the war Democrats taking, as usual, the back seats. A correspondent of the Springfield *Republican*, whose affections are about equally divided between HAYES and TILDEN, writes that the sneer of the "bloody shirt" during the canvass has been exceedingly damaging to the Democracy, and for this reason:

A number of fine gentlemen of Vermont birth and education have been either murdered or expatriated at the South, for no other reason than the fact that they were intelligent, fearless men, who knew their political rights and those of their fellows, and showed a determination to maintain them. These real victims to Southern terrorism have friends and relatives throughout the State, who can give the lie to all imputations of crime or misbehavior on the part of these gentlemen, whose "bloody shirts" the Democracy attempt to whistle down the wind as the fictions of the campaign. The Cousbatta massacre destroyed one of the Twitchell brothers and his four brothers-in-law, and the surviving brother is now at Newfane, having survived his recent wounds with the loss of both arms. Captain Dickinson, of the Seventh Vermont, murdered near Tallahassee, Florida, where he had settled after the war, and Captain Fisher of the Fourth Vermont, who was driven from North Carolina, were men of too high character to justify the suspicion that they were other than innocent victims of organized terrorism. The bourbonism of the leaders, the sneering down of the war, and the mud thrown at the "bloody shirt," have all served to fire the Republican heart this year so fiercely that I would not be surprised to see the majority exceed that of 1872.

EVEN the "Independent" Springfield *Republican* reluctantly admits that "this income tax business" is going to be a "serious matter for Governor TILDEN." It is indeed. For the $20,000 fee which he received from the Terre Haute and Alton Railroad Company in 1862, by no means constituted his full income during that period. In his sworn answer to the suit in question TILDEN admits that he and his three companions took and divided among them $284,090 in bonds and $491,000 in stock. He was also, during that year, the legal adviser of the Northwestern Railroad, and a director of the same. He was also counsel to the Chicago and Alton Road, the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Road, the Cumberland Iron Company, and to other corporations. The Northwestern road alone, it is stated, paid him annually a fee varying from $10,000 to 18,000, and as the other organizations were as wealthy as the Northwestern, TILDEN's income from all the corporations could hardly have been less than $50,000 a year. In the same year, 1862, he was President and Trustee of the New York Balance Dock Company, which then, according to a report filed by him in the County Clerk's office, on January 1, 1863, had a paid up capital of $250,000. The evidences as to his large income in the year 1862 are ominously cumulative, and the whole record is an exceedingly damaging one against him.

WADE HAMPTON, the Democratic candidate for Governor of South Carolina, was serenaded at Walhalla, in that State, a few days ago. In reply he said that "the day of compromise and concession was over, and the time had come when the sons of Carolina must rule the noble old Commonwealth again at any and at every risk." At the last Presidential election in that State the Republican majority was 49,607; and two years ago, in spite of the terrorism and outrage which prevailed, the Republican majority for Governor was 11,385. HAMPTON's declaration means the adoption of the "Mississippi plan," with all the untold horrors that the term implies.

GENERAL AND PARTICULAR.

Making sugar out of melons is a new California industry.

Tilden is a hard swearer; that is to say, it is hard to reconcile his oaths.

Last week was by far the most prosperous one of the Centennial Exhibition.

A Congress of Inventors is to be held in Philadelphia next month. The object is patent.

The Educational Department of Ohio at the International Exhibition bears away the palm.

The people of the United States spend one-seventh of their entire income for common schools.

More interesting ante-revolutionary documents have been found in the upper part of Faneuil Hall.

The beef sent to England on the Atlantic steamers arrives at Liverpool as tender as when first killed.

The Irishmen of Chicago are talking of spending a hundred thousand dollars on a daily Irish paper.

Belle Boyd, the Confederate female spy, has broken out in the South again. She is for Tilden and reform.

Alas! The weary number of times we hear now about "a good enough Morgan until after the election."

The average coal monopolist feels like a cheap fuel. The result of Tuesday's sale is awaited with intense anxiety.

Since the immigration movement began more than two millions and a quarter of Irish people have landed in New York.

The impoverished South. Georgia's forty cotton mills are paying enormous dividends, and Texas is building nine railroads.

The Bureau of Education will soon publish a circular containing a description of the educational exhibit at the Centennial Exhibition.

Weather warnings for the benefit of the farmers are under trial in France according to a plan of Leverrier, the director of the Paris observatory.

It has been ascertained that a large organization of beggars exists in New York, presided over by a woman and having a treasurer and secretary.

The latest invention is a dress, composed of two sections of canvass filled with water, which enables a man to plunge for several minutes into flames of fire.

Owing to the reduced appropriations for the expenses of the Navy Department, the usual semi-annual publication of the "Navy Registers" will not be made.

The petroleum speculators are happy: the article has advanced within three months four dollars per barrel, placing millions of dollars in their pockets.

The autumn is coming on gradually and pleasantly. The vines and orchards are loaded with fruit, and the later flowers are brilliant in the gardens and meadows.

Decorah, Iowa, will set up as a summer resort. A two hundred foot cave has been discovered above the river which retains a floor and a ceiling of solid ice all summer.

Where is that man who a year or so ago was going to give a million dollars to found a musical conservatory in New York? Theodore Thomas would like to interview him.

In California a single threshing machine turns out an average of 800 sacks or 1,600 bushels of wheat in a day, while instances are by no means rare of 2,000 bushels being threshed in one day.

A large sixteen page illustrated weekly, in the Scandinivian language, wil be regularly issued from Chicago within a fortnight. It will advocate the election of Hayes and Wheeler.

An international convention of archaeologists will assemble at Philadelphia on the 4th of September. Some of the most distinguished scientific men of the world are engaged in the movement.

Next to an international copyright law we stand most in need of a committee on clubs to wait upon the artists who execute those soul harrowing pictures of the Presidential candidates that come to us in our country exchanges.

The best result anticipated from the Bravo inquest, which lately flooded English society with all sorts of scandal, is that a reform will probably ensue in the mode of holding inquests, and in the appointment of those who hold them.

All the maritime nations of Europe are gradually substituting American duck for Russian and Scotch fabrics in their merchant service, and the former is rapidly growing in favor wherever commerce extends and progress is recognized.

The work of recruiting troops to fill up the cavalry regiments to the quota of one hundred men for each company is being accomplished with more celerity than was anticipated. It is expected that within the ensuing thirty days the sufficient number required will have been enlisted.

The American Scientific Association is in annual session at Buffalo. The best scientific work now in hand in the Western world has its representatives in this association; and the reports of progress from year to year are among the most interesting and useful contributions to human knowledge.

PERSONAL.

Babcock's trial for complicity in the safe-burglary conspiracy is set down for September 19.

Among the privates recently recruited at Washington is one who served in the army as a Brigadier General during the war.

Lewis Clark, the original of Mrs. Stowe's "George Harris" in "Uncle Tom's Cabin," is preaching to his colored brethren in Columbus, Ohio.

Emma Abbott, the prima donna, about whose voice such a difference of opinion seems to exist, will arrive in New York by the City of Berlin some time this week.

This queer death notice is from the Waco (Tex.) *Examiner:* "Died—At the residence of Major W. W. Downs, on Third street, Monday, August 7, at 10:30 o'clock P. M., Captain O. J. Downs, of voluntary abstinence from strong drink."

The "personals" in the papers published one hundred years ago were as piquant as any published in our own day. Even Martha Washington was mentioned in a London journal as having separated from her husband thus: "Mr. Washington, we hear, is married to a very amiable lady, but it is said that Mrs. Washington, being a warm loyalist, has separated from her husband since the commencement of the present trouble, and lives, very much respected, in the city of New York."

Professor Huxley attended the meeting of the American Association for the Advancement of Science at Buffalo on Friday evening, and after a cordial welcome by the President he made his first speech in America. It was brief but excellent. It is pleasant in the midst of the almost universal detraction of America by Americans, who speak of their native land with almost insufferable contempt, to have a man like Professor Huxley say that the difference between the English and American universities is that the former are the products of the Government, the latter of private munificence. "The general notion of an Englishman when he gets rich is to found an estate and benefit his family. The general notion of an American when fortunate is to do something for the good of the people and from which benefits shall continue to flow. The latter is the nobler ambition." And it is encouraging also to have his estimate on another point. He says: "It is popularly said abroad that you have no antiquities in America. If you talk about the trumpery of three or four thousand years of history, it is true. But in the large sense, as referring to times before man made his momentary appearance, America is the place to supply the antiquities of the globe. The reality of the enormous amount of material here has far surpassed my anticipation. I have studied the collection gathered by Professor Marsh at New Haven. There is none like it in Europe, not only in extent of time covered, but by reason of its bearing on the problem of evolution; whereas before this collection was made evolution was a matter of speculative reasoning, it is now a matter of fact and history as much as the monuments of Egypt. In that collection are the facts of the succession of forms and the history of their evolution."

Three miles of water constitute a temperance league.

S. M. Pettengill & Co.,
Advertising Agents,
37 Park Row, New York,

Desire to Call the Attention of Business Men, who wish to reach the Reading Public, to the following

FACTS:

1. They have been in the Advertising business for nearly thirty years, and given it constant attention and study during that time.
2. They have had, and continue to have, cordial business relations with all the newspapers and other periodicals in the United States and Canada.
3. Their record with all these publications is one of fair treatment, honorable dealing and prompt settlements.
4. In consequence of this, they can always have advertisements inserted at the publisher's *lowest rates*.
5. They are so acquainted with the entire press of the country that they can select the *best mediums* for any given purpose.
6. Having done advertising for all kinds of business, and noted the results to their customers, they can give valuable suggestions as to the *size, style and position* which will make the most effective advertisement for the object to be attained.
7. Having frequent orders for a large number of papers, they can, in most cases, get the work done for *less cost* than the advertiser would have to pay if he sent the order direct.
8. They examine all papers, note all omissions or irregularities, secure the strict fulfillment of every stipulation of the order, and submit full files for the inspection of the advertiser.
9. They give the advertiser the full benefit of their facilities and of their supervision *without charge*, all commissions being paid by the publishers.
10. They submit estimates for any given list of papers, or for properly covering any given district.
11. For a systematic working up of any large enterprise, they assist in the preparation of circulars, pamphlets and general reading matter, in addition to newspaper advertising.

They invite a call from any parties who contemplate advertising in any way or for any amount.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO.,
37 Park Row, New York.
701 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.
Centennial Grounds, Philadelphia.
10 State Street, Boston.

E. F. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron.

This truly valuable tonic has been so thoroughly tested by all classes of the community that it is now deemed indispensable as a Tonic medicine. It costs but little, purifies the blood and gives tone to the stomach, renovates the system and prolongs life. Everybody should have it. For the cure of Weak Stomachs, General Debility, Indigestion, Diseases of the Stomach, and for all cases requiring a tonic. This wine includes the most agreeable and efficient Salt of Iron we possess—Citrate of Magnetic Oxide, combined with the most energetic of vegetable tonics—Yellow Peruvian Bark.

Do you want something to strengthen you?
Do you want a good appetite?
Do you want to get rid of nervousness?
Do you want energy?
Do you want to sleep well?
Do you want to build up your constitution?
Do you want to feel well?
Do you want a brisk and vigorous feeling?
If you do, try KUNKEL'S BITTER WINE OF IRON.

I only ask a trial of this valuable tonic.

Beware of counterfeits, as Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron is the only sure and effectual remedy in the known world for the permanent cure of Dyspepsia and Debility, and as there are a number of imitations offered to the public, I would caution the community to purchase none but the genuine article, manufactured by E. F. Kunkel, and having his stamp on the cork of every bottle. The very fact that others are attempting to imitate this valuable remedy, proves its worth and speaks volumes in its favor. Sold only in $1 bottles. Sold by druggists and dealers everywhere.

Tape Worm Removed Alive,

Head and all complete, in two hours. No fee till head passes. Seat, Pin and Stomach Worms removed by Dr. Kunkel, 259 North Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa. Send for circular. For removing all ordinary worms, call on your druggist and get a bottle of KUNKEL'S WORM SYRUP. Price, $1. MWF

NATIONAL INSURANCE CO.,
43 South Diamond St., Allegheny City.
W. W. MARTIN .... President.
JAMES E. STEVENSON .... Secretary.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,
No. 61 Fourth Ave., Pittsburgh.
CHARTERED IN 1862.

BOARD OF MANAGERS.—George A. Berry, President; John Scott, Jas. Park, Jr., Vice Presidents, A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Nimick, John S. Dilworth, F. Rahm, G. Follansbee, Robert C. Schmertz.
Chas. G. Milnor, Secretary and Treasurer.
SOLICITOR.—John H. Bailey.

For the Centennial AND Summer Excursionists!
LADIES AND GENTLEMEN'S
Fine Russia and Grain Leather
Traveling Satchels,
LUNCH BASKETS,
FINE IVORY AND ROSEWOOD HAIR BRUSHES
RAZOR STROPS, CLOTHES BRUSHES,
Wholesale and Retail
C. Yeager & Co.,
110 MARKET STREET.
MWS

R. H. PALMER & CO.
"LIMITED."
SUCCESSORS TO R. H. PALMER
WILL CONTINUE THE
Hat, Cap and Fur Business
AT
No. 151 Wood Street,
AND THE
STRAW, MILLINERY,
AND FANCY GOODS BUSINESS
AT
No. 105 Market Street.

Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company
59 FOURTH AVENUE.
ASSETS $40,443,395.99.
SURPLUS $3,916,531.48
DIVIDEND FOR 1874 $3,037,812.83. RATIO EXPENSES TO INCOME 8.77 PER CENT.
E.S. CARRIER Gen'l Agent

NATIONAL REPUBLICAN TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,
RUTHERFORD B. HAYES, of Ohio.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
WILLIAM A. WHEELER, of New York.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

CONGRESS—TWENTY-SECOND DISTRICT,
RUSSELL ERRETT, of Robinson township.
CONGRESS—TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT,
THOMAS M. BAYNE, of Allegheny City.
STATE SENATE—FORTY-SECOND DISTRICT,
HUGH McNEILL, of Allegheny City.
STATE SENATE—FORTY-THIRD DISTRICT,
JOS. M. GAZZAM, of Second ward Pittsburgh.
STATE SENATE—FORTY-FOURTH DISTRICT,
JOHN C. NEWMYER, of Wilkins township.
STATE SENATE—FORTY-FIFTH DISTRICT,
JNO. GILFILLAN, of Upper St. Clair township.
ASSEMBLY—FIRST DISTRICT,
JAMES D. WALKER, Allegheny City.
HENRY M. LONG, Allegheny City.
WILLIAM H. GRAHAM, Allegheny City.
ASSEMBLY—SECOND DISTRICT,
R. S. FRAZER, Second ward, Pittsburgh.
WILLIAM J. FLINN, Sixth ward, Pittsburgh.
ASSEMBLY—THIRD DISTRICT,
No nomination.
ASSEMBLY—FOURTH DISTRICT,
J. MITCHELL, Seventeenth ward, Pittsburgh.
S. McELROY, Jr., Sixteenth ward, Pittsburgh.
A. H. WEAVER, Thirty-sixth ward, Pittsburgh.
J. M. SHAFER, Twenty-ninth ward, Pittsburgh
ASSEMBLY—FIFTH DISTRICT,
JOSEPH A. STONE, McKeesport.
W. H. McGILL, West Deer township.
ASSEMBLY—SIXTH DISTRICT,
VINCENT MILLER, North Fayette.
WILLIAM HILL, Chartiers borough.
PROTHONOTARY,
B. F. KENNEDY, Eighth ward, Pittsburgh.
TREASURER,
WM. McCALLIN, Seventh ward, Pittsburgh.
CORONER,
JOSEPH A. THOMAS, Twenty-third ward.
JURY COMMISSIONER,
JOHN KNOWLAND, Eighth ward, Pittsburgh.
DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,
JOHN HERRON, Shaler township.

CARPETS.

Carpets!
FULL STOCK.
Reduced Prices.
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
29 Fifth Avenue.

CARPETS.
CENTENNIAL 1876. SPRING.
There are three reasons why everybody should buy from
McFarland, Collins AND Co
1st.—Our Salesroom being on second floor, our expenses are less than any other house of the same class.
2d.—We buy everything from manufacturers, so that our customers have but one profit to pay.
3d.—We sell for Cash, avoiding thereby losses by bad debts.
THE LOWEST PRICES AND THE BEST GOODS, AT NO. 101 FIFTH AVENUE.
Next to U. S. Postoffice and Custom House.

J. & H. PHILLIPS,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
Oil Cloths, Window Shades, &c
GREEN SHADE CLOTH A SPECIALTY.
Also, Agents for the BOSTON BELTING CO.'S RUBBER BELTING HOSE, STEAM PACKING, &c.
Dealers in LEATHER BELTING, LACE, LEATHER AND RUBBER GOODS GENERALLY.
PAINTING, GRAINING and GLAZING.
NOS. 26 and 28 SIXTH STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

PHILADELPHIA.

THE GREAT
International Exhibition,
Visitors
are cordially invited to call on the famous House of
STEPHEN F. WHITMAN & SON,
S. W. Cor. Twelfth and Market Streets,
PHILADELPHIA,
and select some of their INIMITABLY FINE PREPARATIONS IN
CHOCOLATE,
BON-BONS
AND CONFECTIONS,
FOR FAMILIES OR FRIENDS.
Branch Manufactory—MACHINERY HALL, Exposition Grounds.
American Department.
CHOCOLATE Moulded. SYRUPS Boiled, and BON-BONS made in
SILVERWARE.
STEPHEN F. WHITMAN & SON.
MWS

SEELEY'S HARD RUBBER TRUSSES.

COMFORT, SAFETY, RELIEF, AND CURE FOR RUPTURE.
Made in every desirable pattern,—light, cool, cleanly, free from all sour, rusty, chafing, or padding unpleasantness,—used in bathing. Always reliable. Avoid imitations. Genuine stamped "I. B. Seeley." Estab'ts, 1347 Chest. St., Phila., and 682 Br'dy, New York, (opp. Grand Central Hotel.) Correct adjustment. Experienced Lady attendance.
MWF

NOTICE.
Visitors to the Exhibition in want of VISITING OR BUSINESS CARDS, FINE STATIONERY, RUSSIA LEATHER GOODS, ETC., can obtain them of
MASON & CO.,
at Exposition Grounds, and
1202 CHESTNUT STREET.
STORE OPEN IN THE EVENING.

WILLIAM HEATON,
(Late John Thornley's.)
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
RUBBER BOOTS & SHOES,
India Rubber and Gutta Percha Goods,
503 Chestnut Street,
PHILADELPHIA.

IF YOU WANT TO SAVE MONEY,
GO TO THE
Bon Ton. Meat and Vegetable Market
where you can buy the best Roast Beef and Tenderloin Steak for 18c per lb. Good Roast Beef and Steak 12½c per lb. Boiling Beef, 6 cents per lb. Chuck Roast, from 8 to 10 cents. Hams and Breakfast Bacon, 15c. Lard, 15c. Veal, Lamb, Pork and Mutton, 10 to 15c per lb.
GEORGE BEILSTEIN,
AND 177 OHIO STREET, ALLEGHENY.

PATENTS.
JOHNSTON & DONN,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
AND
Solicitors for American and Foreign Patents.
Office, No. 16 Sixth St., Pittsburgh, Pa.,
And cor. of F and Eigth St., Washington, D. C.
JOHNSTON & DONN make examinations as to the patentability of inventions; give opinions as to value of Patents; prosecute infringements and defend Patents. Established 1852.

MRS. S. S. BAIR'S
MERCHANTS' DINING ROOMS,
NO. 146 THIRD AVENUE,
(Second door from Central Hotel, above Smithfield street). Now open and fully prepared to accommodate the public. Meals sent to offices promptly, regularly and punctually—a specialty.
DAY BOARDING at reasonable rates.

PATENTS.
Persons desiring to procure Patents, or wishing to obtain information from the U. S. Patent Office, are advised to consult F. A. LEHMANN, of Washington, D. C., corner of Seventh and G streets, or 39 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh.
Send for circular.

DRY GOODS.

WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,
Nos. 165, 167 and 169 Federal Street, Allegheny, Pa.

Department A.
DRESS GOODS.
Received, the latest shades of Colored Alpacas, from 23c to 50c.
An extra bargain in Seal Brown Alpacas at 15c and 18¾c.
Choice line of Grey Debeges at 22 and 25c; extra bargain in Union and all-wool Debeges at 25c and 50c.
At 15, 18¾ and 20c, special bargains in Black Alpacas.
From 25c to $1 00, splendid assortment Black Mohair Alpacas. These goods are at much lower figures than formerly.
Black Cashmeres from 45c to $3 00.
Brocade Dress Goods from 25c to 62½c.
At 25c, Japanese Silks worth 75c
Full assortment Black and Colored Dress Silks, from 75c to $3 50.

Department B.
DOMESTIC GOODS.
At 4½, 5 and 6¼c, best makes of Prints.
At 24 yards for $1 00, best Prints.
At 20 yards for $1 00, best Dark Prints.
At 4½, 5, 5½, 6, 6¼, 7, 7½ and 8c, Brown Muslins.
At 6, 7, 7½, 8, 10 and 12½c, Bleached Muslins.
9 yards very heavy Ticking for $1 00. Some short length Ticking very low.
Bed Checks, 9 yards for $1 00.
Heavy Cheviots, 9 yards for $1 00.
Table Linens at 25, 28, 30, 37½, 50, 62½ and 75c.
Table Linens, satin finish, at 50c.
At 6¼c, 37-inch Sheetings.
At 8c, 40-inch Sheetings.
At 70, 75, 85c and $1 00, Toilet Quilts.
Bates' Quilts at $1 25.
Reduction in price of Carpet Chain.
Cretonnes, newest styles, at 10, 11 and 12½c.

Department K.
CLOTHING.
MENS, YOUTHS AND BOYS' SUITS.
MENS, YOUTHS AND BOYS' COATS, VESTS AND PANTS.
MEN'S MOHAIR DUSTERS.
READY MADE CLOTHING, Very Low.
CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER.
At $8 50, an all-Wool Suit for Men.
At $1 37 up, Boys' full Suits.
At 90c, Men's Jean Pants.

Department C.
AT 60 CENTS,
A GOOD, HEAVY, WHITE
Unlaundried Shirt.
At 85c, White Unlaundried Shirt, Linen Fronts and Cuffs (1,800), well made, and just such a shirt as is now being sold everywhere at 87½, 90c and $1.
Still all sizes and daily arriving, a full assortment of different styles of Plaits in our $1 00 Unlaundried Shirt, made of Wamsutta Muslin (warranted) and 2,100 Linen Bosom and Cuffs, felled seams, and fit assured.
Hose stock full and complete, at very lowest figures.

GREAT BARGAINS
IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.
Visitors to the Pittsburgh Exposition
Are Desired to Call and See Them.

Dress Silks.
Brocade Dress Silks.
Colored Silks in the latest shades.
Our latest invoice of Silks, at $1 25 to $2 00, received yesterday, show for quality and finish goods worth fully 20 per cent. more.
Our prices for Silks remain as formerly, notwithstanding the late advances.
Barred and Striped Dress Silks.
From 15 to 37½c, full line of Dress Linens.
At 10 and 15c, special bargains in Light and Figured Lawns.
From 5c to $1 50, Black Hernanis and Grenadines, Scotch, French and German Plaid, (latest styles), Flannels, Cassimeres, Jeans, Ladies' Cloths, Broad Cloths, Italian Cloths, Velvets, Velveteens.
Only one price and that the lowest.

Department E.
LADIES' SUITS.
Some very special bargains. Suits made to order.
Ladies' Wrappers.
Ladies' Cashmere and Silk Sacques.
Ladies' Thibet and Broche Shawls.
Lace Points, Sacques and Capes.
Shawls—Striped, Barred and Plain.
Ladies, Misses and Children's Merino and Gauze Underwear.
Ladies, Misses and Boys' Calico Waists.
Ladies, Misses and Boys' White Waists.
Bustles, Panniers and Bustle Hoop Skirts.
Balmoral Skirts, Poplin, Felt, Alpaca and Satin Skirts, Turkish and Honeycomb Sacquing, all kinds of White Goods, Piano and Table Covers, White and Colored Blankets, Comforts, Coverlets and Bed Spreads, Mattresses and Pillows, Trunks, Valises and Satchels, Lace Curtains, Cornices and Damasks, Infants and Babies' Dresses and Slips.

Department J.
Boots, Shoes, Gaiters and Slippers.
At $1 up, Ladies' Serge Gaiters.
At $1 up, Ladies' Morocco Gaiters.
At 85c up, Kid and Morocco Slippers.
At 75c, Misses' Morocco Shoes.
At 62½c up, Children's Morocco Shoes.
At 37½c up, Infants' Morocco Shoes.
At $1 25 up, Men's Calf Shoes.
At $1 37½ up, Men's Congress Gaiters.
At $3 00 up, Men's Calf Boots.
At 50c, Men's Slippers—great bargain.
At 50c, Ladies' Slippers—very low.
"BURT'S" fine makes of Shoes at greatly reduced prices.
Shoes—all kinds.

Department D.
Parasols, Umbrellas, Sunshades.
Receiving d[illegible] Hats and Bonnets.
Hat and [illegible]
[illegible] FLOWERS, RIBBONS,
[illegible] in very latest shades
[illegible] Gloves. Silk Gloves.
[illegible] Collars and Cuffs.
[illegible] from 4c to 75c, fully 33⅓ per cent. under former prices.
[illegible] Ruches, Corsets, Belts.
Handkerchiefs, Neck Ruchings, &c.

AGENT FOR THE GROVER & BAKER SEWING MACHINE
Sole Agent for the Celebrated BAZAR GLOVE-FITTING PATTERNS in Western Pennsylvania.

ALPHABETICAL BUSINESS DIRECTORY
CONTAINING CARDS OF
First Class Establishments, in all branches of Business, in Pittsburgh

Apothecaries.
S. S. Holland.....cor. Liberty and Smithfield sts
Ferd. A. Abel...........172 Wylie ave
Architects.
Boyd & Gamble...........89 Wood st.
Drum & Steen...n. e. cor. Wood st. & Fifth ave
Agricultural Implements.
Scobie, Reed & Smith...........137 Liberty st
Artificial Limbs.
Artificial Limb Mfg. Co., 279 Penn, near 9th st
Advertising Agents.
J. Weaver & Co...........116 Smithfield st
Attorneys-at-Law.
J. H. Stevenson...........104 Fifth ave
Bridge Works.
Iron City Bridge Works.....Office, 196 Penn st.
Boots and Shoes.
J. H. Borland & Co., 53 & 55 Wood, & 95 5th av.
Broker in Stocks and Bonds.
Geo. B. Hill...........109 Fourth ave
Belting.
Thorp & Co., No. 144 Water street, dealers in Leather and Rubber Belting, Hose and Oils, of every description.
Banks.
Allegheny National...........83 Fifth ave.
Central...........47 Fifth ave.
Pittsburgh Bank for Savings......61 Fourth ave.
Commission Merchants.
Elwood & McCracken, Commission Merchants and dealers in Flour, Grain, Seeds and Wool. 365 Liberty street.
Robt. F. Weddell...........347 Liberty st.
Carriage Manufacturers.
Louis Glesenkamp & Co., successors to C. West & Co., 75, 77, 79 Liberty st. and 92 Penn ave.
Champagne, Wines and Liquors.
B. H. Lubbers...........386 Fifth ave.
Dentists.
Greenawalt & Nelson...........11 Wylie ave
Dyeing and Scouring.
M. May.........56 Sixth ave. above Smithfield st.
Furniture.
Close, Schoeneck & Co...Penn ave. and Tenth st.
James Milliken & Co...........89 Smithfield st
Foundries.
Totten & Co.....Twenty-fourth and Railroad sts.
A. Garrison & Co...........33 Wood st.
Fences, Wrought Iron.
Lauderbach & Co...........33 and 34 Water st.
Gold, Silver and Nickel Plating.
Walter E. Hague...........136 and 138 Wood st.
Gold Leaf and Walnut Frames.
Miller & Heidmeyer...........944 Penn ave.
Hotels.
Central...Second to Third ave., on Smithfield st.
Union Depot Hotel...........Union Depot
Saint James.......403 405 and 407 Liberty st
House and Sign Painters.
John T. Gray...........84 Diamond st
Wesley Coulter...........236 Penn ave.
John D. McFarland...........78 Fourth ave
Iron Fences.
Lewis, Oliver & Phillips.....91 & 92 Water street.
Insurance Offices.
Manufacturers and Merchants'.......87 Wood st.
Western.......cor. Fifth ave. and Wood st.
Monongahela......cor. Wood st. and Fourth ave.
Citizens'...........96 Fourth av.
People's...........100 Fourth ave
Lubricating Oils.
Grim Brothers, Excelsior Oils.......236 Penn ave.
Lamps.
J. P. Smith, Son & Co...........189 Liberty st.
Leather and Shoe Findings.
Daniel Kinzer...........50 Smithfield st.
Merchant Tailors.
Walter Anderson...........1 Fifth ave.
Henry Smith & Sons...........98 Wylie ave
Marble Works.
John Wilkins, Jr...........295 Penn ave.
Mantles, Furnaces and Grates.
L. H. Smith & Co...........49 Sixth st.
Mechanical Photographers.
J. T. Bassford.......10½ Sixth st. (late St. Clair).
Notions and Trimmings.
Rosenbaum & Co., 78 and 80 Market st. Ribbons, Gloves, Hosiery, Gent's Furnishing Goods a specialty. Buys and sell close for cash only.
Newspapers.
The Commercial...........70 Fifth ave
Printers, Stationers, &c.
S. Reed Johnston & Co...Wood st., cor. Liberty
Matthias & Peck...57 and 59 Ninth st., (Renshaw's Building.)
Printers and Blank Book Makers.
Bakewell & Marthens...........71 Grant st
W. P. Bennett...n. e. cor. Wood st. and 4th ave.
Pork Packers.
Reese Owens & Co...........21 Seventh ave.
Wm. B. Hays & Son.......281 and 283 Liberty st
Photographers.
Trevor McClurg...........2 and 4 Sixth st.
Patent Agents.
A. C. Johnston...........92 Diamond st.
Planing Mill and Lumber.
S. Logan...........cor. Penn and 26th sts
Queensware Manufacturers.
E. Webster & Co. L. S. Layton, Agt., 325 Liberty
Real Estate Agents.
H. R. McClellan (Notary Public) 108 Smithfield st
C. Berringer...........116 Smithfield st.
Isaac M. Pennock...........114 Fourth ave.
John A. Carothers.....102 Fourth ave., 2d floor.
Railroads.
Pennsylvania Railroad...........Union Depot
Pgh., Cin., & St. L. R. R...........Union Depot.
Pgh., Ft. W. & Chicago R. R...........Union Depot.
Cleveland & Pittsburgh R. R...........Union Depot.
Allegheny Valley R. R...........Union Depot.
Pgh. & Connellsville R. R....Grant & Water sts
Steam Lithographic Printing.
Armor, Feurhake & Co.........26 and 28 Sixth st
Silk Hat Manufacturers.
J. McKain...........180 Wood st.
Stoves, &c.
H. Anshutz & Son...........214 Liberty st.
Sash, Door and Blind Factors.
Amos Lewis......cor. Seventh ave. and Grant st.
Steel Stamps and Stencils.
John D. Matthews...........73 Third ave
W. A. Bunting, Agent...........184 Liberty st
Stuffed Birds and Animals.
J. D. Shaw, Taxidermist...........235 Penn ave.
Steam Pump Manufacturers.
Epping, Carpenter & Co...cor. Penn and 32d st
Steel Manufacturers.
Singer, Nimick & Co...........83 Water st.
Park, Bro. & Co.....Thirty-first and Railroad sts.
Anderson & Woods..cor. Ross st. and First ave
Pittsburgh Steel Casting Co. 26th & Railroad sts
Toys and Fancy Goods.
Grove & Bair, Dealer in Notions, Toys, Fancy Goods, Baskets, Satchels, Children's Carriages, Brushes, &c., 120 Wood street.
Vermin Exterminator.
Chas. Abel & Co., manufacturer.....Pittsburgh
Wax Flower Shades.
W. C. Armor...........16 Sixth st.
Wholesale Clothiers.
Kaufman, Oppenheimer & Co.....233 Liberty st
Wholesale Grocers.
Watt, Lang & Co...........173 and 174 Wood st.
Wood Turning and Stair Building.
W. H. Roessle & Co..952 Penn ave., near 26th st.

MOSQUITO BARS
FLY BARS.
NETTING!
BY PIECE OR YARD.
EXTRAORDINARY LOW PRICES.
F. EDMUNDSON AND SONS,
UPHOLSTERERS,
139 Liberty Street,
FOOT OF FIFTH AVENUE.

JOSEPH HORNE & CO.,
MARKET STREET,
Offer special inducements to Buyers in every department. Many lines of Goods much under value to close.
Dry Goods! Dress Goods!
Notions, Small Wares, Embroideries, Laces, Lace Goods, Hosiery, Gloves, Millinery and Straw Goods. New Goods opening daily. Ladies' Nett and Silk Ties. Palm, Jap. and Folding Fans. Belts, Belting, Mosquito Bars. Ladies' Linen Collars and Cuffs, Panniers, Corsets, &c. For the Fourth of July, large line Gents' White Cotton and Lisle Gloves.
WHOLESALE ONLY. 77 and 79 MARKET ST.

INSURANCE.

Citizens' Insurance Company,
OF PITTSBURGH.
W. G. JOHNSTON .... President.
WALTER MORRIS .... Secretary.
Office, NO. 96 FOURTH AVENUE,
(ENGLISH BUILDINGS,)
Insures against Loss or Damage by Fire on Dwellings, Stores and other Buildings; Furniture, Household Goods and Stocks of Merchandise.
Insures Marine and Inland Risks on Steamboats and Freight at as liberal rates as are consistent with security. Losses promptly adjusted and paid.
DIRECTORS.
W. G. Johnston, John H. Wilson,
Capt. Thos. Snowdon, John Shipton,
Jehu Haworth, George Wilson,
Isaac DeHaven, J. Caldwell, Jr.,
Thos. Pepperday, George Bingham,
R. McEldowney, Alexander Moore,
Cyrus Shepard, Capt. Wm. B. Haslett,
Wm. B. Hays, Jr.
Captain J. ATKINSON, General Agent.

Federal Insurance Company,
OF ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.
FIRE.
Office—Corner Federal and Lacock Streets.
A. McFARLAND, President. Dr. W. J. LANGFITT, Vice President.
R. D. THOMPSON, Secretary.
DIRECTORS.
A. McFarland, James B. Orr,
W. J. Langfitt, Samuel Dyer,
Valentine Baker, Wm. Roseburg,
Joseph H. Boreland, Samuel George, Jr.,
Wm. Schoyer, Albert Pitcairn,
S. B. Smith, H. D. Peebles,
Jacob G. Beel, H. S. McGeary,
B. D. Moore, Henry Palmer,
Alex. Hilands, W. Geo. Gibson,
James M. Hemphill, Samuel Severance.
WM. J. CARSON, General Agent.
MWF

People's Insurance Company,
OF PITTSBURGH.
Office, No. 100 FOURTH AVE., (English Buildings.)
Insures against Loss or Damage by Fire on Dwellings, Stores and other Buildings; Furniture, Household Goods and Stocks of Merchandise.
Losses promptly adjusted and paid.
DIRECTORS.
James Herdman, Captain J. L. Rhodes.
Wm. Vankirk, Charles Arbuckle,
Jared M. Brush, C. B. Shea,
Samuel McCrickart, John Farrell,
Wm. F. Lang, O. P. Scaife,
I. B. D. Meeds, John F. Dravo.
JAMES HERDMAN .... President.
WM. VANKIRK .... Vice President.
WM. F. GARDNER .... Secretary.
GEO. M. ALEXANDER .... Gen'l Agent.

Manufacturers and Merchants' INSURANCE COMPANY.
87 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
Capital, - - $250,000
ASSETS, $367,015 07, JANUARY 1, 1876.
JAMES I. BENNETT .... President.
JOHN W. CHALFANT .... Vice President.
JAS. M. KENNEY .... Secretary.
AUGUST AMMON .... General Agent.
DIRECTORS.
James I. Bennett, John Wilson,
A. E. W. Painter, Henry A. Weaver,
John W. Chalfant, Geo. W. Hailman,
Robert Lea, Joseph Walton,
I. C. Pershing, C. W. Batchelor,
William Walker, S. F. Von Bonnhorst,
Mark W. Watson.

Western Insurance Co.
OF PITTSBURGH.
INCORPORATED MARCH 20, 1849.
Assets January 1, 1876 - - $328,615.
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
Office—First National Bank Building, corner of Fifth avenue and Wood street.
DIRECTORS.
Alex. Nimick, Reuben Miller, Jr.,
Alex. Speer, Andrew Ackley,
Wm. Morrison, David M. Long,
Chas. J. Clarke, John R. McCune,
Wm. S. Evans, John B. Jackson,
Phillip Reymer, John Wilson,
H. Sellers McKee.
ALEXANDER NIMICK .... President.
WM. P. HERBERT .... Secretary.
GEO. NEELD .... Agent and Surveyor.

Monongahela Insurance Co.,
OF PITTSBURGH.
INCORPORATED 1854.
CASH CAPITAL - - $175,000
Insures Against Fire and Marine Losses.
Office—NORTHEAST CORNER WOOD STREET AND FOURTH AVENUE, Second Floor, entrance on Fourth avenue.
WM. A. CALDWELL .... President.
GEO. A. BERRY .... Vice President.
JNO. H. CLANEY .... Secretary.
Capt. F. A. DORHMAN, Gen'l Agent and Surveyor.
DIRECTORS.
Wm. A. Caldwell, David M. Smith,
George A. Berry, William Rea,
Henry Hays, Robert Dalzell,
James Woodburn, William Means,
Charles Atwell, Geo. W. Dilworth,
R. H. Palmer, David McCandless,
James A. McDevitt, D. S. H. Gilmore,
James McCandless.

Strength is Security!
ASSETS JAN. 1, 1875, $13,500,000 GOLD.
ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF LIVERPOOL.
J. G. COFFIN & CO., Agents,
Cor. Third Avenue and Wood Street, Pittsburgh, Pa
MWF

TO INVENTORS!
THE INVENTORS' PROTECTIVE AND BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATION OF THE UNITED STATES respectfully announce to Inventors generally, that they have secured a large and eligible space in the Centennial Building, Philadelphia, and will there place on exhibition models of inventions of its members. Any Inventor desiring to avail himself of this unusual opportunity to display his invention to millions of visitors, should apply without delay.
For further particulars, advice, &c., apply to the General Office,
NO. 104 FIFTH AVENUE,
Opposite P. O., Pittsburgh, Pa.

MEDICAL.

THE GREAT
ENGLISH REMEDY!
The Cordial Balm of Syricum and Tonic Pills.
NERVOUS DEBILITY.
However obscure the cause may be which contribute to render nervous debility a disease so prevalent, affecting, as it does, nearly one-half of our adult population, it is a melancholy fact that day by day, and year by year, we witness a most frightful increase of nervous affections from the slightest neuralgia to the more grave and extreme forms of
NERVOUS PROSTRATION,
characterized by a general languor or weakness of the whole organism, especially of the nervous system, obstructing and preventing the ordinary functions of nature; hence there is a disordered state of the secretions; constipation, scanty and high-colored urine with an excess of earthy or limey sediment, indicative of waste of brain and nerve substance, frequent palpitations of the heart, loss of memory, and marked irresolution of purpose, and inability to carry into action any well defined business enterprise, or to fix the mind upon any one thing at a time. There is great sensitiveness to impress though retained but a short time, with a flickering and fluttering condition of the mental faculties, rendering an individual what is commonly called a whiffle-minded, or fickle-minded man.
This condition of the individual, distressing as it is, may, with a certainty, be cured by
THE CORDIAL BALM OF SYRICUM AND LOTHROP'S TONIC PILLS.
Medicines unrivalled for their wonderful properties and remarkable cures of all Nervous Complaints. Their efficacy is equally great in the treatment and cure of Cancers, Nodes, Ulcers, Pastule, Pimples, Tetter, Fever Sores, Ringworm, Erysipelas, Scaldhead, Barbers' Itch, Scurvy, Salt Rheum, Copper-Colored Blothes, Glandular Swelling, Worms and Black Spots in the Flesh. Discolorations, Ulcers in the Throat, Mouth and Nose, Sore Legs, and sores of every character, because these medicines are the very best
BLOOD MEDICINE
Ever placed before the people, and are warranted to be the most Powerful Alterative ever originated by man, removing Morbid Sensibility, Depression of Spirits, Dementia, and Melancholia.
Each package of the Cordial Balm contains one box of the Tonic Pills, which may also be had separately at 50 cents per box.

DR. WHITTIER,
FOUNDER AND PROPRIETOR OF THE
KEYSTONE DISPENSARY,
302 Penn Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.,
Continues to afford reliable special treatment in all Private and Urinary Diseases. Perfect cures guaranteed. Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, resulting from self abuse or sexual excess, producing nervous debility, night emissions, despondency, dizziness, dimness of sight, pimples on the face, weakness of mind and body, and final impotency, loss of sexual power, sterility, &c., unfitting the victim for marriage or business, and rendering life miserable, are permanently cured in shortest possible time. Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, all Urinary diseases and Syphilis, (all forms,) consisting of Skin Eruptions, Ulcers, &c., are perfectly cured, and the blood-poison thoroughly eradicated from the system. DR. WHITTIER is a regular graduate of medicine, as his diploma at office shows; his life-long special experience in all private diseases, with purest medicine prepared by himself, enables him to cure difficult cases after others fail—it is self-evident that a physician treating thousands of cases every year acquires great skill. Consultation and correspondence private and free. Pamphlet sent sealed for stamp. Medicines sent everywhere. Hours 9 A. M. to 4 P. M. and 6 to 8 P. M. Sundays from 10 A. M. to 1 P. M.
"TRUE MARRIAGE GUIDE,"
144 pages, fine illustrations, cloth and gilt binding. A book for private, careful reading, by both sexes, married or single, explaining wonders and mysteries of sexual system, reproduction, marriage impediments, &c., causes, consequence and cure. Price 50 cents, at office or by mail, sent securely sealed. Address KEYSTONE DISPENSARY, No. 302 Penn street Pittsburgh, Pa. d*

A Cure Guaranteed for
ALL forms of Venereal, Private and Chronic Diseases at the GIRARD MEDICAL DISPENSARY, No. 83 Sixth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. The Proprietors are Regular Graduates of Medicine and Surgery, as Diploma at office will show, are longer engaged and the most successful, as their extended city practice will prove. Age, with experience, can be relied on.
Gleet, Stricture, Orchitis, Hernia, Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, and all urinary diseases, and Syphilitic or Mercurial affections of the Throat, Skin or Bones, are cured in the shortest possible time that will insure permanent relief. Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness and Impotency, as the result of self-abuse in youth, or excess in maturer years, and which produce some of the following effects, as emissions, blotches, debility, dizziness, nervousness, dimness of sight, cough, indigestion, constipation, despondency, confusion of ideas, aversion to society, loss of memory and sexual power, and which unfits the victim for business or marriage, are thoroughly and permanently cured. A medical circular relating to private diseases, sent in sealed envelope for one stamp. All communications confidential.
Office Hours from 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sunday, from 5 to 7 P. M.

MARRIAGE GUIDE
An illustrated work 275 pages, a private counselor to the married and marriageable on the mysteries of the sexual system, its abuses, ets., latest discoveries in the science of reproduction; how to be truly happy in the married relation. Male and female, young and middle aged should read and preserve it; it contains information, which no one can afford to be without; on how to preserve the health, and complexion, and give to faded cheeks the freshness of youth; the best and only true Marriage Guide in the world. Price 50 cents by Mail. The author may be consulted personally or by mail on any of the subjects mentioned in his work. Address Dr. A. G. OLIN, 187 Washington st., Chicago, Ill. d*

MARRIAGE GUIDE.
A Physiological View of Marriage for the married and those contemplating marriage, on the mysteries of reproduction and the secret infirmities of youth manhood and womanhood. An illustrated book of 260 pages for private reading, which should be kept under lock and key. Sent under seal for 30 cts.
A PRIVATE MEDICAL TREATISE on all diseases of a Private Nature in both sexes, the abuses and disorders of the sexual system, and the means of cure, 150 pages with engravings, sent under seal for 25 cts.
MEDICAL ADVICE on Sexual and Chronic Diseases, a 50 page work sent under seal for 10 cts. All three books containing 460 pages sent securely sealed for 60 cts. Address Dr. Butts' Dispensary, No. 12 N. 8th St. Louis, Mo. [Established 1847.]

MARRIAGE SECRETS.
DR. BOHANNAN'S Marriage Guide illustrated with numerous engravings from life teaches all the inquisitive should know on Courtship, Marriage, the Physiological Mysteries and Revelations of the Sexual system, how to cure all kind of Diseases, with hundreds of valuable receipts, who should marry, the impediments to marriage, their nature and cure. Treats on all Diseases, fully explaining their causes, symptoms and means to cure; 'tis the only really scientific work of the kind ever published, and is complete in every respect. Sent securely sealed on receipt of 50 cts. Address, Dr. C. A. BOHANNAN, 619 North Fifth street, St. Louis, Mo. Established in 1837.

A CARD.
To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D, Bible House, New York City.*
MWF*

PRIVATE DISEASE—OFFICE NO. 194 PENN STREET, next door to St. Clair Hotel. For the cure of all diseases of a private nature in from two to four days, by an entirely new and safe treatment. Also seminal weakness, impotency and all other diseases of the genital organs and their prevention. A cure guaranteed or money refunded. Has Diploma in the office, and is a regular physician of twenty years' standing in this city, having cured 20,000 cases. Book and circular, 10 cents. Address DOCTOR W., 194 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Office hours from 9 A. M. till 5 P. M.

PRESCRIPTION FREE.—FOR THE speedy cure of Nervous Debility, Weakness, Opium Eating, Drunkenness, Catarrh, Asthma and Consumption. Any Druggist can put it up. Address PROF. WIGGIN Charlestown, Mass.

RAILROADS.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.
On and after SUNDAY, July 2d, 1876, trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, as follows, city time:

LEAVES.		ARRIVES.	
Arnold's Parker Acc.	6:50 a m	Night Express	6:20 a m
Buffalo Express	8:30 a m	Arnolds Park Ac	6:40 a m
Soda Wks Ac	10:15 a m	Soda Wks Ac	8:10 a m
Freeport Acc	12:20 p m	Arnolds Park Ac	9:55 a m
Titusville Ex	2:05 p m	Emlenton & Reynoldsville Ac	11:15 a m
Emlenton & Reynoldsville Ac	3:20 p m	Soda Wks Ac	1:45 p m
Arnolds Park Ac	5:00 p m	Titusville Ex	2:35 p m
Soda Wks Ac	6:15 p m	Freeport Acc	6:00 p m
Night Express	8:25 p m	Buffalo Ex	7:30 p m
Arnolds Park Ac	11:10 p m	Arnolds Park Ac	10:05 p m

All Trains Daily, except Sunday.
Church Train—Leaves Soda Works at 8:40 a m, arriving at Pittsburgh at 10:05 a m. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh at 12:50 p m, arriving at Soda Works at 2:15 p m., stopping at all Stations.
Sunday Special—Leaves Pittsburgh at 7:40 a m, arriving at Emlenton 11:45 a m. Returning, leaves Emlenton 3:15 p m. arriving at Pittsburgh 7:35 p m, stopping at all stations.
Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars on Night Express between Pittsburgh and Mayville.
Buffalo Express north connects at Red Bank with trains on Low Grade Division for Brookville and Driftwood, making connections at Driftwood with trains on the P. and E. R. R. eastward to Williamsport, and westward to Emporium, Olean and points on B. N. Y. and P. R. R.
[illegible] Express, north and south, connect at Red Bank with trains on Low Grade Division for Sligo, [illegible] Reynoldsville.
[illegible] Express north and south, make close connections [illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible] MORTON HALL, General Passenger and Ticket Agent,
[illegible] General Superintendent.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—
On and after SUNDAY, April 16th, 1876, trains will leave Union Depot, Pittsburgh, as follows:
CITY TIME.
MAIN LINE EASTWARD.
Pacific Express daily, except Monday, at 2:26 a. m., arriving at Harrisburg at 11:30 a. m., Philadelphia 3 30 p. m., New York 6:45 p. m.
Mail Train daily, except Sunday, 7:26 a. m., arriving at Harrisburg 8:15 p. m.
Day Express daily, at 8:26 a. m., arriving at Harrisburg 3:55 p. m., Philadelphia 7:20 p. m., New York 10:20 p. m., Baltimore 7:35 p. m., Washington 9:07 p. m.
Atlantic Express, daily, 12:51 p. m., arriving at Harrisburg 11:05 p m, Philadelphia 3:10 a m, New York 6:50 a m.
Philadelphia Express daily, except Sunday, 4:31 p m, arriving at Harrisburg 3:40 a m, Philadelphia 7:00 a m. New York 10:10 a m.
Fast Line daily at 7:51 p m, arriving at Harrisburg 3:45 a m, Philadelphia 7:35 a m, New York 10:25 a m. Baltimore 7:35 a m, Washington 9:02 a m.
Johnstown Accommodation, 3:41 p m.
Wall's Accommodation, 6:41, 10:21, 11:46 a m, 2:41, 5:46, 6:11 and 11:31 p m. Sunday 12:56 p m.
Brinton Accommodation, 6:06 a m, 5:01 and 9:36 p m. Sunday 9:26 p m.
Wilkinsburg Accommodation 9:21 a m, 1:41, 3:11, 5:21, 7:11 and 8:11 p m.
Torrens Accommodation 10:11 p m.
MAIN LINE WESTWARD
Trains arrive at Union Depot (city time) as follows:
Mail Train daily, except Monday........1:0 a m
Fast Line daily, except Monday........1:36 a m
Pittsburgh Express daily, except Monday..7:36 a m
Cincinnati Express daily........8:11 a m
Pacific Express daily........1:41 p m
Limited Mail daily........5:41 p m
Way Passenger daily........8:51 p m
Johnstown Accommodation........10:36 a m
Wall's Accommodation 6:36, 9:01 a m, 1:31, 3:41, 5:51 and 7:56 p m. Sunday, 10:00 a m.
Brinton Accommodation, 7:41 and 8:16 a m, 7:06, 11:11 p m. Sunday, 7:06 p m.
Wilkinsburg Accommodation, 11:46 a m, 3:06, 4:41, 7:31, 9:21 and 10:01 p m.
Torrens Accommodation 7:11 a m.
SOUTHWEST PENN. RAILWAY.
No Change of Cars.
Youghiogheny Express, except Sunday, 8:31 a m.
Connellsville Express, daily, except Sunday, 4:36 p m.
Trains arrive from Connellsville at 9:41 a m and 6:46 p m.
WEST PENNSYLVANIA DIVISION.
From Federal Street Depot, Allegheny City.
City Time:
Mail Train, connecting for Butler........6:46 a m
Express, connecting for Butler........3:20 p m
Freeport Accommodation, 9:16 a m, and 4:56 p m
Springdale Accommodation, 11:26 a m, 6:16, 8:41 and 11:31 p m. On Sunday at 12:51 and 9:21 p m
Market Train for Butler........3:51 p m
Trains arrive at Federal Street Depot (city time) as follows:
Express, connecting from Butler........9:56 a m
Mail Train, connecting from Butler........5:26 p m
Freeport Accommodation, 8:11 a m and 1:36 p m
Springdale Accommodation, 6:58 a m, 3:46, 7:16 and 11:11 p m. On Sunday at 9:51 a m and 7:01 p m
Market Train from Butler........9:11 a m
The Excelsior Baggage Express Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences. Time cards and full information can be obtained at the ticket offices, No. 78 Fifth avenue and the Union Depot.
FRANK THOMSON, General Manager.
D. M. BOYD, Jr., General Passenger Agent.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY, CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.
On and after April 16th, 1876, trains will leave and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, city time, as follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Fast Line	1:57 a m	Atlantic Ex	2:22 a m
Erie and Ashtabula Ex	7:12 a m	Wheeling Ex	10:47 a m
Clev & W Mail	8:32 a m	Chicago Ex	12:27 p m
Chicago Ex	9:12 a m	Erie and Ashtabula Ex	9:42 p m
Clev & Whg Ex	1:52 p m	Chicago Mail	3:42 p m
Pacific Express	2:12 p m	Cleveland Ex	3:52 p m
Wheeling Ex	4:17 p m	Chicago and St. Louis Ex	7:17 p m
Erie & Wrn Ex	4:37 p m	Cleve & W Ex	7:27 p m
Fast Through Mail	6:02 p m	Erie Ex	11 27 p m
Depart from Allegheny.		Arrive in Allegheny.	
Beaver Falls Ac	8:47 a m	Leetsdale Ac	6:42 a m
Leetsdale Ac	10:27 a m	Leetsdale Ac	7:27 a m
Leetsdale Ac	12:07 p m	Beaver Falls Ac	8:12 a m
Sharpsville Ac	1:12 p m	Enon Ac	8:47 a m
Enon Ac	3:42 p m	Sharpsville and Warren Ac	10:12 p m
Leetsdale Ac	5:12 p m	Leetsdale Ac	12:52 p m
Beaver Falls Ac	6:22 p m	Beaver Falls Ac	2:12 p m
Leetsdale Ac	9:27 p m	Leetsdale Ac	4:37 p m
Leetsdale Ac	11:27 p m	Leetsdale Ac	7:37 p m
Fair Oaks Sunday Church	12:42 p m	Fair Oaks Sunday Church	9:52 a

Fast Through Mail Leaves Daily.
Pacific Express Leaves Daily.
Chicago Express Arrives Daily.
Atlantic Express Arrives Daily, Mondays excepted.
All other trains will Leave and Arrive Daily, Sundays excepted.
J. D. LAYNG, General Manager.
F. R. MYERS, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY, PAN HANDLE ROUTE.
On and after SUNDAY, June 25, 1874, trains leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, as follows, Pittsburgh time:

DEPART.		ARRIVE.	
Fast Line	2:07 a m	McDonald's Ac	6:47 a m
Pacific Express	8:42 a m	Cincinnati Ex	8:02 a m
Dennison Ac	7:17 a m	Washington Ac	8:22 a m
Washington Ac	9:17 a m	Dennison Ac	9:42 a m
McDonald's Ac	11:02 a m	McDonald's Ac	2:02 p m
Columbus Mail	3:12 p m	Washington Ac	3:57 p m
Washington Ac	5:07 p m	Columbus Mail	5:32 p m
Limited Mail	6:02 p m	Fast Line	7:27 p m
McDonald's Ac	6:12 p m	Southern Ex	7:37 p m
Mansfield Ac	11:02 p m	Mansfield Ac	7:12 p m
Sunday Church Train	12:47 p m	Sunday Church Train	10:02 a m
Sunday Church Train	9:42 p m		

Pacific Express and Limited Mail leave daily. Cincinnati Express, Fast Line and Mansfield Accommodation arrive daily.
Fast Line leaves daily, Sundays excepted.
All other trains will run daily, except Sundays.
Sleeping Cars, without change, to Cincinnati, Louisville, Indianapolis and St. Louis.
W. L. O'BRIEN, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.
S. M. FELTON, Jr., General Superintendent.
D. W. CALDWELL, General Manager.

BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD.
—PITTSBURGH DIVISION.
On and after JULY 10, 1876, Trains on this road will depart from and arrive at Depot, corner Grant and Water streets, as follows, Pittsburgh time:

DEPART.		ARRIVE.	
Connellsville Ac	6:15 a m	McKeesport Ac	6:45 a m
Through Mail	7:45 a m	Through Ex	7:15 a m
McKeesport Ac	9:15 a m	McKeesport Ac	7:40 a m
McKeesport Ac	11:26 a m	W. Newton Ac	8:30 a m
McKeesport Ac	3:25 p m	Uniontown Ex	9:40 a m
Uniontown Ex	3:55 p m	McKeesport Ac	12:40 p m
McKeesport Ac	4:15 p m	McKeesport Ac	[illegible] p m
W. Newton Ac	5:10 p m	Uniontown Ex	5:25 p m
McKeesport Ac	6:20 p m	McKeesport Ac	6:0[illegible] p m
Through Ex	8:00 p m	McKeesport Ac	7:3[illegible] p m
McKeesport Ac	10:05 p m	Through Mail	7:4[illegible] p m
Church Train	12:45 p m	Church Train	[illegible] a m

Mail Trains daily. Through Express departs daily except Sunday. Through Express arrives daily, except Monday. Accommodation Trains and Uniontown Express, daily, except Sunday. Church Trains, Sunday only.

75 MILES THE SHORTEST TO WASHINGTON, and the only line via the National Capital to the Eastern cities.
Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars on Through Express, and magnificent Day Cars through to Washington and Baltimore without change.
Ticket Offices, corner Fifth avenue and Smithfield street, and Depot, corner Grant and Water streets.
E. K. HYNDMAN, General Superintendent.
L. M. COLE, General Ticket Agent.
R. EVANS, Passenger Agent.

Insure with the Etna of Hartford
59 FOURTH AVENUE
ASSETS JAN. 1876 $6,497,275.94
E. S. CARRIER, Agent.

WM. HOLMES .... JAMES IRWIN
JAMES IRWIN & CO.
OIL OF VITRIOL, MURIATIC ACID, NITRIC ACID, ENGLISH CAUSTIC SODA AND AQUA AMMONIA
OFFICE NO. 15 MARKET ST. PITTSBURGH

ADVERTISING
Don't do any in any paper or papers, until you get our figures. It will cost you nothing and will surely save you money. Address, St. Louis Advertising & Publ'g Co., St. Louis, Mo.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

SATURDAY EVENING, August 26, 1876.

The monetary business of the week closed in its ordinary quiet and slumberous condition, without showing any signs of being affected by the excited and important movements in other markets. Money remains excessively abundant, the demand for discounts is light, and in other respects local banking transactions are devoid of anything like interest. The clearing house statement shows another light week's business, the amount of exchanges being the smallest for more than two months. The report of operations of the clearing house for the week ending to-day is as follows:

	Exchanges.	Balances.
August 21	$626,906 85	$105,535 24
August 22	671,806 98	131,771 26
August 23	588,539 46	161,031 34
August 24	762,735 95	177,680 78
August 25	571,678 41	132,062 19
August 26	621,219 90	149,453 71
Total	$3,842,887 55	$857,535 52
Week ending August 19	4,114,031 25	830,931 64
Week ending August 12	4,788,919 10	1,126,843 97
Week ending August 5	4,788,143 96	898,635 60
Week ending July 29	4,259,020 07	935,752 73
Week ending July 22	4,648,820 69	863,504 77
Week ending July 15	4,200,959 35	660,487 53
Week ending July 8	4,175,772 59	670,952 81
Week ending July 1	4,395,726 41	885,232 92
Week end'g Aug. 28, '75	3,808,742 68	622,193 69
Total, 1876 to date	141,988,665 57	27,762,570 76
Total, 1875 to date	152,197,086 89	27,032,006 23

—The New York stock market appears to have settled down into comparative quiet and steadiness after the excitements of the last week. The coal stocks have found their level, and the effect of the excitement on the general share market seems to have fully expended itself. The statement of the averages of the New York associated banks is favorable, notwithstanding a slight decrease in legal tenders, which was more than off-set by a gain in specie. The loans were expanded over a million—a gratifying sign. The New York banks now hold in lawful money in excess of the 25 per cent. required by law $21,249,775, as against $20,956,050 last week. The following are the comparative totals:

	August 19.	August 26.	Differences.
Loans	$253,339,400	$254,443,400	Inc. $1,104,000
Specie	19,873,400	20,946,500	Inc. 1,073,100
L'g'l t'n'rs.	57,584,300	56,939,000	Dec. 645,300
Deposits	226,006,600	225,542,200	Inc. 536,300
Circulation	14,714,600	14,640,400	Dec. 74,200
T'l reserve.	77,457,700	77,885,500	Inc. 427,800
Reserve required	56,501,650	56,635,725	
Excess	20,956,050	21,249,775	Inc. 293,725

—The question as to the use of the new 4½ per cent. bonds by the national banks for deposit to secure circulation has received a favorable decision as will be seen by the extract quoted below. This will, it is thought, cause a considerable amount of new national bank circulation to be taken out during the coming fall, against which the usual 80 per cent. of legal tenders will be retired. The information with reference to the decision on the applicability of the bonds to national banking purposes is contained in the following extract from a Washington special to the New York *Herald:*

> Inquiry was made at the Treasury Department to-day as to the application of section 51, page 71, of the Revised Statutes of the availability of the four and a half per cent. bonds for banking business. The Solicitor of the Treasury decided, in reply through the Loan branch, that circulation to the amount of ninety per centum of the par value of the four and a half per cent. bonds might be issued by the Comptroller of the Currency in circulating notes upon the required deposit of such bonds. The above mentioned section, though specifying bonds bearing interest at a rate not less than five per centum per annum, is superceded, it is held by sections 51-59, which provide that "any United States registered bonds bearing interest are available to commence banking business." The decision will, it is thought, immediately give an impetus to the demand of the four and a half per cents. and enhance their value considerably.

—We see it stated that the son of Henry D. Cooke, at Washington, has recently paid to the Comptroller of the Currency a sum sufficient to enable the Comptroller to declare a final dividend to the creditors of the First National Bank of that city, of which the Cookes were the principal stockholders. This dividend, it is said, was in full of the entire amount of the claims. The entire indebtedness having been paid, the Cookes are released from the penalties of the National Banking law, and almost simultaneously came the announcement that the banking firm of Jay Cooke & Co. had been released from bankruptcy. It is now said that the Cookes ask that the right to reorganize the first National Bank of the District of Columbia be granted them. To this there would seem to be no obstacle, and they may now go into the banking business under the act of January 14, 1875, but whether they can claim the old title is a matter of consideration in the Treasury Department. It is understood that the First National Bank of New York are the financial backers of the Cookes in their effort to resume business.

—The earnings of the Western Union Telegraph Company during the last quarter were $100,000 over the last dividend of 1½ per cent., which is also above the estimate of that quarter. The earnings of the company exhibit a steady increase.

—The following table shows the prices of gold, Government bonds, railway stocks, etc., at the various sessions of the New York Stock Exchange during the day, furnished by the Fifth National Bank, No. 16 Sixth street:

August 26, 1876.	10:30 A. M.	11:30 A. M.	12:30 P. M.	1:30 P. M.	2:30 P. M.	3:00 P. M.
Gold	111⅛	111	111	111	111	111
U. S. 6's, 1881, coup.	....	119½	....	....	....	....
5-20's, 1865	....	114	....	....	....	....
5-20's, 1865 (new)	....	114⅝	....	....	....	....
5-20's, 1867, registered	....	117¾	....	....	....	....
5-20's, 1867	....	118¾	....	....	....	....
5-20's, 1868, registered	....	120⅛	....	....	....	....
5-20's, 1868	....	120½	....	....	....	....
10-40's	....	116	....	....	....	....
10-40's, coupons	....	119¾	....	....	....	....
Currency 6's	....	126⅜	....	....	....	....
New 5 per cents	....	115⅝	....	....	....	....
Western Union Tel.	70⅛	69¾	69⅝	69¾	69⅞	69¾
Quicksilver	13	....	....	13	....	....
Pacific Mail	23⅝	....	....	23⅝	23	23½
Panama	126	....	....	126	....	....
Adams Express	111¼	....	....	110½	....	....
Wells-Fargo Express	85½	....	....	85½	....	....
American Express	61¼	....	....	61	....	....
United States Ex.	64½	....	....	64½	....	....
New York Central	....	....	....	....	....	106
Erie	11⅞	11¾	11¾	11⅞	11¾	11⅝
Michigan Central	40⅛	39⅞	39⅝	39¾	39⅝	39⅝
Michigan Southern	53	....	53⅛	53½	53⅛	53⅛
Illinois Central	88½	88½	....	....	....	....
Cleveland & Pitts	92⅛	....	....	92¼	....	....
Chicago & Northwest	38½	38	38	37¾	37½	37¾
Do. preferred	....	61¾	....	....	....	61⅝
Rock Island	103⅛	103⅛	103⅛	103¼	103⅛	103⅛
St. Paul common	33⅝	35	34	33⅝	33⅜	33⅝
Do. preferred	67½	67	....	....	67¾	67⅝
Wabash, common	....	....	....	2½	....	2
Fort Wayne	101½	....	....	102½	....	....
Ohio & Mississippi	12	11⅞	....	12	....	11⅝
Union Pacific	....	....	....	....	....	62
Hannibal & St. Joe	10½	....	....	11	....	11
Atlantic & Pac., pre	....	....	....	....	....	2½
Iron Mountain	....	....	....	18¼	....	....
C., C. & I. C.	3⅜	....	....	3⅜	....	3⅜
Missouri Pacific	....	....	....	....	....	4¾
Atlantic & Pac. Tel.	....	....	....	....	17	....
South Carolinas, April	....	32	....	....	....	....
South Carolinas, July	....	32	....	....	....	....
Missouri 6's	....	106¼	....	....	....	....

—The following is the report of prices of the leading stocks on the Philadelphia Stock Board, as received by wire at noon to-day:

Stocks.	Bid.	Asked.	Sales.
Pennsylvania Central	47⅝	47¼	....
Reading	....	....	47
United Cos. of N. J.	....	138	....
Pitts., Titusville & Buf	9½	9¾	....
Lehigh Valley	53	55	....
Allegheny Valley 7-30's	101¼	....	....
Central Transportation	....	44	....
Empire Transportation	....	50	....

[By Associated Press.]

Gold Closed at 111.

MONEY.

NEW YORK, August 26.—Money closed easy at 1½ per cent. on call. The Assistant Treasurer disbursed $300,000. Customs receipts $84,000. Clearings $27,000,000. Sterling dull at 487@489.

GOLD.

Gold opened and closed at 111, with sales in the interim at 111⅛. Borrowing rates ⅛, 1, 1½ and 2 per cent. Loans also made flat.

STOCKS AND BONDS.

Government bonds opened weak in sympathy with the London market, where prices went down on the announcement that the first call for redemption will be issued by the Secretary of the Treasury September 1. Market closed active and lower. Railroad bonds were higher in some cases; this afternoon Northwestern consolidated gold coupons advanced to 93¼ and closed at that price bid. Union Pacific firsts rose to 106¾. The remainder of the list was strong. State bonds quiet and prices nominal. In final dealings the stock market was strong and higher. In the entire list there was an advance of ¼@1¼ per cent. from the lowest point of the afternoon. Delaware, Lackawanna and Western advanced to 84; Delaware and Hudson Canal to 86; New Jersey Central to 40½; Morris and Essex to 95; Michigan Central to 39¾; Western Union to 69¾; Pacific Mail to 23⅝; Rock Island to 103½ and Lake Shore to 53⅛. The market closed active and steady. Transactions at the Stock Exchange to-day aggregated 164,000 shares, of which 9,000 were Erie, 21,000 Lake Shore, 14,000 Rock Island, 3,500 Pacific Mail, 7,500 St. Paul, 39,000 Western Union, 38,000 Delaware, Lackawanna and Western, 16,500 New Jersey Central and 9,000 Michigan Central. The following were the closing quotations:

STOCKS.

W. U. Telegraph	69¾	N. J. Central	40½
Quicksilver	13	Rock Island	103½
Do. preferred	15	St. Paul	33⅝
Pacific Mail	23⅝	Do. preferred	63¾
Mariposa	6	Toledo & Wabash	2
Do. preferred	6½	Do. preferred	2
Adams Express	110	Ft. Wayne	101
Wells-Fargo Ex	85½	Terre Haute	2
American Ex	60	Do. preferred	3
U. S. Express	64½	Chicago & Alton	98
New York Central	106	Do. preferred	103
Erie	11½	Ohio & Mississippi	11⅝
Do. preferred	15	Delaware & Lac	84
Harlem	137½	Atlantic & P. Tel.	17¼
Do. preferred	133	Missouri Pacific	2⅝
Michigan Central	39⅝	Indiana Central	3⅜
Panama	126	Burlington & Q	114
Lake Shore	53	Hannibal & St. Joe	11
Illinois Central	88	Central Pac. bonds	111
Cleveland & Pitts	91½	Union Pac. bonds	106⅝
Northwestern	37¾	Union Pacific stck	62
Do. preferred	61½	Do. land grants	105¼
C., C., C. & I.	41½	Do. sink'g fu'd bds	95⅝

GOVERNMENTS.

U.S. coupons, 1881	119¼	New 5's	115⅝
5-20's, 1865	113⅞	10-40's, registered	116
5-20's, 1865, new	114⅜	10-40's, coupons	119¾
5-20's, 1867	118⅞	Currency 6's	126½
5-20's, 1868	120¼		

STATE BONDS.

Tennessee, old	48	Virginia, old	26
Tennessee, new	48	Missouri 6's	106¼
Virginia, new	25		

LONDON, August 26, 5 P. M.—Consols 96 3-16. United States bonds—5-20's '65, 105⅝; do. '67, 108¼; 10-40's, 107; new 5's, 107. Railroad securities—New York Central, 97; Erie 10⅝; do preferred, 18.

The Stock Exchange has been very quiet during the past week and business has been insufficient to maintain prices. Consols were dull at slightly weaker rates. Indian securities declined one per cent. English railways were depressed by unfavorable weekly traffic returns, and almost all have been flat, though they slightly recovered toward the close of the week. Canadian railways were ¼@1½ lower. Foreign Governments were inactive and dull in the early part of the week, but by Friday they were stronger. Russian, Hungarian, Turkish, Italian and Portuguese were slightly higher; all others show a decline. American Governments were weak throughout at a material decline on the week. All the Erie issues were depressed by the announcement of a new reorganization scheme. The miscellaneous list has been quiet and steady.

PARIS, August 26.—Rentes 106 francs 40 centimes.

FRANKFORT, August 26.—United States bonds—New 5's 103¾.

BERLIN, August 26.—The specie in the Imperial Bank of Germany decreased 611,000 marks the past week.

NEW ORLEANS, August 26.—Gold 111¼. Sight exchange on New York ⅜ per cent. premium. Sterling exchange 544.

GENERAL MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, }
SATURDAY, August 26, 1876. }

The leading branches of trade in our city pursued the even tenor of their way for the most part; but there were one or two exceptions in which events of importance transpired. The most noticeable instance of this kind was the upward rush of petroleum, which made an advance never before equalled in a single day; but to which we need not devote much space here, as it is fully discussed in our weekly petroleum review. The other commercial movements of the day were less marked, being free from speculative excitement, and due wholly to causes of a legitimate character. In produce the demand was considerably improved, and we note increased activity and material advances in butter, fruits and potatoes, while timothy seed was dull and lower. In provisions the antecedent weakness of bulkmeats, lard, and pork resulted in a decline of a point on these staples, leaving the market still rather easy with a moderate jobbing demand. The only news of importance in groceries is a reduction of ⅛c in roasted coffee, sugars continuing firm and trade moderate. The dry goods trade closed an active and satisfactory week's trade, and the tendency of prices seems generally toward improvement. Prints were especially firm, in sympathy with the firmness at the East. Concerning the great manufacturing interests of New England, a leading cotton mill owner writes to the Boston *Herald:*

> Business has more than touched bottom. It has taken a rise upward, with the promise of a moderate prosperity in the future. This prosperity is foreshadowed by the growing demand, which is now entirely legitimate; for about all the old stocks of unfashionable goods have been worked off the market and gone into consumption. Still you must understand we cannot anticipate any great rise while the demand is circumscribed by the lack of financial ability on the part of the people, caused by the dullness of trade and paralysis of industry. We are hopeful now because we are manufacturing at an actual profit, the same, of course, varying with different grades of goods, but perhaps averaging about half a cent a yard.

The receipts of the leading articles of produce, in this city, since our last, are as follows:

Flour, bbls	2,155	Apples, bbls	24
Corn, bus	400	Cheese, bxs	103
Wheat, bus	1,800	Butter, pkgs	63
Oats, bus	3,368	Bacon, tcs	21
Potatoes, bus	66		

The receipts of the leading articles of produce in this city during the week ending to-day, compared with the corresponding receipts for the three preceding weeks, are as follows:

Week ending	Aug. 5.	Aug. 12.	Aug. 18.	Aug. 26
Flour, bbls	7,663	6,814	7,958	9,030
Apples, bbls	554	625	493	375
Cheese, bxs	1,202	1,957	1,915	789
Corn, bus	12,192	6,877	9,998	8,223
Wheat, bus	9,318	5,763	5,716	6,449
Barley, bus	....	....	....	450
Rye, bus	2,475	2,071	400	1,322
Oats, bus	21,941	11,521	10,833	11,557
Butter, pkgs	259	277	216	77
Bacon, pcs	5,205	19,850	1,571	14,205
Bacon, tcs	499	602	298	620
Potatoes, bus	953	1,712	1,080	1,972
Hay, bales	165	455	701	130

The quotations given in the following reports are prices realized in wholesale transactions, unless otherwise specified. On small sales, dealers will charge an advance. Prices of grain, unless stated to the contrary, are free in elevator.

Grain, Flour and Feed.

GRAIN—Trade continues to move rather slowly in grain circles, and the market rules quiet and steady with rather light receipts. Wheat is about steady with a moderate demand, principally from the local millers. We note sales several cars prime new Pennsylvania red winter at $1 15. We quote new winter at $1 10@1 15 for red; $1 17@1 20 for amber and white. Old winters are rather nominal at $1 18@1 20 ⅌ bushel for prime Indiana red winter; $1 00@1 10 for Ohio and Pennsylvania do; low grades 80c@$1 00. Corn is rather weak and only strictly prime will obtain full prices, while mixed is difficult of sale without price concessions. We quote shelled at 55@56c for prime yellow Kansas; 52@53c for Ohio do; 51@52c for high mixed; 50@51c for low-mixed. Ear is quiet at 52@53c for prime yellow; 50@51c for mixed. Oats continue firm with light receipts, but we note no tendency to demand advanced prices. We quote prime white new at 31@32c; mixed do 29@30c; Old ruled firm at 32@33c for prime white; 30@31c for mixed; white Western 34@35c. Rye is steady with sales of 2 cars at 60c; we quote at 60@63c, and note 2 cars held at 65c. Jobbing sales rule 3@5c above quotations. The visible supply of grain, comprising the stocks in granary at the principal points of accumulation at lake and seaboard ports, in transit by rail, on the New York canals and the lakes, was as follows at the under-mentioned dates:

	Wheat, bush.	Corn, bush.	Oats, bush.	Barley, bush.	Rye, bush.
Aug. 19, '76	7,080,362	7,746,272	2,321,982	539,986	359,375
Aug. 12, '76	7,583,326	6,628,041	2,419,708	529,454	355,003
Aug. 5, '76	8,705,971	6,685,595	2,057,420	562,415	262,213
July 29, '76	9,181,217	7,544,063	3,578,333	552,702	228,322
July 22, '76	9,659,660	7,594,521	4,066,144	573,010	282,451
July 15, '76	10,341,258	8,124,174	3,757,006	520,986	254,563
July 8, '76	10,168,717	7,851,032	3,846,949	538,490	260,254
July 1, '76	9,886,347	8,444,655	3,780,990	559,208	185,149
Aug. 21, '75	6,654,207	8,167,207	1,468,053	50,063	103,335

FLOUR—There is a firm feeling with an advance of 25c noted on spring wheat flours in Chicago. No advance is made here as yet, however, as dealers have little faith in the permanence in the advance. Rates current are as follows for the wholesale trade of our local millers: No. 1 white wheat flour $7 50 ⅌ barrel; No. 1 amber do $7 00; red wheat flour $6 50@6 75; in sacks 25c off ⅌ barrel. The jobbing prices of the leading dealers for standard brands of flours are steady, as follows: Choice brands of winter wheat flour $6 25@6 50; white wheat $7 00@7 25; Wisconsin is quoted at $5 75@6 00; Minnesota $6 00@6 25; fancy St. Louis $8 25@9 00; choice patents $8 50@9 00; new Ohio red winter wheat flour rules at $5 75@6 00; Graham flour $6 50@6 75; cornmeal 70c ⅌ bushel; oatmeal $5 75@6 00 ⅌ barrel; kegs $3 00; rye flour $4 50@4 75 ⅌ barrel.

HAY—Receipts of baled continue very meagre but seem fully adequate to the requirements of the market which is only steady. We quote baled hay on track as follows: Prime No. 1 timothy $13 00@14 00 per ton; No. 2 $11 00@12 00; upland prairie $10 00@11 00. Baled hay from store rules at $15 00@16 00. Loose hay in wagons sold all the way from $11 00@15 00 per ton, as to quality.

MILL FEED—The market is quiet and easy. We quote bran at $11 00@12 00 ⅌ ton; seconds and shipstuffs $13 00@15 00; middlings $18 00@19 00; chopped feed $20 00@21 00.

Country Produce.

APPLES—Continue quiet with an ample supply and unchanged quotations. The demand for choice apples is fair and prices on the best qualities are firm. We quote at $1 25@1 50 for choice; 50c@$1 00 for common.

BEANS—There is little or no demand and prices are entirely nominal at 90c@$1 00 per bushel for navy.

BUTTER—The market developed considerable strength to-day and an advance of 1@2c was reported on choice to fancy grades. We are cognizant of sales of choice solid-packed at 24c but that was conceded to be an outside price for that grade. Still the market was firm throughout at the advance quoted and the demand was quite active. Fancy creamery butter was in very strong demand and the offerings were closed out readily at 28@30c for stock packed with ice; choice fresh rolls were active at 23@24c; choice solid packed 20@22c; prime do 16@18c.

CHEESE—The demand was fairly active and the market was firm without quotable alteration from our former figures. Receipts are moderate, having been 789 boxes for the week. We quote the jobbing prices for Ohio factory at 8¼@9c for choice; 6½@8c for common to good.

EGGS—The market is firm with a light supply. We quote strictly fresh at 13c per dozen.

FEATHERS—Choice are quoted at 60@65c in wholesale lots; lower qualities 50@55c.

FRESH FRUITS—There was a good demand, and on leading articles, prices were firm with a slight advance on some qualities. We quote peaches at $1 75@2 00 for choice; 75c@$1 50 for poor to common. Pears were steady at $2 00@2 50 per bushel. Grapes ruled at $4 00@6 00 per cwt. Water melons were easy at $10 00@18 00 per hundred; canteloups $4 00@7 00. Plums are higher at $2 50@3 00 per bushel.

HONEY—There is a quiet and steady market with new domestic ruling at 25@27c ⅌ lb; new California 25c ⅌ lb.

POULTRY—The market is quiet and easy. We quote live chickens at 40@45c ⅌ pair by the coop.

POTATOES—The light receipts for some time past have allowed the stock here to fall off to a light volume, which did not effect the market so long as the demand was confined to local requirements; but an inquiry having arisen for reshipment to Philadelphia where there is some scarcity, considerable strength was developed and a material advance was made. We quote at $1 75@2 00 ⅌ barrel for prime Early Rose; 75c@$1 50 for common. Sales in bulk were made at 45@50c ⅌ bushel. Sweet potatoes are in moderate supply and steady. We quote at $4 00@4 50 ⅌ barrel for Baltimores; Jerseys $5 00@5 50.

ONIONS—Are quiet and steady at $2 00 per bbl.

SEEDS—Timothy seed is dull and weak at $2 15@2 25 per bushel. Cloverseed is quiet with nothing doing, and prices are nominal at $9 00@10 00 per bushel.

VINEGAR—There is a moderate demand at 18@20c ⅌ gallon for prime country stock; 15c for best city makes.

Provisions.

The demand for the leading staples of hog products continues about steady, and a moderate volume of business is reported. Prices on some of the leading staples are rather easy, and we note a reduction of ⅛c on bulkmeats and lard, and of 50c per barrel on pork. Other articles remain unchanged. Receipts for the past week were moderately liberal, being 14,205 pieces and 620 tierces.

BACON—The market is lower. Jobbing quotations are as follows: Shoulders 8⅞c ⅌ pound; short rib sides 11c; clear sides 11¼c.

CUT AND CURED MEATS—Hams were steady at 13½c ⅌ lb for extra sugar-cured canvassed. Breakfast bacon rules steady and we quote sugar-cured at 15c. Sugar-cured shoulders, canvassed, were steady at 10½c. Dried beef, sugar-cured, was firm at 16c. Beef tongues, ⅌ dozen, are quoted at $6 50@7 00.

LARD—The market was weak and lower. We quote refined lard in tierces 12¾c ⅌ lb; in half barrels 13¼c ⅌ lb; in buckets 13¾c ⅌ lb; in 3-lb caddies 14½c ⅌ lb; in 5-lb caddies 14¼c ⅌ lb; in 3-lb pails 14½c ⅌ lb; in 5-lb pails 14¼c ⅌ lb; in 6-lb pails 14¼c ⅌ lb.

LARD OIL—The market is weak and lower. We quote extra 85c per gallon; No. 1 at 75c ⅌ gallon; No. 2 at 65@68c; miners' oil, white winter, 58c; yellow winter 55c.

MESS PORK—Showed a downward tendency, with light business at $19 50@20 00 ⅌ barrel.

TALLOW—We quote chandlers' city rendered, 8½@8⅝c ⅌ lb; country do 7¾@8c ⅌ lb.

Groceries.

The demand for the leading staples of the grocery trade was moderate to-day, and business was about steady. The only prominent feature was the reduction of ⅛c in roasted coffees, which goes into effect Monday morning. Sugars are firm, but continue unchanged, as is the case with other leading articles. Prices current are as follows:

	⅌ lb.		⅌ lb.
Green Coffees.		*Sugars.*	
Fancy Rio	23½@24 c	Standard A	11½c
Choice Rio	23 c	Standard B	11¼c
Prime Rio	22 c	Do. extra C	10⅞c
Good Rio	20 c	Extra C—yel.	10⅝c
Ordinary Rio	19 c	C—yellow	10 c
Java	29½c	Franklin, B	10¾c
Roasted Coffees.		Cut Loaf	12¾c
Rio, in papers	25 @25½c	Crushed	12¾c
2d grades do	23½@24 c	Powdered	12⅝c
Rio, in bulk	21 @25 c	Granulated	12 c
Java, in papers	31½c	*Molasses.*	⅌ gall.
Java, in bulk	31½c	Str'y ch. N. O.	65c
Teas.		Prime	60@62c
YoungHyson	25c@1 00	Good	55@60c
Gunpowder	35c@ 90	*Syrups.*	
Imperial	30c@ 80	Ex. white drips	65@70c
Japan	25c@ 85	Sugar drips	55@60c
Oolong	25c@ 80	Lower grades	25@45c
Fancy	1 00	*Soaps.*	
Souchong	28c@ 90	Irish soap, ⅌ box	4 25
Rice.		S. S. Star, ⅌ box	5 75
Choice Car'la	6½@7	Babbitt's best, ⅌bx	6 50
Patna	7 @7½c	Gold do	6 50
Rangoon	7 c	Extra olive do	5 00
Louisiana	6 c	Do. N. Y. City, ⅌ lb	9 c
Starch.		German mottled do	7½c
Pearl	3½@4 c	California, ⅌ box	4 20
Silver gloss	9 @10 c	*Soda.*	
Corn	7¼@10½c	Bi-carb, in kgs	4¼@5 c
Spices.		Bi-carb, in 10-lb pkgs	5 c
Cloves	45 c	Bi-carb, in lb papers	6¼c
Allspice	17 c	*Candles.*	
Cassia	33@35 c	Star, full w't	16 c
Nutmegs	$1 15	Stearine	11@13 c
Pepper	18 c	Mould	10@10½c

FISH—A moderate business is done at revised quotations, as follows:

	Per bbl.		Per bbl.
Extra No. 1 Mess mackerel	$25 00	Split Labrador Her'ng, hf-b	6 75@7 00
Extra No. 1 shore	20 00	Lake Pickerel, do	3 50
Extra No. 1 bay	18 00	Lake Herring, do	2 25
Extra No. 2 large	11 50	L'ge Georges cod-fish, ⅌ lb	6¼
No. 2 medium	10 00	Medium Georges	5½
Large No. 3, large	10 00	Halibut, ⅌ lb	12½
No. 3 medium	8 50	No. 1 Herring, ⅌ bx	35
Whitefish, hf-bbls	5 25	Scaled herring do	40
Lake Trout, do	4 50		

FOREIGN FRUITS—There is a light trade. We quote as follows: Raisins—Layers, new, per box, $2 40; London layers do $3 50; Valentias, new, 9⅞c ⅌ lb; Sultanas 18c. Dates 8¼@9c ⅌ lb. Currants 7¼@8c. Citron 25c. Prunes 5¾@6c. Almonds—Languedoc 23c; do shelled 38c; do Princess 37c; do Jordan 55c, do Ivica 22c. Walnuts—Naples 20c; Marbot 15c; Sicily filberts 15c. Smyrna figs 16c. Brazil nuts 10c. Macaroni 11@16c. Tapioca 10c. Lemons—Palermo, ⅌ box, $8 00. Oranges are firm at $7 50 ⅌ box. Coccoanuts $6 50 ⅌ hundred.

CANNED GOODS—Trade is rather quiet, and prices are easy and slightly nominal. We quote green peas, 2 lb cans per doz, $2 00; Raspberries do $2 00; strawberries do $1 75; gooseberries do $1 30; pineapples do, $2 20; blackberries do, $1 50; peaches, 3 lb cans per doz, $2 15@2 25; tomatoes do, $1 40.

Petroleum—Weekly Review.

August 26.—The following are the receipts of crude for the past week, by pipe line and railroad, with a comparison table for previous years; also the exports of refined eastward by the various railroads:

	Rec'pts crude. Rail. Bbls.	Exp'rts Penn'a. R. R. Bbls.	Exp'rts Al. Val. R. R. Bbls.
Monday, August 21	6,145	....	4,992
Tuesday, August 22	6,686	....	4,637
Wednesday, August 23	2,021	....	2,315
Thursday, August 24	5,478	....	6,680
Friday, August 25	6,733	....	1,323
Saturday, August 26	7,754	....	3,639
Total for week	34,817	....	23,585
Since January 1	1,043,250	1,264	525,733
To August 26, 1876	1,078,067	....	549,318
Same time 1875	690,712	4,084	426,415
Same time 1874	1,280,106	103,420	561,336
Same time 1873	1,242,425	39,605	540,816
Same time 1872	807,979	97,752	397,022
Same time 1871	768,151	72,470	407,219
Same time 1870	741,783	93,870	[illegible]
Same time 1869	500,972	82,570	[illegible]
Same time 1868	780,488	121,947	333,270

BUSINESS—The past week has been one of the most remarkable in the history of the oil trade. The unparalleled rise in values which commenced gradually in the early part of the week and, during the last three days, obtained an impetus and rapidity that rushed prices up at the rate of thirty, forty and fifty cents a day, has brought prices to the highest point known for years past, and has astonished even the most sanguine of the speculators. The crude market opened on Monday at $2 78⅞ for the leading certificates, and ruled about steady for the first two days. On Wednesday the upward movement began, an advance of 3¾@5c being made. The following day the upward movement was stronger, and the market began to show some excitement under an advance of 10@12½c. Friday the excitement was fully developed and prices went up with a remarkable rush, the total advance for that day being 27½c, the $3 00 point being touched and passed and $3 17½ being the closing quotation. Saturday the momentum of the movement was even more increased, and with gigantic strides the market went up fully 50c, $3 67½@3 68⅜ being the latest prices on Conduit and United certificates. It will thus be seen that an advance of 90c has been made during the past week and nearly all of it within the past three days. In other words, in less than seventy-two hours the market value of crude petroleum was increased one-third, an appreciation such as has rarely occurred, if ever before. As the advance during the two preceding weeks was over fifty cents, it will be seen that the profits of the bull operation so far have been beyond the most roseate expectations. The sales and resales of crude petroleum during the past week throughout the oil regions are reported as follows:

	Bbls.		Bbls.
Monday	76,000	Thursday	82,000
Tuesday	132,000	Friday	[illegible]
Wednesday	133,000	Saturday	114,063
Total			602,000
Last week			916,000

The advance in the refined market has been even more marked than the movement in crude. In fact the strength of the market is at present derived from the seaboard markets and the foreign demand. The advance in this market has been 4¼@4½c per gallon, with an appreciation in New York of 4⅛@4½c and a corresponding advance in Philadelphia and Baltimore. The English markets are quoted 2¼@3d higher, while Antwerp reports show an appreciation of 3¼@4 francs. The strength thus shown to come from abroad, affords a clue to the causes of this remarkable advance. It is, of course, the wildest folly to ascribe such fluctuations to natural causes. There have been no changes in the prospects of production during the past week which could justify a tithe of the appreciation that has taken place. Nor has actual consumption shown any evidence of marked change, or any probability, except that of restriction, that may result from the increased prices. The causes must be looked for wholly in speculative quarters, and the circumstances afford a *prima facie* corroboration to the report that the Standard United combination, which a few months ago was operating on the bear side, has joined its forces with the bulls and produced the rush upward which we have already chronicled. The victims of the movement were not, as of yore, the outside operators and refiners, these parties having preceded the ring in their bull operations, and having in one or two conflicts got the better of it. The oil trade of Europe is reported to be the shorts in this juncture; and the facts of the case seem to be that the petroleum trade of America has cornered its brethren of Europe, and control the market by controlling both the supply and price. The operation is one of the most remarkable on record in magnitude and audacity, and has few, if any, parallels in commercial history.

CRUDE RECEIPTS—The following are the crude receipts from all points for the past two weeks:

	Last week.	This week.
Crude received, barrels	17,736	23,585

The following are the crude receipts from all points for the past twelve years from January 1st to—

	Barrels.
August 26, 1876	1,078,067
Same time 1875	690,712
Same time 1874	1,280,106
Same time 1873	1,242,425
Same time 1872	807,979
Same time 1871	768,151
Same time 1870	741,783
Same time 1869	500,972
Same time 1868	780,488
Same time 1867	657,8[illegible]
Same time 1866	724,4[illegible]
Same time 1865	350,000

EXPORTS OF REFINED.—The following are the exports of refined oil East by river and rail for the past two weeks:

	Last week.	This week.
Allegheny Valley Railroad	32,799	23,585
Ohio river	5,300	3,300
Total	38,099	26,885

The following are the exports of refined oil East from January 1 to August 26:

	1872.	1873.	1874.	1875.	1876.
P. R. R.	97,752	39,605	103,420	4,084	1,264
A. V. R. R.	397,022	540,816	561,336	426,415	549,318
Total	494,774	580,422	664,756	430,499	550,582

By river to Richmond to date 108,600

SATURDAY.

CRUDE—The market opened excited at $3 18½, the closing price of last evening, and has advanced under heavy purchases and great excitement throughout the day. The advance went on without any check up to $3 67½, the price now bid. Shipment has advanced with spot without any open quotations. Well prices opened at $3 35 and are now $3 75.

REFINED—The excited and rapid advance continued to-day with such velocity that no one could tell from the quotation at a given time what it would be an hour afterward. The foreign demand continues strong, and sales could have been made in large volume, but no one was disposed to make contracts when by holding off for an hour or two he could get an advance of 1½@2c. The advance reported on New York delivery was 2½c during the day, with others in similar proportion. We quote standard white at 20@20½c for five hundred and thousand barrel lots at works. New York rules at 24c. Philadelphia and Baltimore rules at 23¾@24c. Richmond delivery is quoted nominally at 23½@23⅝c.

OIL BARRELS—There is a moderately active and firm market at $1 45@1 50 for city made; $1 30@1 35 for country do.

[By Western Union Telegraph.]

OIL CITY, August 26.—The *Derrick* says: The market opened firm and buoyant at about $2 90, an advance from the closing quotations of last evening of 1½c. But few sales were made, business not commencing in earnest till $2 91¼ had been reached, and even here the market made a momentary stop, after which it rushed on at fast-mail fashion, tossing the bears left and right, until $2 97¼ had been reached. No stop was made at the intermediate stations, $2 98⅞ and $2 99⅞ being passed without a struggle. Immediately after supper the feeling strengthened and the market advanced without a stop to $3 17½, which price was bid at the close, the tone then being indicative of great strength. The advance during the day and evening was 27½c. During the afternoon buyers' option for September sold at $3 00 and $3 07½, and spot market advanced so rapidly that these points were reached before contracts could be written. Buyers all the year round were sold at $3 12. Shipment at the close could not have been obtained below $3 30, which was bid. Sales 117,000 barrels.

NEW YORK, August 26.—The market was decidedly higher and active. The sales were 2,500 barrels refined at 22½c; 2,500 do at 23⅛c; 3,000 do at 23¾c; 5,000 do at 23⅞c; 5,000 do at 24c, and 3,000 do naptha at 12½c. The sales at Philadelphia were 10,000 barrels at 22½c, and 3,000 do at 23c, closing at 24c. The closing prices were as follows: Crude in bulk 13⅞@13¼c; do in barrels 17¼@17½c; refined in barrels 24c; do in cases 26@27c; naptha 11½@12c.

[By Associated Press.]

NEW YORK, August 26.—Petroleum excited and higher; crude 13⅞@13⅝c; refined 21c bid; cases 26c; naptha 12c.

PHILADELPHIA, August 26.—Petroleum excited and higher; refined 21½c; crude in barrels 16¼c.

CLEVELAND, August 26.—Petroleum firm; standard white, 110 degrees test, 21c.

LONDON, August 26.—Refined petroleum 16d.

LIVERPOOL, August 26.—Refined petroleum 15s@16s; do spirits 13d.

ANTWERP, August 26.—Refined petroleum 43¼ francs.

MOVEMENTS OF PETROLEUM.

	Bbls.
Crude receipts A. V. R. R.	4,036
Refined shipments A. V. R. R.	4,793

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Central Stock Yards, East Liberty.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, }
SATURDAY, August 26, 1876. }

The arrival of stock thus far has not been heavy and all destined for the Eastern market. Considerable local stock will arrive this evening and to-morrow.

Little, if any improvement in prices is looked for next week, unless, indeed, the run should prove unusually light, which will hardly be the case.

It will be seen that no sales of cattle were reported to-day, and but a limited number of hogs and sheep. Prices were just about the same as those ruling all the week.

Sales.

CATTLE.

Saturday, August 26.—No sales reported.

HOGS.

Saturday, August 26.—53 head, 7,410 lbs, $6 00; 26, 3,600, $6 00; 6, 870, $4 50; 1, 130, $4 75; 29, 7,550, $6 25; 1, 330, $4 50; 22, 3,400, $6 00; 85, 25,540, $6 00; 81, 24,150, $6 00; 14, 4,220, $5 75; 1, 240, $6 12.

SHEEP.

Saturday, August 26.—97 head, 8,530 lbs, $4 60; 73, 5,930, $4 00.

NOTE.—Improvement seems to be almost universal, in proof of which it will not be amiss to state that Mr. M. Slaughter, of Ohio, a large shipper of live stock to this market, recently paid $450 00 per head for two Poland-China pigs with a view of raising heavy hogs for the Philadelphia market. Expense with Mr. S. is no object, so that the quality of the swine can be improved.

[By Associated Press.]

CHICAGO, August 26.—Cattle—Receipts 1,600 head. Shipments 3,000 head. Market steady, firm and prices unchanged.

Hogs—Receipts 6,600 head. Shipments 5,000 head. Market active and firm; inferior heavy to choice light $5 25@6 40; fair to choice $6 00@6 35.

Sheep—Receipts 100 head. Market nominally unchanged.

CINCINNATI, August 26.—Hogs steady; common light $5 75@6 10.

ST. LOUIS, August 26.—Cattle and hogs dull and unchanged.

INDIANAPOLIS, August 26.—Hogs $5 89@6 10. Receipts 1,580 head.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Produce.

CHICAGO, August 26.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat active, firm and higher; No. 2 Chicago spring 91⅞c cash; 92¼ September; 93⅞c October; No. 3 82@85c; rejected 68@70c. Corn steady: No. 2 43¼c cash; 42½c September and October. Oats quiet and steady; No. 2 32c cash; 31⅞c September. Rye firm at 57c. Barley quiet and steady at 77c cash. Pork quiet and steady; $16 40 cash and options; $14 92½ the year. Lard dull and nominal; 10.10c cash; 9.92½@9.95c October; 9.10@9.20c the year. Bulkmeats quiet and unchanged. Whisky dull at $1 09.

NEW YORK, August 26.—Flour quiet and unchanged; receipts 17,000 barrels. Rye flour steady at $4 75@5 60. Cornmeal unchanged. Wheat quiet and firmer; receipts 64,000 bushels; No. 2 spring 75@95c; ungraded 95c; No. 1 Milwaukee $1 16; No. 2 98c@$1 10; No. 2 Chicago spring 95c@$1 05½. Rye quiet; Western 55@68c. Barley and malt firm. Corn steady; receipts 210,000 bushels; Western mixed, hot and warm, 50@54c; mixed on steamer, ungraded, 54@56c; do, sail, 56@58c. Oats fairly active; receipts 22,000 bushels; Western mixed and State 32@42c. Hay, hops and groceries quiet and unchanged. Rosin steady. Turpentine steady at 29c. Eggs steady; Western 12@16c. Leather quiet at 19@22c. Wool fairly active; pulled 20@35c; unwashed 10@26c. Pork steady at $17 40@17 45. Beef quiet. Middles firm; long clear Western 9⅜c; do city 9⅝c. Lard dull; prime steam 10⅜@10.17½c. Butter firm; Western 13@26c. Cheese 3@9⅜c. Whisky quiet and steady at $1 14.

LONDON, August 26.—Business in Mincing lane during the past week has been inanimate, but prices have not receded further. Some kinds of produce have attracted more attention. Numerous cargoes of rice have arrived off the coast; some have sold at the current low rates, as have also several large parcels on the spot. The spice markets generally have been rather firmer at a slight recovery. Sugar was very active until the middle of the week, when buyers ceased operations and the tone became decidedly quiet. Most of the low qualities at auction were withdrawn. West Indies show no change, remaining steady for refining sorts. Good to fine coffees have sold slightly higher, especially Colony plantation Ceylon, while ordinary and pale are more readily saleable. The tea market continues unsettled by further large arrivals; a moderate business was done, but prices were somewhat irregular.

CINCINNATI, August 26.—Cotton dull at 11½c. Flour quiet and firm. Wheat unsettled; red 90c@$1 06. Corn firm at 46@47c. Oats steady at 35@43c. Rye steady at 58c. Barley firm at 80@85c. Pork steady at $17 00. Lard dull; steam 10c; kettle 12@12½c. Bulkmeats firmer at 7¼@9@9⅝c. Bacon quiet and unchanged. Whisky firm at $1 10. Butter dull and unchanged.

PHILADELPHIA, August 26.—Seeds unchanged. Flour dull; extra $4 00@4 75; Minnesota family $5 50@5 50. Wheat dull; amber $1 18@1 25; white $1 22. Rye 60c. Corn dull; yellow 56c; steam 51c. Oats dull; white old 40@43c. Pork steady at $19 00@19 50. Lard 10¼c. Whisky dull; Western $1 12@1 13. Butter unchanged. Cheese firm at 7¼@8¼c. Eggs steady; Western 17@18c.

TOLEDO, August 26.—Flour dull. Wheat dull; No. 3 white Wabash, new, $1 09¼; No. 1 white Michigan $1 11; No. 2 do $1 03; amber Michigan, new, held at $1 06; No. 2 amber Illinois, new, $1 12. Corn quiet; high mixed 49¼c; no grade 46c; damaged 42c. Oats dull; No. 2, 32c; white 35c; Michigan 33c; rejected 29¼c.

LOUISVILLE, August 26.—Cotton dull at 11c. Flour firm at $3 00@3 50. Red wheat 95c@$1 01; amber $1 05. Corn dull at 42@44c. Oats firmer at 28@31c. Rye firm at 58c. Pork steady at $17 50. Bacon firm; shoulders and sides 9¾@10c. Lard dull at 12¼@14c. Whisky firm at $1 10.

ST. LOUIS, August 26.—Cotton and flour dull and unchanged. Wheat dull at $1 15½@1 16. Corn steady at 42½c. Oats quiet at 32¾@33c. Barley and rye—No market. Pork steady at $17 00@17 25. Lard dull at 10@10½c. Bulkmeats nominally higher at 6⅝@8¾@8⅞c. Bacon lower at 7¼@9¾@9⅞c.

MILWAUKEE, August 26.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat opened firm and closed steady; No. 1 Milwaukee, old, $1 08; new $1 04¾; No. 2 do 97c; No. 3 do 88c. Corn quiet; No. 2, 42¼c. Oats dull; No. 2, fresh, 30¾@30¾c. Rye quiet; No. 1, 62c. Barley quiet and nominal.

LIVERPOOL, August 26.—Breadstuffs firm. California white wheat average 9s 2d@9s 4d; do club 9s 6d@9s 9d; red Western spring, Nos. 2 to 1 7s 6d@8s 9d; winter 9s@9s 6d. Flour 21s@23s. Oats 3s@3s. Barley 3s 6d. Cloverseed 50@55s. Lard 50s. Cheese 46s.

BOSTON, August 26.—Flour in fair demand; superfine Western $3 00@3 50; Wisconsin and Minnesota extra family $4 50@5 75; fancy Minnesota, $8 00@8 50. Corn quiet and unchanged. Oats firm; white and mixed 39@45½c; rejected 33@39c.

NEW ORLEANS, August 26.—Corn steady; mixed 51c; white 53c. Wheat dull and unchanged. Oats dull at 42c. Others unchanged.

OSWEGO, August 26.—Wheat dull; No. 1 Milwaukee club, $1 18. Corn dull; high mixed 56c; no grade 55c.

MEMPHIS, August 26.—Cotton quiet at 11⅛@11½c. Others unchanged.

Wool.

BOSTON, August 26.—Wool active beyond all precedent. Stocks in the interior rapidly coming forward. The principal transactions have been in California, Texas and low Western wool, but the demand for all kinds is good and full current rates are readily obtained, although no improvement in prices have taken place. Sales Ohio and Pennsylvania washed fleeces, 385,000 lbs, at 35@44½c. Large movement in fine unwashed and unmerchantable at various prices. Sales Michigan and Wisconsin, 106,900 lbs, at 33@35c. Combing delaine quite firm at the recent advance; sales 109,000 lbs. Pulled steady and in increased demand; sales 207,000 lbs at 28@46c for superfine and extra, chiefly 35@39c.

Cotton.

NEW YORK, August 26.—Cotton quiet at 12⅛c. Futures weak; August 11⅞@11 27-32c; September 11 25-32@11¾c; October 11¾@11 17-32c; November 11 15-32c; December 11 15-32c; January 11 17-32c.

LIVERPOOL, August 26.—Cotton dull at 6@6⅛d. Sales of 5,000 bales, including 1,000 for speculation and export and 3,800 American.

SAVANNAH, August 26.—Market quiet; middling 10⅝c. Mobile—Market nominal; middling 10⅝c. Charleston—Middling 11@11⅛c. Galveston—Market easy; middling 11⅛c.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMERS.

DATE OF DEPARTURE FROM NEW YORK.

Algeria August 30 Liverpool.
Frisia August 31 Hamburg.

FROM PHILADELPHIA.

Indiana August 31 Liverpool.
Nederland August 31 Antwerp.

FROM BOSTON.

Palestine August 26 Liverpool.

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

OFFICE OF THE OBSERVER, }
UNITED STATES SIGNAL SER. 1CE, }
PITTSBURGH, PA., August 27, 1876. }

The following is the daily report of the stage of water, with changes in the twenty-four hours ending at 3 P. M.:

STATIONS.	ABOVE L'W W'R. Ft.	In.	CHANGE —OR + Ft.	In.	DIRECTION OF WIND.	STATE OF WEATHER
Cairo	15	5	—0	10	N. E.	Clear.
Cincinnati	9	9	—0	3	N. E.	Clear.
Davenport	3	11	+1	6	S.	Clear.
Dubuque	5	0	..	..	S.	Cloudy.
Keokuk	4	3	..	..	S.	Clear.
Leavenw'th	9	9	—0	9	S. E.	Fair.
Louisville	6	1	—0	5	S. E.	Clear.
Memphis	14	3	—0	5	N. W.	Clear.
Nashville	3	7	—0	11	N.	Clear.
Omaha	6	3	—0	2	S.	Clear.
Pittsburgh	1	8	—0	3	N. W.	Fair.
Shreveport	15	10	—0	3	E.	Fair.
St. Louis	14	4	+0	9	E.	Clear.
Vicksburg	21	0	—0	2	N. E.	Cloudy.

SPECIAL RIVER DISPATCHES.

BROWNSVILLE, PA., August 27, 1876.

River 4 feet 4 inches and falling. Weather fair; thermometer 72 at 5 P. M.

GREENSBORO, PA., August 27, 1876.

River 4 feet 6 inches and falling. Weather clear.

WHEELING, W. VA., August 27, 1876.

River stationary, with 3 feet 6 inches in the channel. Departed—Willard, Pittsburgh; Fanchon, Cincinnati. Clear and pleasant.

For Additional Dispatches see Fourth Page

RIVER NEWS.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

Arrived.

John Snowdon Donaldson Geneva.
Elector Abrams Geneva.
Geneva Cox Geneva.
Elizabeth Boyd Elizabeth.

Departed.

Geneva Cox Geneva.
John Snowdon Donaldson Geneva.
Elector Abrams Geneva.
Elizabeth Boyd Elizabeth.

MONONGAHELA—Sixteen inches by the stone marks and falling.

Boats Advertised for This Day.

Brownsville and Geneva 8 A. M. and 4 P. M.

THE marks last evening indicated sixteen inches by the marks. There is, however, about eight inches more water in the channel. The weather during the day was pleasant.

AMONG the first boats due is the Frank Willard.

THE steamer Scout is announced for Wheeling and Parkersburg on Tuesday.

AT Cincinnati the wharfage collections for the week amounted to $105 20.

TRADE on the slackwater is improving. The packets all leave promptly on time at 8 A. M. and 4 P. M.

THE steamer Emma had her upper works burned off at Vicksburg the other night. She was fully insured.

THE steamer Salt Valley is laid up at Middleport, Granite State at Ironton, and Carrie Brooks at Zanesville.

CAPTAIN JOHN N. SHUNK was taken suddenly ill at Cincinnati on Friday evening. Two physicians were in attendance.

THE Leopard and barges loaded at St. Louis in opposition to the Pool Line at ten cents per hundred and twenty cents per barrel on flour.

THE steamer Redstone on her quick run to Brownsville made the run to Elizabeth, twenty-five miles, in two hours, or over twelve miles an hour, up stream.

A CINCINNATI paper calls a certain captain "the indefatigable working spirit of the river commerce of the Ohio." We suppose the reporter considered it a *Wise* saying.

THE fine packet Andes, Captain Charles Muhleman, will arrive at Wheeling to-day and take her departure from Bellaire on Tuesday on the arrival of the 1:40 P. M. train from this city.

THE steamer John L. Rhoads, Captain J. M. Vandergrift, will leave Cincinnati for Cairo, Memphis and New Orleans on Tuesday, positively. Passengers leaving here this evening by rail will be in time.

KEEP THE BALL A ROLLING.—Our suggestion to name the new boat building by Captain Williams *Charles Muhleman*, has been favorably received by the Wheeling *Intelligencer*, Cincinnati *Times, Enquirer* and *Gazette*.

THE St. Louis *Globe-Democrat* says: The flags of all the river craft were at half-mast for the death of the oldest steamboat agent in the West—we mean General Nathan Ranney. A purer or better man never lived or died.

THE St. Louis *Republican* is getting things considerably mixed in regard to boats and their commanders. The Lake Erie was commanded by Sharpe Hemphill; James Nelson and Winchester by George D. Moore; Messenger No. 2 by Captain J. C. Woodward. That's about the way it ought to read.

THE Emma at Vicksburg had her upper works burned off Monday night. Hull and machinery saved. William Muller, of Vicksburg, owned her. She is valued at $10,000, and insured for $6,000.

General W. N. R. Beall introduced our friend Owen, of the Natchez, on 'Change.

The Tribune and Rappahannock.

A writer in the St. Louis *Republican* writes a pretended description of a race in 1838 between the above boats. It is all moonshine. The writer has mistaken the Tribune for the Tiber or some other craft, as no sane man would be so silly as to imagine that the Rappahannock had half the speed of the Tribune. We have conversed with officers of the latter boat, and they are willing to be qualified that there never was a race between the boats named. If there had been, the result would have been the same as with the Pike, Franklin, General Brown, General Gaines, Empress and others. We repeat, the Tribune was never beaten, and always succeeded in beating every boat that she ever came in contact with. She was the fastest boat of her day, and what do you propose to do about it?

RECEIPTS OF MERCHANDISE.

Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway.

National Tube Works, 2 cars bar iron; B L Fahnestock & Co, 9 bbls oil; Wm Valentine, 2 cars stone; J W Meek, 26 case coffins; Armstrong & McKelvey, 18 sks kegs; W P Townsend & Co, 16 kegs rivets, 2 casks do; H Gerwig & Son, 89 sks flour; Flannagan & Hoen, 1 car stone; E Webster & Co, 2 casks e ware; A Speer & Sons, lot steel shapes; Phillips, Nimick & Co, 1 car fire brick; Dilworth Bros, 2 bxs g ware; Graff, Bennett & Co, 1 car limestone; Haworth & Dewhurst, 5 bbls onions; A McClure & Co, 3 bdls paper sks; Weir Bros, 1 car ice; Elwood & McCracken, 143 sks oats; H Rea, J, 11 crates apples, 10 tubs butter, 2 do cabbage; Wm Ermshausen, 13 baskets potatoes, 1 bag do; Voigt, Mahood & Co, 5 tubs butter; J J Pettit & Co, 6 do; Jacobus & Nimick Mfg Co, 8 bbls wood work; W B Junker, 1 roll leather; Logan, Gregg & Co, 19 sks rags, Cunningham & Ihmsen, 6 hhds glass; W & D Rinehart, 26 pails tobc; Armstrong Bros & Co, 1 bale corks; Wm McCully & Co, 2 bxs glass; McKee & Sons, 1 car staves; W Mitchell & Co, 1 bale yarn; Armstrong Bros & Co, 3 bbls bungs; Geo Heaps & Bro, 3 bbls onions; G Kann, 3 bales leather, 1 roll do; N J Braden, 95 bxs cheese; Keystone Ice Co, 1 car ice; W H France, 25 bxs clothes pins, 5 do cheese; A Speer & Sons, 6 mould brands; Gill & Bro, 12 cases boots; G H Dauler, 7 pkgs furniture; J S Dilworth & Co, 24 bxs starch; T C Jenkins, 440 bbls flour, 10 tcs lard, 10 do, 20 hf-bbls do; E H Myers & Co, 160 hf-bbls lard; Bennett, S & Co, 1 car wheat; Peabody, H & Co, 120 bbls flour; Walker, D & Co, 15 hf-bbls lard; 150 bukts do; Luebbe Bros, 50 do, 10 hf-bbls do; A Kirkpatrick & Co, 100 bbls flour; Schomaker & Co, 100 do, 269 bags tim seed; J Agnew & Co, 4 bbls cullett, 1 csk do; Whitmore, W, L & Co, 3 tin benders, 1 bx bolts; Victor Kelley, 2 bbls wine; Westinghouse Air Brake Co, 4 bxs pumps; John Froelich, 10 bbls spirits; J S Dilworth & Co, 50 bxs soap; Dilworth Bros, 100 do; Hubbard, Lippincott, Bakewell & Co, 2 saws; E Edmundson & Son, 2 stands, 1 d case; Rea, Hill & Co, 10 bbls mess pork; Hussey, Wells & Co, 8 sheets iron, 1 bx do; F W Jenkins & Bro, 200 bbls flour; Roberts & Steele, 200 do; W Rueckeisen, 50 hf-bbls beer, 98 qr do, 16 eighth do; Houck, McCague & Co, 100 bbls flour; Scobie, Reed & Smith, 150 bags tim seed, 4 do grass do; Spaulding & Scott, 25 bags tim seed; Kaufman & Oppenheimer, 45 do; McKee & Sons, 2 cars staves.

ELEVATOR—McHenry & Hood, 1 car wheat; H J McCracken & Bro, 1 do oats; Marshall, Kennedy & Co, 1 do wheat.

Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad.

M Steel, 25 bbls sunds; J Tracy & Co, 1 car oats; Lyle, B & McCance, 12 bdls brows; W J Meek, 100 bags oats; Godfrey & Clark, 196 bdls paper; J Porterfield & Co, 11 kegs oat meal; P Duff & Son, 37 bdls paper; T C Jenkins, 20 cases matches; Head, C & Co, 7 bbls apples, 10 tubs butter; J Pettit & Co, 18 bags tim seed, 2 bbls eggs, 2 tubs butter; J P Smith, Son & Co, 8 bxs glass; J C Baffum & Co, 3 do balls; T B Young, 3 bdls chairs; Slack & S, 1 car lumber; S W Menney & B, 6 cases sunds; S W Taylor, 10 pails tobacco; Hartley Bros, 2 bbls butter; Pretzfield & B, 5 cases tobacco; Voigt, M & Co, 18 bbls sunds; A Bronson, 13 pcs pump; J H Loa & Co, 3 bbls eggs; Dilworth Bros, 2 cases cigars; S Johnston, 5 bbls whisky; Weisbrod & W, 2 tubs butter, 3 bbls eggs.

Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and St. Louis Railroad.

Spencer, McKay & Co, 8 ale bbls; Schomaker & Co, 20 sks corn meal; S Stutz, 1 bx coal; S Schomaker & Co, 25 bgs meal; T C Jenkins, 85 sks flour; Bright & Co, 240 do; M Marshall & Co, 12 bbls whisky; M McFried & Co, 50 tcs hams; S R Thompson, 1 car staves; H Schuelbeck, 194 sk f oats; Kell & Ritchart, 297 sacks bran; J H Ortman & Co, 20 bxs starch; T C Jenkins, 100 bbls flour; R & W Jenkinson, 13 bxs tobc; Eagle Cotton Mills Co, 1 bx spools, 2 bales cotton; Fleming, A & Co, 3 bxs sundries; Marshall, K & Co, 151 sks wheat, 131 do; E H Myers & Co, 475 pcs c b sides; McHenry & Hood, 34 sks oats; C A Warmcastle, 1 car staves; F Kober, 1 car staves; J L Gill, 24 wheels; Spencer, McK & Co, 15 ale bbls; Marshall, K & Co, 441 sks wheat; R Owens & Co, 5 tcs b shoulders; M M Fried & Co, 12 tcs shoulders; R Owens & Co, 25 tcs bacon; M M Fried & Co, 2 tcs b hams; R Owens & Co, 50 tcs p d hams; Spencer, McK & Co, 12 ale kegs, 3 a casks; Davis & Bro, 14 pkg tobacco; H Rueck & Co, 15 pkgs do; J Seiferth & Co, 1 bbl whisky; A J Nellis, 1 bdl hay forks; R Owens & Co, 3 tcs beef; W B Hays & Son, 6 wheels.

Allegheny Valley Railroad.

Aladdin O Co, 5 cars o bbls; Isabella F Co, 8 cars limestone; Loomis & Co, 1 car par oil; Citizens O W, 6 cars o bbls; N Y & C G C Co, 49 cars coal; Capt B A Jobe, 1 car lumber; W Baughman, 1 car lime; Arthur Kirk, 42 kegs powder; Mrs E B Ort, lot hh goods; Cavitt & P, 1 bbl oil; Pittsburgh Locomotive Works, 5 kegs and 1 bx bolts and nuts; C L I Co, 1 c bx; A C Bakewell, 15 bdls paper; W Flaccus & Son, 47 bbls glue; Chautauqua Lake Ice Co, 7 cars ice; A D E Woody, 1 car ice; Jas Alexander, 1 car hay; M F Herron & Co, 2 cars hay; E D Wassell & Co, 1 car iron; Jno Conwell, 9 baskets corn, 7 do tomatoes; C Quinn, 11 do do, 2 do cabbage; D McCarty, 12 do corn, 11 do apples, 3 do cabbage, 1 do melons; C Zeigler, 1 calf; Elwood & McCracken, 1 sk e sacks; E Maginn, 50 sks oats; P N Seibert & Co, 1 bbl eggs; Reese Owens & Co, 5 e tierces; J M Fresborn, lot chairs; P N Seibert & Co, 2 baskets potatoes, 2 do apples; W B Hays & Son, 6 tierces; W H Leslie, 4 sks potatoes, 5 bbls cabbage; Cary & C, 6 bbls and 1 sk onions; W H Fell & Co, 2 calves; D Unsnut & Co, 15 sks t scraps; Jos Korate, 1 calf; J Hoffman, 5 do do; G Kann, 10 sks t scraps; Jno White & Sons, 3 do bbls onions; A McClure, 11 sks rags; Scobie, R & S, 2 do seed; Jas Cochran, 2 sks yarn; Spencer & Mck, 2 e bbls; James Callery, 48 bdls hides; Rea, H & Co, 1 bx meat; J C Buffum, 3 bxs, 1 bbl; C Coleman, 1 w wheel; J C Jenkins, 2 bxs mdse; Kramer & Co, 1 do lemons; Young & B, 46 e bbls; Pier, D & Co, 14 do; Kaun & C, 1 box mdse; I Leisy, 25 e bbls; J Rhodes, 2 do; A H Pollock, 1 bx e crates; N Y & C G C Co, 32 cars coal, 1 do sand, 2 do brick; Sable Coal Co, 22 do coal.

Receipts of Metal, Blooms and Ore.

	Met'l tons.	Ore tons.	Sc'r tons.	B'ms tons.
Pittsb'gh, Ft. W. & C. R'y	210	160	130	
Cleve. & Pittsb'gh R. R.		200		
Penna. R. R.	10		40	
Allegheny Valley R. R.	20			50
Total	240	360	170	50

BANKS AND BANKERS.

ALLEGHENY NATIONAL BANK
OF PITTSBURGH.
NO. 33 FIFTH AVENUE
CAPITAL STOCK, - - $500,000
J. W. COOK President.
R. W. MACKEY Vice President.
W. McCANDLESS Cashier.

TRADESMEN'S NATIONAL BANK
Wood Street, Corner Fourth Ave.
CAPITAL, - - - $400,000 00
Accounts of Bankers, Merchants and others Received upon the Most Favorable Terms consistent with Safe Banking.
ALEXANDER BRADLEY President.
WILLIAM VANKIRK Vice President.
CYRUS CLARKE, JR. Cashier.

N. Holmes & Sons
BANKERS,
57 Market Street, Pittsburgh,
DEALERS IN
GOLD
AND
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO COLLECTIONS. MWF

B. K. JAMISON, W. M. STEWART, J. H. KERSHOW.
ESTABLISHED 1855.
B. K. Jamison & Co.,
BANKERS,
N. W. COR. THIRD AND CHESTNUT STS., PHILA.
Dealers in Pittsburgh Bonds and all other investment Securities.
Loans negotiated on marketable collaterals at current rates.
Deposits of Banks and Bankers received, subject to check at sight. Interest allowed according to agreement.

W. H. LOYD. WILSON LOYD
W. H. LOYD & CO.,
Bankers and Stock Brokers,
No. 36 South Third Street, Philadelphia.
Commercial Paper Negotiated. Gold and Government Securities Bought and Sold at Market Rates.

$10, $25, $50, $100, $200, $500.
ALEX. FROTHINGHAM & CO.,
Bankers and Brokers, No. 12 Wall street, New York, make for customers desirable investments of large or small amounts in Stocks of a legitimate character, which frequently pay from five to twenty times the amount invested every thirty days. There is every indication that the fluctuations of the Stock Market will be very wide during the coming month, and those who invest at once will reap the largest profit. Stocks bought and carried as long as desired on deposit of three to five per cent. Circulars and weekly reports sent free. MWF

$100 Invested Has Paid a Profit of $1,700
during the past few months, under our improved system of operating in STOCKS. Book containing full information sent on application. TUMBRIDGE & CO., Bankers and Brokers, 92 Broadway, New York. TThs

MORSE, KIMBALL & CO.,
BANKERS, 18 NEW STREET, NEW YORK.
Members N. Y. Stock and Gold Exchanges. Transact general BANKING and BROKERAGE business.

GLASS MANUFACTURERS.

Pittsburgh Flint Glass Works,
ESTABLISHED 1808.
BAKEWELL, PEARS & CO.
Factory, Office and Warehouse: BINGHAM STREET, between Eighth and Ninth streets, South Side, Pittsburgh.
Manufacturers of all kinds of
Pressed, Cut and Blown Glassware.

STEAMSHIPS.

CONSULATE.
KAISERLICH KÖNIGLICH OESTERREICHISCH-UNGARISCHES CONSULAT IN PITTSBURG
European Exchange, Collection and Steamship Office, No. 163 Smithfield street.
MAX SCHAMBERG,
Consul and Notary.

AMERICAN LINE
MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
ONLY LINE CARRYING THE AMERICAN FLAG,
Sailing every Thursday from PHILADELPHIA,
FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.
CABIN, INTERMEDIATE AND STEERAGE.
Accommodations Unsurpassed
Rates as low as any other First Class Line.
PETER WRIGHT & SONS, General Agents, Philadelphia.
Louis Moeser, 142 Smithfield street, Thomas E. Watt, 78 Fifth avenue, J. J. McCormick, Smithfield street and Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh; Wm. Semple, 165, 167 and 169 Federal street, Allegheny City, P. M. Cushing, 4320 Butler street, Seventeenth ward.

WHITE STAR LINE
U. S. MAIL STEAMER TO LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN
Cabin and Steerage at reasonable rates.
For Cabin Plans, Sailing Lists, etc., apply to or address J. J. McCORMICK, Agent,
57 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh.

RIVER PACKETS.

BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA.
U. S. MAIL LINE.
1876. 1876.
PITTSBURGH, BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA PACKET CO.
LEAVES DAILY AT 8 A. M. AND 4 P. M.
LEAVES BROWNSVILLE AT 5 A. M. AND 12 M.
For all Points on the Monongahela River.
STEAMER GENEVA Capt. M. A. Cox
STEAMER ELECTOR Capt. R. R. Abrams
STEAMER CHIEFTAIN Capt. J. L. Hendricks
STEAMER E. BENNETT Capt. P. Donaldson
For further particulars inquire on Wharfboat, foot of Grant street, Pittsburgh.
No freight will be received after 5 o'clock.
A. S. CARLISLE, Agent.
R. E. ABRAMS, Superintendent.

FROM BELLAIRE.
For Marietta, Parkersburg, Pomeroy, Gallipolis, Huntington, Ironton, Portsmouth, Maysville and Cincinnati.
LEAVES BELLAIRE EVERY TUESDAY AT 6 P. M.,
On arrival of 1:40 P. M. train from Pittsburgh,
ANDES,
CHARLES MUHLEMAN Master.
LEAVES BELLAIRE EVERY SATURDAY AT 6 P. M.,
On arrival of 1:40 P. M. train from Pittsburgh,
HUDSON,
WM. M. LIST Master.

PARKERSBURG.
For Wheeling, Marietta and Parkersburg,
TUESDAY, AUGUST 29—3 P. M.
THE LIGHT DRAUGHT STEAMER
SCOUT AND BARGES,
GARLICH Captain.
Will leave as announced above.
For Freight or Passage apply to
FAIRMAN & HENDERSON,
Corner Wood and Water streets.

FOR SALE.

TOWBOAT BLUE LODGE
FOR SALE.
155 feet long, 25 foot beam; 17 inch cylinders, 5 foot stroke; 5 boilers, 38 feet long, 40 inches diameter. Will be sold cheap. For particulars, address
GRAND LAKE COAL COMPANY,
tf 271 Liberty street.

FOR SALE—WILL SELL for cash the towboat
MICHIGAN,
Lying at the Coal Shaft, Steubenville, Ohio, for $2,000 cash. She is in good condition for immediate use, having every necessary equipment, all of which will go with the boat. Cylinders 16½ by 5½ feet; 3 boilers, all in good condition. Apply to
ROBERT RITSON,
at Coal Shaft, Steubenville, Ohio.

GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

ONLY GRAIN WAREHOUSE
IN PITTSBURGH
WITH STEAM ELEVATOR AND TRACK CONNECTIONS.
LAING & McKALLIP,
Commission Merchants,
AND DEALERS IN
Grain, Feed, Flour, Hay, Straw, Lime, Cement, Plaster and Anthracite Coal,
357 Liberty St. 134 Fifth Ave., and Thirty-first St. and A. V. R. R.

PURE CIDER VINEGAR.
50 BARRELS PURE CIDER VINEGAR.
This vinegar is 3 years old and warranted pure. Matured by natural process of time. For sale by
HENRY REA, Jr.,
PRODUCE AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,
305 LIBERTY STREET, OPPOSITE SMITHFIELD STREET.

Sundries.
100 bbls Double Extra Family Flour, made from Tennessee wheat.
2,000 bushels Wheat.
10 tons Ground Feed.
1,000 Cotton Bags, cheap.
3,000 Heavy India Bags. For sale by
HITCHCOCK, McCREERY & CO.,
349 Liberty street, UP STAIRS.

WHEAT.
A few cars CHOICE SPRING WHEAT, in Elevator, for sale by
DANIEL WALLACE,
353 Liberty street.

ROOFING.

SLATE
ROOFING.
Aiken & Co.
CORNER
Liberty and Eleventh Streets,
Opposite the Grain Elevator, Pittsburgh, Pa.
SLATE DEALERS AND ROOFERS.
SOLE AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED
Chapman Slate.

Hugh Woodside,
Roofer and Dealer in

SLATE!
OF ALL KINDS, INCLUDING THE
CHAPMAN AND N. Y.
Office—370 PENN STREET, opposite Fort Wayne Freight Depot.
PITTSBURGH, PA.
All orders promptly attended to. Work done by experienced workmen.

DOBBINS' STARCH POLISH.

A GREAT DISCOVERY!
By the use of which every family may give their Linen that brilliant polish peculiar to fine laundry work. Saving time and labor in ironing, more than its entire cost. Warranted. Ask for Dobbins'.
SOLD EVERYWHERE.
DOBBINS, BRO. & CO., 13 N. Fourth St., Phila.
ARBUCKLES & CO., Agents, Pittsburgh.

NEXT PRESIDENT.
Portrait of HAYES and WHEELER
Executed in the finest manner. AGENTS WANTED. Send 25 cents for sample and circulars. Size 19x24 and 11x14. Address
STROBRIDGE & CO., Lithographers,
TThs 140 Race street, Cincinnati, O.

LISTS OF LICENSES

AND

Transfers of Licenses

To Sell Liquors in Allegheny County,

Granted by the County

Treasurer in August

Term, 1876.

WHOLESALE.

Apple, John, Carson street, Thirty-fourth ward, Pittsburgh	$ 92
Guggenheimer & Co., 13 Diamond street, Third ward, Pittsburgh	75
Keller, Victor, Frankstown avenue, Nineteenth ward, Pittsburgh, from J. C. Rothe	5
Lindsey, Albert, Butler street, Seventeenth ward, Pittsburgh	92

RETAIL.

Alstadt, George, 9 Diamond street, First ward, Pittsburgh, from M. Schmidt	$ 5
Ackerman, John, 98 Sixteenth street, Twenty-eighth ward, Pittsburgh, from H. Wagner	5
Augustine, Mary, Butler Pike, Millvale, from C. Walker	5
Auchenbach, C. C., stock yards, Twenty-first ward, Pittsburgh	42
Alstadt, G. F., 36 Market street, First ward, Pittsburgh	38
Bauman, B., Pennsylvania avenue, Fifteenth ward, Pittsburgh, from J. Hines	5
Bracken, John, 265 Lacock street, Fourth ward, Allegheny, from C. Hendrick	5
Balmer, Chas., Penn avenue, Sixteenth ward, Pittsburgh, from C. Kaufman	5
Bitner, F., 81 Liberty street, Fourth ward, Allegheny, from J. E. Bitner	5
Burry, William C., 85 Center avenue, Eleventh ward, Pittsburgh, from W. A. Richardson	5
Beilstein, Charles, 302 Ohio street, Fourth ward, Allegheny, from G. Gothart	5
Bollman, Mrs. B., 51 East street, Third ward, Allegheny, from G. P. Beilstein	5
Buhl, C., 152 Spring Garden avenue, Seventh ward, Allegheny, from H. Weckeisen	5
Bradshaw, O., 136 Water street, Second ward, Pittsburgh	46
Bopp, Jacob, 50 Second street, Third ward, Allegheny	42
Bell, Andrew, Clark street, Eighth ward, Pittsburgh	38
Clark, Wm., stock yards, Twenty first ward, Pittsburgh, from J. W. Clark	5
Cavanaugh, Mat., 32 Water street, First ward, Pittsburgh, from T. Durken	5
Cavenaught, Thomas, 17 Penn avenue, First ward, Pittsburgh, from P. McDonough	5
Crosier, Emma, 5 Wylie avenue, Fifth ward, Pittsburgh	46
Cahill, Michael, Fifth avenue, Fourteenth ward, Pittsburgh	46
Cella, Louis, Jr., Atwood street, Fourteenth ward, Pittsburgh	42
Comer, William, 130 Webster street, Eighth ward, Pittsburgh	38
Daleth, Nich., 62 East street, Third ward Allegheny, from H. Pfau	5
Daily, T. E., 130 Third avenue, Second ward, Pittsburgh, from C. P. Harnick	5
Delaney, John, 863 Penn avenue, Twelfth ward, Pittsburgh, from H. Meckelvy	5
Drury, John, 12 Liberty street, First ward, Pittsburgh	46
Deckenbach, Cath., 73 Diamond street, Third ward, Pittsburgh	46
Dougherty, Mrs. M., 157 Webster avenue, Eighth ward, Pittsburgh	46
Davis, Cath., 116 Grant street, Fifth ward, Pittsburgh	46
Desker, Mrs. E., 437 Liberty street, Ninth ward, Pittsburgh	46
Durkin, Thoman, 32 Water street, First ward, Pittsburgh	46
Devine, Thomas, 21 Penn street, First ward, Pittsburgh	42
Denver, John, 1 High street, Fifth ward, Pittsburgh	42
Dean, James, Eleventh street, Twenty-ninth ward, Pittsburgh	38
Dunn, J. A., 289 Beaver avenue, Sixth ward, Allegheny	38
Donough, Patrick, 12 Penn avenue, First ward, Pittsburgh	38
Einstein & Co., 144 Smithfield street, Third ward, Pittsburgh, from J. Wagner	5
Ediefson, John, 553 Penn avenue, Tenth ward, Pittsburgh, from R. Reicher	5
Eisenhauer, C., 39 East street, Third ward, Allegheny, from C. Fath	5
Eardley, George, 2523 Carson street, Twenty-fifth ward, Pittsburgh, from J. Edwards	5
Euler, John, Fifth avenue, Fourteenth ward, Pittsburgh	46
Ewing, George, 433 Penn avenue, Ninth ward, Pittsburgh	46
Engelking, Mrs. R., 1321 Carson street, Twenty-eighth ward, Pittsburgh	38
Evans, John, 588 Soho street, Fourteenth ward, Pittsburgh	38
Froelich, Chris, 17 Diamond, Third ward, Pittsburgh, from J. Wilhelm	5
Frishkorne, Mrs. J., 445 Beaver avenue, Sixth ward, Allegheny	46
Ferry, Jas., Tunnell street, Fifth ward, Pittsburgh	38
Greeny, Cath., Station street, Nineteenth ward, Pittsburgh, from C. Plant	5
Gucke, Fred., 117 Chestnut street, Third ward, Allegheny, from T. Durken	5
Getz, Anna, 33 Spring Garden avenue, Seventh ward, Allegheny, from J. Hock	5
Gibson, Jos., Butler road, Shaler township, from F. Snoder	5
Gottart, Geo., 117 Chestnut street, Third ward, Allegheny	46
Goeude, Peter, Center avenue, Twentieth ward, Pittsburgh	46
Gerst, Mrs. M., 63 Cedar avenue, Third ward, Allegheny	42
Grace S. H., Railroad street, South Versailles	42
Ganwish, John, Forty-sixth street, Seventeeth ward, Pittsburgh	38
Guggenheimer & Co., 13 Diamond, Third ward, Pittsburgh	38
Gotthardt, Geo., 141 Chestnut street, Third ward, Allegheny	38
Gruber, Michael, 204 Spring Garden avenue, Seventh ward, Allegheny	32
Harber, B., 91 North avenue, Third ward, Allegheny, from B. Shafer	5
Hasley, Cath., 66 Liberty street, Fourth ward, Allegheny, from J. Snyder	5
Hartung, John, 262 Spring Garden avenue, Seventh ward, Allegheny, from C. Hasset	5
Hammel, John, M., 1207 Carson street, Twenty-eighth ward, Pittsburgh, from J. Roth	5
Hammel, Fred., Eleventh street, Twenty-ninth ward, Pittsburgh, from J. Hamm	5
Huber, Peter, Willow street, Sixteenth ward, Pittsburgh, from B. Wolff	5
Harrison, G. W., Township road, North Versailles	46
Hemerly, Henry, Broad street, Nineteenth ward, Pittsburgh	46
Hochschwender, George, 52 Smithfield street, Second ward, Pittsburgh	46
Haug, E., Spring Garden avenue, Reserve township	42
Heinz, John, 26 Center avenue, Twentieth ward, Pittsburgh	38
Hassert, Charles, 249 Spring Garden avenue, Seventh ward, Allegheny	38
Hogan, Thomas, Penn avenue, Sixteenth ward, Pittsburgh	38
Henniman, James, 83 Liberty street, Fourth ward, Allegheny	38
House, Henry, Sawmill Run, Thirty-fifth ward, Pittsburgh	46
Jaggi, Anna, 95 Spring Garden avenue, Seventh ward, Allegheny	42
Kunkle, Conrad, 127 Chestnut street, Third ward, Allegheny, from P. Kunkle	5
Kunkle, Philip, 178 Fulton street, Sixth ward, Allegheny, from C. Kunkle	5
Keller, Victor, Frankstown avenue, Nineteenth ward, Pittsburgh, from J. C. Rothe	5
Kunkle, Philip, 127 Chestnut street, Third ward, Allegheny, from L. Zelham	5
Kroye, Adam, 223 Main street, Eighth ward, Allegheny, from P. Kunkle	5
Kunkle, Philip, 223 Main street, Eighth ward, Allegheny, from M. Wagoner	5
Kurth, Eliz, German street, Thirty-fifth ward, Pittsburgh	46
Kilmer, George, Main street, Thirty-fifth ward, Pittsburgh	46
Kraft, Frederick, 201 Center avenue, Eleventh ward, Pittsburgh	42
Kiphen, William, 78 Twelfth street, Twenty-ninth ward, Pittsburgh	42
Koletka, John, 63 Fourteenth street, Twenty-eighth ward, Pittsburgh	38
Kittner, Charles, 180 Liberty street, Third ward, Pittsburgh	38
Lofink, John, 945 Penn avenue, Twelfth ward, Pittsburgh, from J. Gotthardt	5
Loeffler, W., 100 Wilkins street, Ninth ward, Allegheny, from T. Birmingham	5
Ludwig, L., 1008 Penn street, Twelfth ward, Pittsburgh, from C. Ludwig	5
Lang, Cath., 116 Washington street, Sixth ward, Allegheny	46
Loskin, Frank, 559 Fifth avenue, Eleventh ward, Pittsburgh	46
Littell, James, Torrens street, Twenty-first ward, Pittsburgh	46
Lindsey, Albert, Butler street, Seventeenth ward, Pittsburgh	46
Logue, Patrick, Second avenue, Fourteenth ward, Pittsburgh	42
Miller, Geo., Perrysville road, Reserve township, from C. Froelich	5
Montgomery, J. M., Third avenue, Second ward, Pittsburgh, from J. J. Speck	5
Miller, Wm., 901 Penn avenue, Twelfth ward, Pittsburgh, from A. Voeller	5
Miller, John, 143 Penn avenue, Fifth ward, Allegheny, from J. Schneider	5
Montague, James, Fifth avenue, Fourteenth ward, Pittsburgh, from D. Williams	5
Mann, C. A., 118 Smithfield street, Third ward, Pittsburgh, from T. Mann	5
Mole, Josh, 9 Diamond street, First ward, Pittsburgh, from G. Alstodt	5
Meriner, J., 5 Wylie avenue, Fifth ward, Pittsburgh, from E. Crosier	5
Murray, P. W., 116 Fifth avenue, First ward, McKeesport, from J. F. Wolf	5
Mellor, Thos., 46 Liberty avenue, First ward, Pittsburgh, from W. Printy	5
Miller, D., 105 Water street, First ward, Pittsburgh, from H. Dryfoos	5
Miller, W., Castle Shannon, Baldwin township	46
Meyer, G., 227 Ohio street, Third ward, Allegheny	46
Meyer, John, Frankstown avenue, Nineteenth ward, Pittsburgh	46
Moore, C. A., 36 West Diamond, First ward, Allegheny	46
Morrow, Patrick, 332 Second avenue, Sixth ward, Pittsburgh	46
Marx, Anton, 450 Marion street, Sixth ward, Pittsburgh	46
Moon, Richard, 73 Washington street, Seventh ward, Pittsburgh	42
Marquis, B. F., 87 Second avenue, Second ward, Pittsburgh	38
Molamphy, Patrick, 1068 Penn avenue, Twelfth ward, Pittsburgh	38
McKeefry, Thomas, Forbes street, Fourteenth ward, from J. Weis	5
McNally, Thomas, Fifth street Second ward, McKeesport, from M. A. French	5
McFetrick, James, 80 Fulton street, Eighth ward, Pittsuurgh, from G. Phillips	5
McMineman, R., Federal street, Seventh ward, Pittsburgh	46
McCafferty, M. C., Butler street, Eighteenth ward, Pittsburgh	46
McMahon, John, Butler street, Seventeenth ward, Pittsburgh	46
McIntosh, Lydia, 6 McClure avenue, Eleventh ward, Allegheny	38
McAluney, Michael, 437 Beaver avenue, Sixth ward, Allegheny	38
McGee, Patrick, 515 Penn avenue, Ninth ward, Pittsburgh	38
Neubert, George, 4040 Penn avenue, Seventeenth ward, Pittsburgh	46
Neff, Charles, Center street, Twentieth ward, Pittsburgh	38
Ott, Joseph, 248 Main street, Eighth ward, Allegheny	46
O'Keep, Jerry, 321 Second avenue, Sixth ward, Pittsburgh	46
O'Conner, John, 650 Penn avenue, Tenth ward, Pittsburgh	42
Pfau, Henry, 62 East street, Third ward, Allegheny, from J. D. Helmers	5
Patterson, T. A., Twenty-seventh street, Third ward, Allegheny, from J. S. Coney	5
Padrikowsky, Paul, 27 First street, Twenty-fourth ward, Pittsburgh	46
Peters, John, 267 East street, Seventh ward, Allegheny	46
Printy, William, 2 Fourth avenue, First ward, Pittsburgh	42
Paulus, John, German street, Thirty-fifth ward, Pittsburgh	38
Phillips, Joseph, 22 Main street, Fourth ward, Allegheny	38
Rittmyer, George, Frankstown avenue, Nineteenth ward, Pittsburgh, from J. Meyer	5
Rahe, M., 167 Fifth avenue, Fifth ward, Pittsburgh, from J. Quinn	5
Rodgers, Ira, 2102 Carson street, Twenty-fifth ward, Pittsburgh, from H. Zedel	5
Roth, Jacob, 1221 Carson street, Twenty-eigeth ward, Pittsburgh	46
Ross, Charles, 177 Grant street, Third ward, Pittsburgh	42
Rosignol, Philip, 1210 Washington street, Twenty-eighth ward, Pittsburgh	38
Schmitt, Adam, Lincoln avenue, Twenty-first ward, Pittsburgh, from W. Schwer	5
Schneider, Jacob, Washington avenue, Thirty-first ward, Pittsburgh, from W. Stroebel	5
Smith, George, 591 Ohio street, Eighth ward, Allegheny, from J. Miller	5
Stalder, E., 248 Ohio street, Fourth ward, Allegheny, from J. Kunz	5
Surekhardt, John, 93 Third street, Third ward, Allegheny, from J. G. Woernly	5
Schanzenbach, C., 459 Fifth avenue, Eleventh ward, Pittsburgh, from P. Schanzenbach	5
Speck, J. J., Third avenue, Second ward, Pittsburgh, from T. F. Chalfant & Co.	5
Stockman, Frederick, 2 Chestnut street, Fourth ward, Allegheny, from H. C. Neddermyer	5
Sorg, Mrs. P., 1417 Carson street, Twenty-eighth ward, Pittsburgh, from J. Sorg	5
Snyder, W. H., 107½ Ohio street, Third ward, Allegheny, from R. S. Moffit	5
Schlesinger, B., 11 Smithfield street, Second ward, Pittsburgh	46
Schmitt, George, Springhill, Seventh ward, Allegheny	46
Smith, M., 292 Western avenue, Fifth ward, Allegheny	46
Simmons, P. W., 27 High street, Fifth ward, Pittsburgh	42
Sharp, Henry, 31 Nineteenth street, Twenty-sixth ward, Pittsburgh	42
Stitterich, George, 95 Rebecca street, Fifth ward, Allegheny	42
Smith, John D., 1726 Carson street, Twenty-sixth ward, Pittsburgh	42
Seewald, Chris., 333 Carson street, Thirtieth ward, Pittsburgh	38
Seitz, George, Homewood avenue, Twenty-first ward, Pittsburgh	38
Sullivan, Margaret, 240 Arch street, Second ward, Allegheny	38
Vonderlin, M., Castle Shannon, Baldwin, from W. Miller	5
Vogtly, Victor, Ella street, Seventeenth ward, Pittsburgh	46
Wilhelm, John, 3 Diamond, First ward, Pittsburgh, from J. Lofink	5
Witthauer, R., 132 Smithfield, Third ward, Pittsburgh, from A. Witthauer	5
Wilhelm, Casper, 36 East street, Third ward, Allegheny, from M. Tress	5
Wildman, Anton, 387 Ohio street, Eighth ward, Allegheny, from F. Gucker	5
Willig, Charles, 480 Penn avenue, Ninth ward, Pittsburgh, from C. Harch	5
Watson, S. H., Penn avenue, Twentieth ward, Pittsburgh, from M. Diehl	5
Wagoner, Mary, 223 Main street, Eighth ward, Allegheny, from C. Wagner	5
Wembrer, George, Carson street, Thirty-fourth ward, Pittsburgh, from J. Reisbeck	5
Winkleman, C., Fifth street, First ward, McKeesport	46
Winzell & Porter, 110 Smithfield street, Third ward, Pittsburgh	46
Williams, N., 58 Market street, First ward, Pittsburgh	46
Woods, Robert, 232 Federal street, Second ward, Allegheny	46
White, J., 432 Penn street, Ninth ward, Pittsburgh	38
Yerkeson, P., river road, Chartiers township	38
Yelhan, L., 127 Chestnut street, Third ward, Allegheny, from P. Kunkel	5

LEATHER! LEATHER!
The largest assortment in the city of the best tannages of SOLE LEATHER; the best brands of FRENCH KIPS and CALF SKINS, just received. Also, a full line of Domestic Stock on hand, and offered at low prices for cash by
SIEBER & BERG,
40 Penn street.

MANUFACTURERS

HYDRANTS
HOSE.

Hose Pipes
AND
CUPLINGS.
The Best and Cheapest in the Market.
Bailey, Farrell & Co.,
167 Smithfield Street,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

ROOFS.
Wm. B. Scaife & Sons,
119 and 121 First Avenue,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Erect in Any Part of the United States,
Iron Roof Frames
AND
Iron Mill Buildings
COVERED WITH
CORRUGATED IRON.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Corrugated Iron,
FOR ROOFING OR SIDING WOODEN FRAME BUILDINGS.
The demand for CORRUGATED IRON increases yearly as its merits become known, for Sidings, as well as Covering all classes of Manufacturing Establishments where it is desirable to decrease the amount of wood used as a safety from fire.

Totten & Co
FULTON FOUNDRY,
Cor. Twenty-fourth and Railroad Sts.,
TWELFTH WARD, PITTSBURGH.
ROLLING MILL CASTINGS,
Blast Furnace Engines,
PLAIN AND GROOVED
CHILLED ROLLS,
SHEARS AND PUNCHES, NAIL MACHINES, ERNEST'S PATTERNS.
Ore Pulverizers of Improved Construction. Mills for Grinding Brick Clay.
Castings Made Out of Gun Iron when ordered.
ROLLS TURNED.

PITTSBURGH FOUNDRY.
A. GARRISON & CO,
MANUFACTURERS OF
CHILLED AND SAND
ROLLS,
Of acknowledged Superior Quality, at the Lowest Current Prices.
ORE AND CLAY PULVERIZERS,
ROTARY SQUEEZERS,
Haskins' Patent Double Spiral Pinions and Rolli
Of Ev
Office and Warehou
Second avenue.

ALEX. NIMICK, President. G
Jacobus & N
PROPRIETORS OF
PITTSBURGH NOVELTY WORKS,
Formerly J. K. Moorhead & Co., founded A. D. 1843, and
PITTSBURGH VARIETY WORKS,
Formerly Jones & Nimick Manufacturing Co., founded A. D. 1855. Manufacturers of the well known J. & N. and Novelty Brands of Locks and Latches. Fairbanks' Patent Platform and Counter Scales, Paint and Coffee Mills, Builders' and Domestic Hardware generally.
Diamond Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

PENNSYLVANIA IRON WORKS.
Everson, Macrum & Co.,
Manufacturers of all Descriptions of
Sheet, Bar, Band and Small Iron.
Office and Works, Second Avenue,
Immediately above Upper Monongahela Bridge,
PITTSBURGH.
Special attention given to FINE SHEET.

MACK'S PATENT INJECTORS
OR BOILER FEEDERS,
For Locomotive and Stationary Boilers
MANUFACTURED BY
National Tube Works Co
Are quite easily managed and perfectly reliable.
JAS. W. BATCHELOR, Agent,
Corner Third and Wood Streets.
TThs

J. C. RIETHMILLER & SON,
(J. C. Riethmiller, late Foreman at Bown & Son,)
Machinists, Blacksmiths & Locksmiths.
Also, Manufacturers and Repairers of Tools of every description. Special attention given to Grinding Knives, Scissors and Razors.
Corner Sixth Avenue and Cherry Alley,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Repairing of every description executed with neatness and dispatch.

REINEKE, WILSON & CO.,
Practical Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters,
And dealers in LIFT AND FORCE PUMPS, IRON AND LEAD PIPE, CHANDELIERS, BRACKETS, &c.
NO. 61 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH.
Special attention given to Rebronzing and Gilding Chandeliers

STEEL MANUFACTURERS.

PITTSBURGH STEEL WORKS
ANDERSON & WOODS,
Successors to Anderson, Cook & Co.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
BEST REFINED CAST STEEL,
Of every description. Also, BEST
Refined German Plow & Spring Steel.
Corner Ross and First Avenue,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Black Diamond Steel Works.
PARK, BROTHER & CO.,
Manufacturers of All Descriptions of
STEEL.
Office and Warehouse: THIRTIETH, THIRTY-FIRST and RAILROAD STS., Pittsburgh.

SHEFFIELD STEEL WORKS.
Singer, Nimick & Co.,
Manufacturers of All Descriptions of
STEEL.
BEST REFINED TOOL CAST STEEL.
CAST AND GERMAN PLOW AND SPRING STEEL.
CIRCULAR AND LONG SAW PLATES.
ELLIPTIC, PLATFORM AND SEAT SPRINGS.
AXLES AND STEEL TIRE.
STEEL FIRE BOX AND BOILER PLATES.
STEEL FORGINGS MADE TO ORDER.
83 Water and 100 First Ave., Pittsburgh.

STEEL CASTINGS,
UNDER HAINSWORTH'S PATENT.
We are making STEEL CASTINGS true to pattern, sound and strong. Can be forged or welded as easily as Bar Steel. Invaluable for articles requiring great strength and durability. Send for Circular.
PITTSBURGH STEEL CASTING COMPANY,
Twenty-six d Railroad streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

PLAIN TALK
COAL AND IRON MASTERS TAKE NOTICE.
The oldest Coker we now have in the Union, who first brought coking on the ground to perfection on this continent, upwards of sixty years in the business, and who never failed to give satisfaction to all who required his services, is now prepared to test any vein of coal in the Union, to bring it to perfection and dispatch the sulphur from it so thoroughly that the coke will not injure the quality of any metal. The process was first used by him forty years ago in the tin works, but this must be done in the open atmosphere. Those who have employed him say his success is beyond our most sanguine expectation, and as a Coker Mr. NOKES has no superior. Will go for one month or a longer period to any person desiring his services. Address
EVAN NOKES,
Hollidaysburg, Blair county, Pa.

CITY MATTERS.

For eighty-five cents per month the DAILY COMMERCIAL will be mailed to travelers or to subscribers who are temporarily absent from Pittsburgh. The address of the paper will be changed as often as is desired.

Local Observations.

OFFICE OF THE OBSERVER, U. S. SIG. SERV.,
ROOM 26, FIRST NATIONAL BANK,
PITTSBURGH, PA., August 27, 1876.

Time.	Bar.	Th'r.	Hum.	WIND. Dir.	WIND. Force.	Weath.
7 A. M.	30.176	53	93	N.W.	Gentle	Fair.
2 P. M.	30.087	74	28	N.W.	Fresh.	Fair.
9 P. M.	30.110	64	67	N.	Light.	Fair.

Mean barometer..30.126 | Highest thermom..76
Mean thermom... 63.7 | Lowest thermom..50.5

Pittsburgh Female College.

Fall term opens September 7th. Address Rev. I. C. Pershing, D. D., Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

The Western University

Opens September 4th. Call from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., or address Chancellor Woods.

Iron City College,

corner Penn and Sixth streets, now in session. Students received at any time. J. C. Smith, A. M., Principal. MWS

Masonic.

On Friday evening George E. Wagner, M. E. G. H. P., of the Grand Chapter, A. Y. M., of Pennsylvania, accompanied by other Grand officers, paid an official visitation to the chapters in this Masonic district, at the temple on Fifth avenue. Between three and four hundred companions were present, among them representatives from Brookville, Kittanning, Brownsville, Monongahela City, Rochester and Uniontown. The work was exemplified in the Royal Arch degrees by the Grand officers.

Another Crime.

W. O. Topper and O. P. Sackett, who were sent to the Penitentiary several months ago for burglary, will be taken to Westmoreland county to-day for trial on the charge of committing a burglary last November at the store of Wray & Ashbaugh, on the Kiskiminetas river, opposite Leechburg. These men were sent to the Penitentiary by Judge McCandless for four years for robbing the postoffice at Clarksburg, Indiana county. At the time of their arrest their house was searched and a large quantity of stolen goods found, which were identified by a member of the firm mentioned as having been stolen from their store. These offenders are old in crime. Topper is now serving his fifth term in the Penitentiary, and Sackett is working out his second.

The Mayoralty Case.

On Saturday, in the Court of Common Pleas No. 1, in the case of Magee vs. McCarthy, Mr. Hamilton, on the part of Mr. McCarthy, made a motion to dismiss the replication and quash the rule. He had understood that a decision on a demurrer in a *quo warranto* proceeding was final, and he did not wish to be placed in the attitude of pleading in a case which had already been decided. Judge Stowe suggested that it would be better to defer the matter until Judge Sterrett should return, as that gentleman had examined the case and decided it. Of course whatever the court could do to fix the matter in a proper shape for the Supreme Court it would do, and with this in view he had allowed the replication to be renewed. So far as he was concerned, he was of opinion that the demurrer was final. Proceedings were deferred.

Our Oarsmen.

Henry Coulter started on the 7:51 train last evening, for Philadelphia, to take part in the Centennial races. He was accompanied by James Maloney, his brother-in-law, and Pat. Speer, his trainer, and took with him his single scull, in which he rowed Morris last season. He will not decide where he will quarter until he gets to Philadelphia. The professional single-scull race, in which Coulter takes part, will come off next week, probably about September 6.

The amateur races in the Centennial regatta come off this week, commencing to-day. In the four-oared, the Duquesne, of Allegheny, will take part.

A single scull race took place on the Allegheny river Saturday evening, between J. Pack and J. Fetter. The former won by half a length.

Struck by Lightning.

About five o'clock Friday evening, during the thunder storm, the house of Henry Poclott, at Bridgeville, Upper St. Clair township, was struck by lightning. The fluid passed down the conductor, which was found perforated in three or four places. Mrs. Poelett, in company with a little girl, was standing in one of the rooms, and was knocked flat down by the shock, but the child at her side escaped unharmed. The woman soon recovered, and on Saturday morning she felt as well as ever. A copper kettle, which stood under the conductor, was scorched or burned from the effects of the lightning, but no other damage was done.

At about the same hour the residence of Mr. Charles Dillinger, on Spring Hill, Allegheny, was struck by lightning. The electric fluid passed down the lightning rod to within half a dozen feet of the ground, when it flew off to a spike driven into the side of the house, knocked it out of the board and then passed through the wall into the dwelling, and smashed a bureau and some other furniture to pieces. Mr. Dillinger entered the room a few minutes afterward and found it full of smoke, but could find no fire. No further damage was done.

Monongahela Valley Camp Ground

Special Correspondence of Pittsburgh Commercial.

This new camp meeting venture is proving an eminent success in every respect. The weather having cleared up the attendance yesterday was immense; perhaps not less than 9,000 persons were on the grounds, and notwithstanding this vast crowd, such is the moral influence which has been gradually growing from the first, that everything proceeded with the greatest quiet and interest. The preaching during the day was highly practical and spiritual. Rev. J. W. Baker occupied the morning hour, taking for his subject "The Oracles of God." Dr. Watkins preached a beautiful and effective discourse from "Ho! every one that thirsteth," and Rev. N. P. Kerr delivered a sermon from "A Desire to Depart." The delightful experience meeting at eight o'clock A. M., was a good preparation for the subsequent exercises.

The bright, warm, beautiful day was a fit type of the soul-cheering services. A deep religious interest pervades the camp ground. God's people are looking for great things during the coming days of the meeting. C.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

United States Circuit Court—Judge McKennan.

Stanley & Sicklesmith, bankrupts. Appeal of First National Bank, Waynesburg, dismissed at cost of appellant.

Joseph L. Lytle, bankrupt, city. Bill of review dismissed at cost of petitioner.

In the suit of William Smith & Sons vs. James Marshall & Co., a bill in equity for an injunction and an account for infringement of patent for improved molding and casting apparatus and improved flasks for cast-iron pipe, the Court delivered an opinion dismissing the bill in so far as it relates to patents Nos. 142,661 and 53,833, without prejudice, and as to patent No. 37,637 the bill was dismissed generally with costs.

In the cases of E. A. L. Roberts vs. John Field, Thos. W. Wakefield, Peter Morris, Geo. Wise, E. E. Swett, Geo. H. Brooks, Fred. Roberts, Wm. H. Mercer, Joseph Webb, Joseph and John Showalter, Andrew McIntyre, John H. Gaily, C. H. Snively, Robert Denton, Alex. Smith, Frank Holden, Frank Metcalf, John and William McConnell, Wm. Morrissey, C. S. Clarke, J. A. Garland, O. R. Kemp, D. C. Gruntz and Daniel Jenkins, final decrees sustaining the validity of the Roberts torpedo patent were granted, and the cases referred to H. D. Gamble, as master, to take an account of damages.

United States District Court—Judge Ketcham.

A. O. Sturtevant, bankrupt, Erie county. Petition for discharge presented and order made for examination before Register Woodruff.

Wettach, Couch & Co., debtors, Allegheny city. Application made for dissolution of injunction against John Haines, and hearing fixed for 31st inst.

Silkman & Winton *et al.*, creditors, vs. Anthony Battle, Luzerne county. Petition for adjudication presented and the usual order made. An order was also granted restraining certain execution creditors.

Russell H. McIntyre, of Erie county, filed a voluntary petition, which was referred to Register Woodruff.

Charles A. Boone, bankrupt, Luzerne county. Hearing on rule to show cause why specifications of objection to discharge should not be set aside, continued to the 1st prox.

R. H. Palmer & Co. *et al.*, creditors, vs. Wm. Lockwood, debtor, Greene county. Hearing for an injunction continued to the 10th prox.

Nation Trust Company, debtor, Pittsburgh. Hearing on motion for an injunction continued to the 28th inst.

J. L. Lytle & Co., debtors, Pittsburgh. Motion made to dismiss petition for injunction against T. B. Young & Co.

Common Pleas No. 1—Judge Stowe.

David Reed, Esq., was appointed to inquire into the alleged lunacy of Wm. Todd. Mary Ann Todd, his wife, was the petitioner.

On the voluntary assignment of James Old, the assignee's report, so far as it was made, was confirmed.

S. G. Remally was appointed a committee of the person and estate of Susan Remally.

An order was made for the discharge of Mary Ann Dietz from Dixmont, the Superintendent having reported that she has sufficiently recovered.

H. G. Edmundson vs. John W. Patterson; Auditor's report confirmed absolutely.

Voluntary assignment of W. W. Wilson & Co. At the petition of creditors, a citation was issued to Henry Kirkpatrick, assignee, to show cause why he should not be dismissed from his trust and account for the moneys received by him under it. Returnable September 2 at ten o'clock.

A. P. Sias vs. Edward Jenkins. J. S. Young appointed guardian *ad litem* of Edward Jenkins.

Jacob H. Walters was appointed a committee of the person and estate of Williard Leonard, he having been found to be a habitual drunkard.

The Associate Reformed Church of the city of Pittsburgh was allowed to change its name to the Second United Presbyterian Church of Pittsburgh.

John Paul Sharp was allowed to change his name to John Paul Sharp Lyons.

Commonwealth *ex rel.* vs. John A. Miller, lunatic. Final account of John A. Kaercher, committee, confirmed *nisi*.

Orphans' Court—Judge Hawkins.

Thomas Booth was appointed guardian of Eliza Ann Booth.

Estate of Wm. Johnson, deceased. Return of inquest confirmed absolutely, and rule on heirs to accept or refuse.

Estate of James Hays. Calculation of owelty presented and approved.

Estate of Benjamin Trimble; citation directed to issue to account.

Wm. H. Sterrett was appointed guardian of Martha, John and Agnes Kennedy.

Estates of Chas. Kramer, Chas. Armstrong, John Graham and Conrad Shad. Widows' appraisements approved *nisi*.

Estate of E. Dithridge. Report of sale confirmed absolutely.

John McElwain was appointed guardian of Mary H. Sommerville.

Estate of Gottlieb Faas, deceased; citation to administrators to account.

S. A. Cosgrave was appointed guardian of Sallie W. Butler and others.

Annie B. Lacock was appointed guardian of James L. Dutch, *nunc pro tunc* as of January, 1870.

Estate of William Heinz. Decree of distribution made.

Life Insurance.

Before insuring your life, examine the merits of the Convertible Life Policy of the United States Life Insurance Company of New York, which presents features suited to all ages and conditions. Full particulars given by J. Palmer O'Neil, Manager, 66 Fifth avenue. MTh

MASS MEETING OF VETERANS.

A Rousing Rally of North Side Soldiers for Hayes, Wheeler and Bayne.

A large and enthusiastic meeting of the veteran soldiers of Allegheny City, was held on Saturday evening at Wilson's Hall, Diamond, for the purpose of selecting delegates to the Soldiers and Sailors' Convention at Indianapolis, and also to perfect an organization of the veterans into a club for work during the present campaign.

The meeting was called to order with W. S. Caldwell in the chair and F. H. Dyer and J. T. Cunningham Secretaries. The objects of the meeting having been briefly stated, it was decided, after considerable discussion upon the best form of organization, to proceed to the election of a Committee on Delegates to Indianapolis, after which the meeting would proceed to organize a Veteran Association to which all honorably discharged soldiers and sailors shall be eligible for membership for the city of Allegheny, each city to organize like associations.

The following gentlemen were then appointed a Committee on Delegates to Indianapolis: General James S. Negley, Colonel Norman M. Smith, Major J. F. Dennison, Colonel T. M. Bayne, Major W. W. Tyson.

On motion, Captain J. W. Kreps, J. R. Hutchinson, Jas. A. McLaughlin, J. A. Walker and J. C. Donaldson were appointed a Committee on Permanent Organization of the Allegheny Veteran Association.

During the retirement of this committee the meeting was entertained with a rousing speech by Colonel T. M. Bayne, which was frequently and loudly applauded, at the conclusion of which Prof. Pope was introduced and gave the boys several of his inimitable campaign songs.

The following report was then presented by the Committee on Permanent Organization:

President—W. W. Tyson; Vice Presidents—Abe Patterson, W. B. McVicker, J. R. Lupton, Frank Hopt, Frank Fleck; Secretaries—F. H. Dyer, James Martin, Samuel E. Reynolds; Treasurer—John W. Kreps. The report was adopted.

The following resolutions were then adopted:

WHEREAS, We, the veterans of Allegheny City, a portion of that grand army which rallied to the support and protection of these United States in the dark days of 1861, and who believe now as then that it is a patriotic duty to stand by the Union as our hope in peace as well as our defense in war, to render safe that which through many years of hardship and danger we periled our lives to secure.

AND WHEREAS, Our late foes have proved by their action in the discharge of disabled Union soldiers and their replacement by those who fought against them, and many other acts of a like nature, that the old spirit is yet alive and that we are again called upon to confront the old issue.

We therefore resolve, without malice, yet with the firm determination to protect and perpetuate the liberty and unity of this our country, so hardly earned, and for which so many of our late comrades laid down their lives to secure, to again rally to the support of that party which saved the Union.

Resolved, That in General Rutherford B. Hayes we recognize a brave comrade whose record is untarnished and who has proved himself in every way worthy.

Resolved, That we fully indorse and promise our hearty support to our standard bearers, Hayes, Wheeler and Bayne.

A Committee on Hall was appointed and the meeting adjourned subject to call.

The rolls were signed by thirty or more, and a large and effective organization of the veterans of Allegheny City may be expected.

The R. B. Robinson silver cornet band was in attendance and their fine music contributed largely to the success of the meeting.

ANOTHER RAILROAD PROJECT.

The Lake Erie and Ohio River Road.

RICHMOND, OHIO, August 24, 1876.
To the Editor of the Pittsburgh Commercial:

Having read in your paper the action of the Chamber of Commerce, relative to securing a new outlet from Pittsburgh, to free your merchants and manufacturers from oppressive and ruinous discriminations in freight rates, I deem it proper to lay before your readers a project for the construction of an important line of road, which the citizens of Pittsburgh cannot fail to be interested in. The enterprise to which I refer is the Lake Erie and Ohio River Railroad, chartered under the laws of Ohio, and extending from the Ohio river, at Steubenville, to Painesville on Lake Erie. This line, after leaving Steubenville, crosses the Cleveland and Pittsburgh road at East Rochester, Columbiana county, and the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago road at Salem; thence through Trumbull, Geauga and Lake counties to Painesville, where a suitable lake harbor can be made available. This route traverses a number of populous and prosperous counties, abounding in mineral wealth, and rich in agricultural products. The surveys have already been made; and the grades have been found easy, and the cost of construction comparatively light. A large portion of the route has been canvassed, in securing rights of way from the property owners. This road would be of great advantage to Pittsburgh, as a direct connection could be formed with your city by means of the Ohio river, as well as by existing railways. I wish to bring this subject to the attention of your Chamber of Commerce, and at a future time may enter more fully into details.

Most respectfully, L. F.

FIRES.

An Incendiary Attempt in Allegheny—Several Small Blazes.

About three o'clock yesterday afternoon Officer Lemon, of the Allegheny police, discovered smoke issuing from a trench under the siding of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway, between Arch street and the tunnel. The officer hastened to the spot and found that a quantity of straw and rags in the trench were burning. After some trouble he succeeded in smothering the flames, and after he had done so he saw three men (who had been concealed behind a coal car which was standing immediately over the place where the fire had been started) start up suddenly and run away. He started in pursuit, but the men got away. The circumstances are such as to raise a strong suspicion that the three men were engaged in an attempt to set fire to a train of empty coal cars which was on the siding.

The roof of the residence of Mr. P. N. Hays, on Preble avenue, near Speer street, Allegheny, took fire from a spark about eleven o'clock Saturday night. An alarm brought out the Lincoln steamer, which extinguished the blaze before any damage was done.

A frame dwelling at Wood's Run was fired by a defective flue, but a bucket of water prevented a conflagration.

The alarm of fire shortly after ten o'clock Saturday morning was occasioned by a blaze at Mundorf's planing mill, at Twenty-third and Jane streets, South Side. The damage was inconsiderable.

THE NATIONAL REUNION OF SOLDIERS.

Tents, Provisions, etc., in Demand.

HEADQUARTERS SOLDIERS AND SAILORS'
NATIONAL REUNION,
CALDWELL, OHIO, August 25, 1876.

CIRCULAR NO. 3.—The cannon and ammunition donated by act of Congress to the above reunion having arrived at Caldwell already, and the Secretary of War having informed the committee that the Sioux war demands the use of every tent on the frontier, we are forced to build barracks and go begging to the camp meeting and military associations for tents. It is hoped some of them will send tents in good time. As the disabled veterans of the Soldiers' Home will be there, and many thousands of comrades from distant States, such generosity would not go without its proper reward of gratitude.

Two large cooking ranges, to be returned after reunion, are likewise solicited. The names of the generous and patriotic firms sending them will be announced from the grand stand and published throughout the country, the only return the soldiers can make for this favor. Gifts of ham, bread and crackers are solicited on similar terms. Nothing is charged for admission. All expenses are paid by voluntary subscription of the single town of Caldwell. But if any generous friends desire to lend a patriotic, helping hand as above, God will bless them. We want no money, we have no use for it, because we are not running a political machine.

By order of
THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Incendiarism in Westmoreland.

During the past week a number of incendiary fires have occurred in the town of Irwin, Westmoreland county, and vicinity, and the people of that region are in a constant state of alarm lest the fire fiend has decreed the total destruction of their property. Among the buildings damaged are the hotel owned by Jacob Goehring and occupied by P. Dougherty; a number of dwellings, owned also by Mr. Goehring; Wm. Twigger's frame building, occupied as a hotel by John McGarvey.

Jacob Kunkle's large building at Shafton, occupied by himself as a butcher shop, and by L. Stahl as a dry goods and grocery store, was destroyed with its entire contents. Mr. Kunkle had $4,000 on his building, and Mr. Stahl had the same amount on his goods.

The store room of John Barnes and four dwelling houses were consumed at Paintertown, a little mining village north of Irwin.

Tuesday night last A. L. McFarlane's barn, situated in the vicinity of Circleville, and about one mile southwest of Irwin, was totally destroyed with its entire contents. It was tenanted by Wm. Brisbin, who had only a small amount of insurance on his goods. The barn was fully insured.

CITY MATTERS IN BRIEF.

THE Castle Shannon Railroad is being re-railed with steel.

WM. COWELL has been appointed on the Allegheny detective force in place of Scott, removed.

JAMES CREADY, charged with larceny by bailee by F. C. Campbell, was held by Alderman Smith for trial.

JUDGE HAWKINS, of the Orphans Court, has awarded an issue in the Eberhart will case. This will satisfy both parties.

THE Democrats of the East End will raise a hickory pole on Tuesday afternoon in the vicinity of Lincoln school house.

HUGH PERRY, an old and well known shoe dealer, died suddenly Saturday night at his residence on Wylie avenue, near Washington street.

OAKS RAMSAY, charged with stealing clothes and a revolver from Mr. Straub, has been held by Mayor McCarthy to await the action of the Grand Jury.

JOHN ARMSTRONG, assessor of the first district of the Fourth ward, Allegheny, resides at No. 211 Lacock street, and not on Jackson street, as incorrectly stated in the list recently published.

LIEUTENANT LONG, of the Allegheny police, has been reduced to the ranks for failing to report to the Chief of Police what he knew about the Straub burglary. Andrew Marshall takes Long's place.

A STRAW—A vote taken on the train between this city and Alliance, Ohio, on the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad, on Saturday morning, stood: Hayes and Wheeler, 111; Tilden and Hendricks, 35.

BURGESS ROWAN, of Verona, is the sufferer by a burglar to the extent of a valuable gold watch. The accident happened on Saturday night. The burglar failed at the time to appreciate an elegant diamond breastpin, which was within reach.

MRS. ELIZABETH CRAIG, of Allegheny, eighty-three years of age, took sick and died, on Friday, while visiting the family of James Turnbull, in Steubenville. The remains were brought home for interment, and the funeral took place yesterday.

JACK SCOTT, an old member of the Allegheny detective force, has been removed by Mayor Phillips for giving an item to a reporter which turned out to be untrue. The offense was a trival one, and scarcely merited the severe penalty imposed by the Mayor.

A BOY named Benny Steck, son of James Steck, of Arch street, Allegheny, was struck Saturday afternoon on the head by a brick while in Davis' new buildings, and a gash three inches in length cut. The injury is a severe though not dangerous one.

OFFICER JOHN HAUCH, while trying to disperse a crowd which had been attracted by a dog fight on Roberts street, last evening, was attacked and severely beaten by a number of colored men. One of his assailants, named Townsend, was arrested and locked up for a hearing.

SEWICKLEY ALIVE.

A Rousing Meeting—Thorough Organization.

The citizens of Sewickley met last Friday evening at the school house for the purpose of organizing a Hayes and Wheeler club. Hon. B. C. Christy was unanimously elected President, Mr. H. C. Priest Secretary, and Mr. E. R. Kramer Treasurer. The following committees were appointed:

Finance Committee—A. W. Black, C. F. Nevin, S. McMasters, Joseph Nevin, D. R. Porter.

On Paraphernalia for Marching Club—Wm. M. McDonald, Jos. Nevin, Wm. Grafton.

Vigilance Committee—Thomas Abercrombie, C. Kaffman, C. G. Woods, William Hamilton, Leet Neeley, A. W. Black, W. A. McIlwaine.

The greatest harmony prevailed throughout the meeting, along with a spirit of determination, to win at the coming election, such as has always animated the party in that borough and vicinity. In this spirit, it was moved that the meeting endorse the whole Republican ticket, National, State, Congressional and County. The motion was put with prolonged cheers and was unanimously adopted.

The club has rented Mr. Samuel McMaster's new hall, to be used as headquarters as soon as completed, where the members will welcome all friends of the Republican party, and furnish campaign documents to any person wishing them.

There will be a meeting of the club at Mr. George Bingham's office, on Beaver street, this evening, at half-past seven o'clock, to which the members cordially invite all lovers of good government and Republican principles.

DARING BURGLARY.

A $1,000 Bond Stolen From a Center Avenue Dwelling.

A daring burglary was perpetrated about half-past ten o'clock Saturday night, at the residence of Mr. Jacob Schmidt, corner of Center avenue and Grove street. At the hour mentioned two young men were sitting on the front steps of a dwelling next door to Schmidt's, when they heard a noise in an upper chamber of S.'s residence, and knowing that the family were out visiting a neighbor, they at once concluded that burglars were at work. They proceeded to notify the police, and in a few minutes they found Officers Irwin and Hauch, who immediately repaired to Schmidt's house, while one of the young men apprised the Schmidts of the situation. Mr. S. hurried home, and together with the police searched the premises. They found that every room in the house had been ransacked, that a Government bond of $1,000 had been abstracted from a bureau in Schmidt's bed chamber, and that a quantity of jewelry had been taken from a trunk belonging to Miss Schmidt. The thieves got away safely, leaving no clue to their identity. They effected an entrance through a window in the rear of the house.

Yesterday the police arrested two men on suspicion, one of whom was subsequently released, and the other was locked up for a hearing.

BASE BALL.

The Commercial Boys Capture a Dispatch Nine.

An exciting game was played Saturday morning, on the Exposition grounds, between the clubs of the COMMERCIAL and *Dispatch* press rooms. As will be seen by the score, our young men got away with their opponents by a respectable majority:

COMMERCIAL.	R.	O.	DISPATCH.	R.	O.
J. Donahue, r. f.	1	4	J. Barbin, l. f.	2	3
J. McFerren, 2 b.	3	2	Norris, r. f.	2	3
J. Bakehouse, c. f.	3	2	Fass, c.	5	1
F. Mulholland, l. f.	5	1	A. Barbin, 2 b.	1	4
W. Smith, p.	3	3	Lee, 1 b.	3	1
J. Mulholland, 3 b.	4	2	Lawler, 2 b.	3	1
P. Smith, 1 b.	2	2	Murray, 3 b.	2	2
T. Donahue, s. s.	4	1	Rauhm, c. f.	1	2
P. McFerren, c.	4	1	Clark, p.	3	1
	29	18		22	18

The game at Indianapolis, Saturday, between the Indianapolis and Allegheny clubs resulted in the defeat of the Alleghenys by a score of 5 to 3.

LOCAL POLITICAL NOTES.

ELEVENTH WARD REPUBLICANS.

The Republicans of the Eleventh ward held a large and enthusiastic meeting on Saturday evening, Joseph W. Lewis presiding, George F. Morgan, Dr. A. Æ. McCandless and J. J. Ballard, Secretaries. This ward is thoroughly organized and promises a rousing majority for the whole ticket in November. On Friday evening the marching club of this ward, headed by the Washington Infantry Drum Corps, made a parade through the hill districts. Before starting, the citizens presented them with a handsome silk flag, Mr. John Sample making the presentation speech and Henry Vallowe, a member, responding. On Friday evening next this club will receive the balance of their handsome uniforms, when they will make a street parade, accompanied by Captain Gust Laramore's Eleventh ward colored club. There is also a Junior club of Hayes and Wheeler cadets in this ward, officered by Masters Hunter and Reed, who will receive their uniforms and parade on next Saturday evening.

BOYS IN BLUE.

The meeting to-night of the veteran soldiers at the corner of Fifth avenue and Smithfield street, to make arrangements for attending the National Convention of Soldiers and Sailors to be held in Indianapolis next month, promises to be most earnestly attended.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY COMMITTEE.

To-morrow afternoon at two o'clock, the Republican County Committee will meet at headquarters. A general attendance is desired.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

Academy of Music.

The annual visits of Carncross & Dixey's minstrels are always looked forward to with anticipations of enjoyment, and it may be said, to the credit of the managers, that these anticipations have always heretofore been realized. This evening, at the Academy of Music, the favorites give their opening entertainment, and we shall expect to see the house crowded by a fashionable audience. It is the opening event of the season, and will be in every way pleasant. Mr. Carncross never sang better than now, and his hosts of admirers will be anxious to hear his dulcet tones again. Dixey, the original, prince of comedians, is at his best, and is assisted by a number of other funny men. The organization is, in fact, almost a perfect one, and ever so much pleasure may be had by a visit to them during their stay. They appear every evening this week, and at a matinee on Saturday.

Latrobe Camp Meeting.

LATROBE, August 25, 1876.
To the Editor of the Pittsburgh Commercial:

Friday was a pleasant and happy day at our encampment. Our morning services commenced with an introductory sermon by Rev. W. F. Lauck, at eight o'clock; at 10½ o'clock, preaching by the Rev. E. B. Griffin, from James 4:14; at 1½ we had a children's meeting; at three o'clock Homer Smith preached from 1st Peter, 2:7; at 7½ another sermon by A. B. Castle, from Acts, 1:25. The preaching was all good, and the audience very attentive. At the close of the evening services, several penitents found their way to the alter of prayer, and one was happily converted. The people here have a mind to work, and all the indications are that much good will be accomplished, and if we believe the words of the Master, it will be so. We expect Bishop Peck here to-day. He is to preside at our District Conference, and will preach on Sabbath and remain until Monday.

LATROBE, August 26, 1876.

Since my last letter quite a number of preachers have arrived, and now there are some thirty on the ground. Bishop Peck arrived at 10½ o'clock, and commenced holding the District Conference. Noble G. Miller preached in the morning, Brother Cassel in the afternoon and G. Orbin at night, followed by a strong exhortation from the Bishop. The interest is on the increase, and people are coming in from all quarters. We expect the Sabbath to be a grand day. The Bishop preaches in the morning. Most excellent order prevails, and I am satisfied that there never was a camp meeting conducted with more propriety and more happy results. The people here are all working for the Master's kingdom and for the ingathering of souls into His Church. L.

Castle Shannon Camp Meeting.

The trains on the Castle Shannon Railroad carried several thousand persons to the camp meeting yesterday. The exercises were of a very interesting character, consisting of a powerful sermon by Rev. R. W. Parsons, of Ohio, whose theme was, "What think ye of Christ?" followed by an impressive exhortation by Rev. Dr. Bates, of Baltimore. The Tennesseeans sang a number of their effective pieces, during which many unconverted persons presented themselves to be prayed for

A conference of the Sabbath School workers will be held at the Camp ground August 31st and September 1st and 2d.

Casualties at Camp.

Yesterday eventuated somewhat unfortunately for some persons attending the Castle Shannon camp meeting. Toward evening, Mr. John Herron, who resides on Mercer street, rushed to catch a train, and while endeavoring to mount, missed his footing and was dragged some distance between the train and platform.

About three P. M., in driving from the ground, a carriage upset, and a lady had her arm broken.

Toward nine P. M. a gentleman riding on horseback, between the camp and the station, was thrown to the ground, and had his ear torn off by the horse's hoof.

I. O. O. F.

A general meeting of members of this order in Allegheny county was held Saturday evening, in the hall of Mechanics' Lodge No. 9, to take further action concerning the proposed trip to the Centennial Exposition. Mr. Myler, from the committee appointed to confer with railway officials in reference to transportation, reported that the best terms were offered by Cook, Son & Jenkins, tourists, viz: $8 for the round trip, tickets good for ten days. This proposition was accepted. It is expected that about five hundred members of the order will avail themselves of the cheap fare.

Balloon Ascension.

Professor Gilbert, accompanied by Mr. Frank Higgins, of the *Post*, made a balloon ascension from the Exposition grounds Saturday afternoon. The balloon got away safely about five o'clock, crossing the Allegheny river between the Suspension and Hand street bridges, passing over the grain elevator, Herron's Hill and Oakland. From the latter point it sailed away in an easterly direction, and came down in Wilkins township, on the farm of Mr. Elliott Davis. The aeronauts made the trip in forty-six minutes. No accident occurred.

GOOD WHEAT.

Messrs. Marshall, Kennedys & Co.,

of the *City Flour Mills*, report they are receiving daily large supplies of the finest *Kentucky White* and *Amber* wheat they have seen for years. This wheat averages over sixty-two pounds to the bushel, and one large lot of Amber Wheat weighed sixty-four and a half pounds to the bushel. Messrs. M., K. & Co., say this was the heaviest wheat they ever received. They think the prospect for fine *Winter Wheat Flours* at low prices is certainly flattering this season.

A Most Desirable Chance.

Messrs. William Frank & Sons, auctioneers, will sell, on Monday, August 28th, at 10 A. M., a large assortment of window glass, bottles, boxes, &c., at warehouse of the late C. Ihmsen & Sons, 133 First avenue. See advertisement.

TAKE TIME BY THE FORELOCK!

The Day Approaches!

No Postponement!

The time for the drawing of the Kentucky Cash Distribution Company—Thursday, August 31—rapidly approaches. The managers having resolved that there shall be no postponement, all those intending to try their fortune in this, the most attractive scheme of our time, would do well to forward their money for tickets at once. A very little delay now will cut you off forever from the chance of winning the capital prize of $100,000 and the prize of $50,000, as well as all those 11,156 other prizes to be distributed without fail on the last day of this month. That the managers mean what they say is evident from the fact that they intend, in accordance with the franchises of their charter, to have a series of Grand Drawings, and consequently cannot afford to establish the precedent of postponing. All, therefore, intending to purchase tickets should do so at once. "Nothing risk, nothing win," is a wise old Anglo-Saxon saw; and we all know that "fortune favors the brave" and the prompt. Whole tickets, $12; halves, $6; quarters, $3; 9 tickets, $100; 27½ tickets, $300; 46¾ tickets, $500. All communications, orders for tickets, etc., should be addressed to Hon. Thos. P. Porter, general manager, Frankfort, Kentucky. For further information call on special agent, Central Hotel, Pittsburgh.

MAKE UP YOUR CLUBS
for the
KENTUCKY CASH DISTRIBUTION
COMPANY,

which positively draws August 31, 1876, under the mangement of EX-GOVERNOR
THOMAS P. PORTER,

11,156 cash gifts, aggregating $600,000.

As it is the object of this enterprise to raise money for educational endowment purposes, so it will be seen that the gifts to be distributed are not mere property in houses and lands, but the actual cash itself, amounting to the stupendous sum of $600,000. Among the fortunes to be distributed are the following: One grand gift of $100,000, another of $50,000, another of $25,000, another of $20,000, another of $10,000, another of $5,000, and so on down through a resplendent list of over 10,000 gifts. Such a constellation of opportunities was never before offered for securing a fortune at an outlay of only $12 for a prize ticket. Officered and managed as this enterprise is and will be throughout by some of the foremost and most reputable men in Kentucky, there can be no question that it is the most attractive scheme of the kind ever presented to the public.

Price of tickets.

Whole tickets, $12; halves, $6; quarters, $3; 9 tickets, $100; 27½ tickets, $300; 46¾ tickets, $500; 95¾ tickets, $1,000. All communications, orders for tickets, etc., should be addressed to Hon. Thos. P. Porter, general manager, Frankfort, Kentucky. For further information call on special agent, Central Hotel, Pittsburgh.

VIOLIN STRINGS

Best in the Market

I am now offering to the public by far the best violin strings ever sold in this city. My object is to build up a steady trade for strings, and to do this I am selling strings that can be thoroughly relied on, and at a less price. You need only try these strings once to be convinced that my house is the place to buy at if you want to get the full worth of your money. My fine Italian strings, E, A or D, are 25 cents each, or the complete set of four, 75 cents. Mailed on receipt of price. Try one, and see if you don't like it.
C. C. MELLOR,
79 Fifth avenue.

European Steamship Arrivals Reported Saturday.

Dispatches received at Consul Max Schamberg's European Steamship, Exchange and Telegraph Office, at 163 Smithfield street, announce the arrival of the Allan line steamer Hibernian, at Baltimore; Anchor line steamer Utopia, at New York; White Star line steamer Britannic, at New York; Bristol line steamer Arragon, at Bristol; Cunard line steamer Russia, at Queenstown: National line steamer Denmark, off Lizeard.

Interesting to Glass Men.

A special auction sale of moulds, tools, wagons, chairs, pots, &c., used in the manufacture of Window glass. See advertisement of Wm. Frank & Sons, on fourth page.

Safe Deposit Improvement.

Workmen were busy all day Saturday making important changes and additions to the interior of the vault of the Safe Deposit, of this city, by putting in a large number of improved boxes or safes made expressly to order of Wm. Little, Treasurer, by Hall's Safe & Lock Company, the increase of business of this popular and useful institution requiring the present change. In a few days the improvement will be completed, at which time the patrons of the institution and others are invited to examine.

Headquarters Campaign Goods.

The Opera Hat House, 272 Liberty street, has obtained an enviable reputation for turning out the neatest outfits at the very lowest living rates. Their make of these goods never fail to get all orders where they are compared with others. It has been the custom to make these articles in a slop shop manner, but that time is no more. Nine-tenths of the outfits used in the gubernatorial campaign last fall were manufactured by this firm, and were remarked for their elegance of design and workmanship. Agents for the Abestos Torch; burns twelve hours.

Cape May Prices—Columbia.

Encouraged by the reduction made the beginning of this season the COLUMBIA will further reduce her rates on and after August 21st, 1876, to $3 00 per day for transient guests, and arrange specially with families and parties making an extended stay, while the house shall fully sustain its well known and popular reputation.
GEORGE J. BOLTON,
Proprietor.

CAPE MAY, August 18, 1876.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Centennial Visitors

desiring first-class accommodations at moderate rates should stop at the Bingham House, corner Eleventh and Market streets, Philadelphia. Terms, $3 50 per day. One week or longer, $3 per day. Curtis Davis, proprietor.

ADDITIONAL RIVER DISPATCHES.

CINCINNATI, August 27.—River 9 feet 7 inches and falling. Weather clear and cool. Arrived—Shannon, New Orleans; Cons. Millar, Memphis.

MEMPHIS, August 27.—River stationary; now stands 14 feet 3 inches. Weather clear; maximum thermometer 83. Arrived—Baum, Cincinnati; Departed—Arlington, Cincinnati; Maude, Vicksburg; Ste. Genevieve, St. Louis; Belle of Shreveport, New Orleans, latter last night.

EVANSVILLE, August 27.—Weather clear; mercury 60 to 70. River 9 7-10 feet and stationary. Port List—Up—Robert Mitchell and Idlewild. Down—Evansville and Grey Eagle. No business.

CAIRO, August 27.—Arrived—City of Helena, Vicksburg; Hillman, Nashville; Grand Lake, New Orleans; James W. Gaff, Memphis; Whale, St. Louis; Arkansas Belle, Evansville. Departed—Helena, St. Louis; Hillman, Nashville; Grand Lake, St. Louis; Gaff, Cincinnati; Arkansas Belle, Evansville. River 15 feet 6 inches and falling. Weather clear; mercury 76.

VICKSBURG, August 27.—Weather warm and fair. Down—Golden Rule.

LOUISVILLE, August 27.—River falling with 6¼ feet in canal. Weather clear and pleasant. Arrived—Millar, Memphis; Parker, Cincinnati. Departed—Millar, Cincinnati; Parker, Memphis; Robin, Cumberland river.

ST. LOUIS, August 27.—Arrived—Bob Roy, Keokuk; Mary Boyd, Peoria. Departed—Rob Roy, Keokuk. River stationary. Weather clear and cool.

At a Tilden and Hendricks flag-pole raising at Montrose, Iowa, the other day, three cheers were given for Jeff Davis.—*Chicago Post.*

POLITICAL.

State.

The Republican mass meeting in Washington was a grand success in numbers and enthusiasm.

The Republican Congressional Conferees of the Twenty-seventh district are in session at Erie, with as little probability of coming to an agreement as ever. The various counties of the district have ratified the proposed basis of representation for future conventions.

The *Patriot* is very nervous about political assessments—when made by Republicans. What has it to say about the assessment made yesterday by the Democratic State Central Committee on the clerks in the several departments on the Hill in Harrisburg?—*Harrisburg Telegraph.*

Longstreet, who invaded Pennsylvania, burning, pillaging and destroying as he went, supports Hayes and Wheeler.—*Titusville Courier.*

And the editor of the *Courier* had less objection to his invasion of Pennsylvania than to his support of Hayes and Wheeler.—*Meadville Republican.*

SHENANDOAH, August 23.—The Republican Convention of the First Legislative district met to-day and nominated John W. Morgan.

TAMAQUA, August 23.—W. P. Fowler was nominated for the Assembly by the Republican Convention of the Third district to-day.

ASHLAND, August 23.—The Republicans of the Second Legislative district to-day nominated J. H. James, who received fourteen votes against eleven for Loudenslager.

A gentleman in this city has taken the trouble to hunt up a Johnson dictionary, an ancient and rare tome, in order to get the meaning of the word used by Tilden in his message that has puzzled the average Dimmycrat—the word "usufruct." The following is Johnson's definition of it: "Usufruct: The temporary use; enjoyment of the profits, without power to alienate." And "usufructuary: One that has the use and temporary profit, not the property, of a thing." Sam Tilden, then, must be an old usufructuary; he had the use and temporary profit of the Terre Haute Railroad, but he didn't come by it honestly.—*Harrisburg Telegraph.*

Now let the *smart* correspondent of the COMMERCIAL write a letter explaining the connection of General Harry White with the failure of the Brady's Bend Iron Company.—*Democrat.*

Anybody can answer that question. E. S. Golden, of Kittanning, who was last week unanimously nominated as the Democratic candidate for State Senator in the Senatorial district composed of Armstrong and Butler counties was, and is probably yet, the attorney for the Brady's Bend Iron Works. He will be called upon to rise and explain. Hon. Harry White has never had any connection with the Brady's Bend Iron Works. Mr. Golden is one of the "reformers," and to him the poor swindled workingmen will look for a satisfactory explanation.—*Clarion Republican.*

General.

REFORM NOT RUNNING WITH TILDEN

A gray-haired Democrat who lives in Indiana,
And thinks more of his party than he does of his wife Susanna.
Says: "I don't know nuthin' 'bout this fellow called Reform,
That some of 'em is runnin' 'long with Tilden purty warm;
I understand that Hendrickson, who fit again the war,
Hisself was runnin' mighty strong; but papers ev'rywhar
I see is sayin' how it's Tilden and Reform. Ez fur,
Sez I, as I'm concerned, I never split a ticket, sir,
And never shall; but durn Reform—the bold, intrudin' cuss!
No matter who he is, he aint no fitten man for us.
Mi ticket's got two names on it, and Tilden he is one,
And t'other is that fitin' man whose name is Hendrickson.
I'm goin' airly to the polls to vote my ticket strate,
And any more than them two names would only be dead weight."
That Indiana Democrat is needless in his fuss:
Reform he fears is what is called an *ignis fatuus.*
It is a bluish, sickly light that flickers, as we see,
Along the edges of the swamps of all Democracy;
It lures the traveler away from safe and solid ground.
To flounder in the slimy bogs that riskily abound;
It only dupes the senses and imposes on the mind—
The Democratic platform meant to give ne other kind.
Our Indiana voter should surrender all his doubt—
Reform that really is reform was totally left out.
The Tilden sort is nothing but a bastard, worthless light,
Like that which feebly, falsely gleams in dark of clouded night,
Where slow corruption hastens on the work of full decay,
And in the process makes a beam too faint to show the way.
—*Inter-Ocean.*

There was an old buffer named Sam,
A very transparent old sham;
When he got in a snarl,
He just opened a "bar'l."
"That'll fix the Convention," said Sam.

It is not recorded that Sam Cox blacked the boots of an ex Confederate brigadier, but that is probably, because he wasn't asked to shine 'em up.—*Cincinnati Commercial.*

Interesting Hayes and Wheeler meetings are being held all over the West, and there are signs of a genuine Republican tidal wave this fall. Close up the column!—*Chicago Inter-Ocean.*

Ex Governor Fenton, of New York, has declared himself emphatically for Hayes and Wheeler, and believes that the Liberal element in Chatauqua county will generally vote the Republican ticket.

General Bartlett, of Massachusetts, who lost a leg in the war, is said to have declared for Tilden. Probably not true, but if it is, it is not so very inconsistent. It was Tilden and his friends who put him on the stump originally.—*Philadelphia Bulletin.*

People who never set a squadron in the field are complaining of Mr. Tilden's war record.—*Harrisburg Patriot.*

And people who with Tilden opposed the setting of every squadron in the field are now attempting to clothe Mr. Tilden in a war record.—*Scranton Republican.*

Apropos of the movement to make the Lord resolution effective, the Chicago *Times* says: "Grant is only firing off the ammunition the House supplied. The Confeds thought it was blank cartridge, but already you can hear the music of the bullets."

In view of the bare possibility of a Democratic victory in November, the *Tribune* suggests that it would be well to postpone the Hell Gate explosion till the day after election. If the Democrats were to come into power, the explosion would call emphatic attention to the sort of thing that had "broken loose."

A correspondent of the New York *Herald*, writing from Columbia county, New York, the birthplace of Governor Tilden, will this year go so strongly Republican as to overcome a Democratic majority of nearly 1,000. In New Lebanon—the Tilden homestead—not a single Tilden and Hendricks flag has been displayed.

Here's frankness. Speaking of the nomination of Wade Hampton for Governor by the South Carolina Democrats, the Charleston *News and Courier* says his election is a task of "stupendous difficulty," but one that can be accomplished by "systematic work" and "lavish use of means." That is a loud call for some more of that barrel of money.

It is whispered in political circles that two of the most prominent Democratic members of Congress from Massachusetts have told their friends that they do not wish to disguise the fact that the possibility of Tilden coming into power backed by the Southern Confederates, creates well founded fears for the prosperity of the Union.

Speaking of the make-up of the Democratic factions in New York city, the *Evening Post* says: "So the Democratic party goes to the country loaded with Tammany Hall—not with its unsolicited support, which, in a certain contingency could not be escaped, but by a voluntary and humiliating surrender of the canvass, but it is one which cannot be survived."

According to that naughty paper, the *Hawkeye*, it is thus that Sammy Tilden sings to William Tweed:

Oh, Willie, is it you, dear,
Far, far from home?
I hoped it wasn't true, when
They said you'd never come.
My heart was light and glad
When I saw you get away,
But I thought you'd hang around so you
Could help me any day;
But you've cut your stick for good
And you've left me here alone,—
Oh, Willie, how I need you,
Can't you hurry home?

I've missed you every day, dear,
But later in the fall
If you still stay away, dear,
I can't get on at all.
My second "barl" is empty,
And the third is nearly dry;
And unless it's filled in some way
Hayes will knock me high and dry;
I will promise, if you'll come home
You shan't go where you belong,—
Oh, Willie, hurry home, dear,
And bring your "bar'l" along.

Judge Johnson recently delivered a speech at Delaware, Ohio, on the character of Samuel J. Tilden, and his claims for the Presidency, as set forth by the Cincinnati *Enquirer* before the convention. He thinks the testimony of the *Enquirer* should be taken, as it is the "oldest, ablest, fairest and most influential Democratic journal west of the Alleghenies" and his conclusions drawn from the material supplied by the Democratic organ are:

"First—That he is an avaricious man—too much so to be strictly honest.

"Second—That he is a selfish man—too much so to regard the rights of others.

"Third—That he is a bold and unscrupulous jobber, both in business and politics.

"Fourth—That he was the coadjutor of Vallandigham in the convention of 1864.

"Fifth—That he sought his nomination by advertising, and other disreputable means.

"Sixth—That by the corrupt agency of money and intrigue he was nominated over the heads of worthier men.

"Seventh—That his associations are bad, and that, if elected, he will bring into power the worst of jobbers and public plunderers."

And these conclusions are warranted by the text.

HENDRICKS IN 1863.

"The Knights of the Golden Circle"—He Was a Major General of the Order—Tries to Liberate Rebel Prisoners—And Establish a New Confederacy—Thwarted in the Nick of Time.

[From the Oakland Daily Transcript, July 1, 1876.]

THE CAMP MORTON AFFAIR.

In one particular the nominations of the St. Louis Convention are as strong as could be made. Both candidates are essentially disunion Democrats, and the ticket may therefore be expected to inspire the utmost enthusiasm of the party. Governor Tilden is the reputed author of the infamous resolution adopted at the Chicago Democratic Convention in 1864, which declared the war a failure and demanded an immediate cessation of hostilities after the victory had been won by the Union armies, and when the rebellion was on its last legs. As to Mr. Hendricks, it is well known that he was in open sympathy with the Southern Confederacy, and did everything in his power to create insurrection in the West and take those States out of the Union. To establish this fact it is only necessary to make a rapid review of

THE CAMP MORTON CONSPIRACY,

in which Hendricks was leading actor.

Some time in June, 1862, a great Democratic mass meeting was called to meet in Indianapolis, ostensibly a political meeting, but the real purpose being to seize Camp Morton, liberate the rebel prisoners, get possession of the arsenal, and give the State over to the Confederacy. More than 50,000 Secession Democrats attended from all parts of the State, and nearly all armed with revolvers. At that time the State of Indiana had 90,000 soldiers at the front. Camp Morton was garrisoned by only two regiments, and those were poorly armed having no cannon, so that the capture of that post by so vast a number of armed men seemed altogether feasible. On the morning of the meeting an expose of the treasonable order of the Knights of the Golden Circle had been published in the *Journal and Gazette*, by Colonel A. E. Redstone, now of Oakland, who, under various disguises, had worked his way into a number of their lodges and learned the purpose of the convention. Great excitement prevailed in the city, and all expected that a collision of the swarming rebel Democracy and the handful of Union troops would occur during the day. On the previous evening General Carrington, the commander of Camp Morton, had sent to Chicago and obtained several cannons, and these, unknown to the great crowd of insurgents, were held in readiness for the emergency.

When the crowd had assembled and the speaker and officers had taken their places on the stand, Colonel Redstone mounted the platform, seized one of the small flags, and waving it aloft, called for

"THREE CHEERS FOR THE BOYS AT THE FRONT,

and for the final triumph of the Union cause," and the crowd, not understanding the precise situation, cheered lustily. At length the mistake was discovered, some one drew a pistol threatening to shoot the daring interloper, and as small squads of Union men had been stationed at intervals through the vast assemblage, a general fight was imminent. At this point, Redstone called to the Union men to "train that cannon upon the stand," and although no cannon was in sight there was an immediate precipitate retreat of the unterrified, Hendricks and * * * * they being the first to leap from the stand and scale the adjacent fence. The Union men then took possession of the platform and held a rousing meeting. A party of the rebel Democracy repaired to their hall, but their original purpose having been discovered and defeated, their subsequent proceedings were spiritless. When returning home in the evening the Democratic ruffians fired from the cars upon the Soldiers' Home, wounding one of the inmates. This aroused the whole city. Cannons were brought to the depot and planted in front of the trains, after which the Union men went through the cars disarming the passengers, and collecting altogether about 5,000 revolvers and small arms.

Such is a rapid sketch of a well known historical event in which Governor Hendricks was a participator. There is no doubt that Hendricks and * * * * were the projectors and leaders of the conspiracy, which was only defeated by the courage and firmness of a few Union men. It is not to be supposed that Hendricks' participation in that infamous affair

WILL DIMINISH HIS POPULARITY

with a party which was notoriously in sympathy with the rebellion; but it remains for the more enlightened and patriotic people of the country to decide whether a man of such antecedents may be safely advanced to a position so near to the head of the Government.

The above newspaper article was inclosed in the following letter from Judge R. B. Hall, of California, directed to Colonel A. E. Redstone, Washington City, D. C.:

JUDGE R. B. HALL'S LETTER.

OAKLAND, CAL., July 1, 1876.
Colonel A. E. Redstone, Washington, D. C.:

SIR: In conversation to-day with your old friend, Captain A. P. Wilson, of San Francisco, I learn that you know, of a truth, that Hendricks, the Democratic nominee for Vice President, actually joined the secret, treasonable order of the

"KNIGHTS OF THE GOLDEN CIRCLE,"

in Indiana, during the war. Since the same treasonable elements are again seeking to take the reins of Government, it at once becomes the duty, as it should be the pleasure, of every loyal citizen to place the seal of his disapprobation on all candidates for Government offices who lent aid and comfort to traitors in arms. You will confer a favor on the writer, as well as the Union voters in both parties, by giving all the facts connected with the affair within your personal knowledge.

Very respectfully,
R. B. HALL.

REPLY OF COLONEL A. E. REDSTONE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 14, 1876.
Hon. R. B. Hall, Oakland, California:

SIR: Please find statement concerning the matters inquired about in your letter of July 1st instant.

While in California in 1856, I obtained from a member of the "Nicaraguan Expedition," whom I met in the mines, the full ritual of the "Knights of the Golden Circle." I returned to Indiana in 1859. After the war broke out, a man by the name of Daniel Spear, living now near Indianapolis, informed me of the meeting of the society using the same signs that the man from Nicaraugua had explained to me. I requested him to keep silent, and I would find out the nature of the association. I met them at Orm's Mill, a short distance south of Indianapolis, accompanied by Sergeant Charles Roberts, Sixty-third Regiment Indiana volunteers, both in disguise. He making a slight mistake was kept outside, but where he could see what was going on inside.

It was at one of these meetings I heard the report made by the adjutant that

THOMAS A. HENDRICKS AND * * * *

WERE MAJOR GENERALS.

* * * * * * was the commander-in-chief of the Northwest of the "Knights of the Golden Circle," a treasonable organization, the design of which was to establish a "Northwestern Confederacy." It was in this treasonable organization that the plot was laid to assassinate Governor Morton, liberate the rebel prisoners in Camp Morton, seize the armory, and put arms into their hands, and give over the State of Indiana to the Southern Confederacy, and the consummation of this scheme was the assembling of the "Famous Democratic Convention of March, 1863."

The evening before the Convention met, I made a full expose of the signs, grips, password and preamble, which disconcerted them to the extent that they did not dare use them unless to those they were sure they had met in the organization. The facts, as I remember them, are as follows:

THE CONVENTION.

Just as McQuoit, an iron merchant, had put up the last flag, before the commencement, I remarked to a friend "that the old battle flag, inscribed 'Winchester,' should not be desecrated altogether," stepped upon the stand, and pointing to the flag, said to the multitude gathered: "Gentlemen, do you see those old battle-torn flags: Let's give three hearty cheers for those old flags and the Union." [They were given under the mistake that I was one of the Democratic managers.] "Now, three cheers for the brave boys that bore them through the hard-fought field at Winchester." [Not so strong this time.] "Now, three hearty cheers for Abe Lincoln and his administration." They wilted when they found they

WERE AGAIN COMPLETELY SOLD.

Some drew their revolvers, when I cried out, "Train that cannon upon this stand," and stepped from the platform into the crowd. Later in the day, after a great many had been taken to the Mayor's office, relieved of their pistols and fined, Hendricks and other speakers were on the platform—Church, of Chicago, was speaking—the provost guard were ordered to arrest a man in front of the stand, made an opening through the center, which was filled by Union men, and as they approached the stand, Hendricks & Co. took flight and brought up in a hollow square of cavalry at the corner of State House yard. A sergeant of the Thirty-ninth Iowa got the floor, and commenced giving those rebels some wholesome advice, when the Union men, seeing me on the platform, commenced to cheer and call my name. The sergeant gave way, and I again made a full expose of that treasonable organization. Some of them became furious and again drew revolvers, but they were struck down. General H. B. Carrington, commandant of the post of Indiana and Michigan, had taken the precaution to have the soldiers ready for any emergency, and batteries were planted to rake every avenue, but when the Terre Haute train went out they

FIRED SOME FOUR THOUSAND SHOTS,

mostly while passing the Soldiers' Home, wounding a soldier. General Carrington then ordered a field piece, double shotted with grape and canister, placed on the Peru Railroad track, just on the turn. The Democrats, who lined the top of the cars on the train—the inside was also crammed—commenced firing from the top and through the windows, and wounded a little girl. The cavalry dashed forward and ordered the train to stop. Just as they came within full view of the cannon close ahead, the insurgents wilted and commenced throwing their revolvers into Pogue's run, and 1,500 of these Democratic friends of Tom Hendricks, and in full sympathy with him, were marched out of the cars, disarmed, and after being paroled prisoners of war, were sent on their journey. We captured about 2,000 revolvers from this train alone.

A short time after this event, while at the Union League, Hon William H. Kendrick, of Indianapolis, sent his nephew to inform me that "two assassins, one from Dayton, O, and one from Baltimore, Md, had come to assassinate me," but my detectives were already on their track, and they suspecting it started away, but were followed and shot—one in the streets of Dayton, and one in Baltimore—which caused a great Democratic howl. About this time, it will be remembered, two companies of the Seventy-first Indiana were outflanked for twenty miles in Sullivan county, by

K. G. C., TEN THOUSAND STRONG.

It was this treasonable organization that induced Morgan to make his raid that made Indiana tremble in the balance, caused bonfires to light the streets of their capital city, the bells of alarm to peal out the people *en masse*, to march the streets at the midnight hour, and attempted to destroy the nation's life.

Many remember the trial of H. H. Dodd, Democratic Auditor of the State of Indiana, who was tried and condemned to be shot. It would be well to look at the testimony in the above case, and see if there is not further sworn testimony connecting Mr. Hendricks with that transaction of secreting arms labeled "Sunday school books."

I think General H. B. Carrington, Hon. William H. Kendrick, General John Coburn, Hon. T. J. Carson and many others will bear evidence to the truth of this statement.

It was generally charged that "Tom" Hendricks was in the conspiracy from top to bottom at that time. I do not wish to be conspicuous in this campaign, but you have asked a statement, and I have given you part of the written history of Indiana during the war. I was in

A NUMBER OF THE LODGES

of the K. G. C.'s gave testimony before the Grand Jury of the United States District Court, district of Indiana, against them, when at the same time there was one of the K. G. C.'s on the jury. They evidently thought they had the power to turn the State of Indiana over to the Southern Confederacy. Had their designs not been frustrated and opportunely exposed, they would have been successful.

I claim no merit for my part in the matter. I did what I conceived to be my duty and willingly took the chances, more uncertain probably than on the battle field, as many incidents I could relate would convince all: but, sir, this is not now the issue. The Democratic party did try to stab the nation's life by force and rebellion; and the victor party, called Republican, have robbed (by false systems) the people of what was left.

THE FINANCIAL QUESTION

is the main issue. The "bloody shirt" was reburied, with the corpse, on the last great Centennial Fourth of July, 1876. Let it rest in peace. Let us reorganize as a people and strive to mend the broken links and bind all the citizens of the Republic in the bonds of perfect friendship—to strive for the material advancement, elevation and prosperity of our common country. The men who support "contraction of the currency" and "resumption" are more hurtful to the welfare of this people than those a few years ago in open rebellion against the Government; and let not those who have stagnated the industries, robbed, despoiled and starved the producing people say much about "traitors." It strikes with flattened tones upon the ears of the impoverished masses of this once prosperous Republic.

Respectfully,
ALBERT F. REDSTONE.

BOOK NOTICES.

REPRESENTATIVE MEN: Seven lectures by Ralph W. Emerson. Boston: J. R. Osgood & Co. Price $1 50. For sale by J. R. Weldin & Co.

This is a standard work—one of our American classics. The first lecture is upon the uses of Great Men, and the other six upon Plato, Swedenborg, Montaigne, Shakespeare, Napoleon and Goethe. The lectures are presented in the neat pocket form of the Little Classics, and the get-up of the book is all that can be desired. People may and do differ with Emerson in his estimate of great men, and of their uses; but all scholars delight in perusing what he has to say about them. There was a time, possibly, when Emerson was more thought of and admired than now, and his place in literature is not yet fixed; but he has done more, probably, than any other author to turn the minds of thinkers to abstruse subjects and to direct their intellectual pursuits; and as a consequence his books, in whatever form presented, will always command a wide circle of admirers.

FOREST AND STREAM: The Handbook for Riflemen. By Major George C. Starr. New York: J. B. Ford & Co. Price 50 cents. For sale by J. R. Weldin & Co.

This little handbook, neatly bound, contains forms for organization of rifle associations, bylaws, rules for practice and competition; practical hints concerning ranges, targets, scoring, rifles, shooting, etc., and a list of rifle associations in America. Illustrated with maps, sketches and diagrams. The author is Secretary of the American Rifle Association, and the work is therefore, in some sort, an official one. All those who are interested in rifle shooting will find it complete in all that relates to that subject.

"ZERUB THROOP'S EXPERIMENT. By Mrs. A. D. T. Whitney. Boston: Loring, Publisher." Price 50 cents. For sale by J. R. Weldin & Co.

This is a novel written in the quaintest vein of this popular author. Mrs. Whitney always writes well, and is sure of a large circle of admiring readers. The story of Zerub Throop is that of a wealthy, excentric and solitary man living in an old mansion, with a black cat for his only companion except a faithful old servant, Sarah. He is applied to one day by a widow with six children, to pay her some money once owed to her husband and the debt wiped out by a payment of twenty five cents on the dollar. The interest of the story centers in this incident, which arouses the sympathy of the reader, and makes the story an exceedinly absorbing one. Read it.

STATE NEWS.

The record of admissions to the Centennial up to the closing of the gates on Monday night is as follows:

	Paid.	Free.	Total.	Receipts.
Mon., Aug. 21	28,981	8,522	37,503	$13,490 50
Previous	2,168,125	1,031,823	3,199,948	1,070,322 75
89 days	2,197,106	1,040,345	3,327,451	$1,084,823 75

There were sixty-eight births in Harrisburg in July.

A nest of white buzzards has been found in Chester county.

The coal region of Pennsylvania is noted for its 'killed labor.—*Graphic.*

A. G. Lane, an old citizen of Russellburg, Warren county, died suddenly of heart disease on the 17th inst.

The Gibraltar Forges, in Robeson township, Berks county, are in full blast, after a suspension of over two months.

Mr. John McMillin, of Rockland township, Venango county, died August 13th, in the eighty third year of his age. He served at Erie in the war of 1812.

Nicholas Anna was found drowned near Warren on the 19th inst. He was a Bavarian, twenty-nine years old, and had been working in the Bradford oil district.

On Saturday a young man named Fisher, residing in North Codorus township, York county, was kicked by a horse in the abdomen, death ensuing almost instantly.

The *Daily* says that the officers of the York National Bank have been unable to ascertain that counterfeits on that bank are in circulation, the reports to the contrary notwithstanding.

An epidemic, which invariably proves fatal, has gotten among the fowls of Chester Springs, Chester county, and vicinity. Some persons have lost as many as one hundred in a few weeks.

At a recent trial of the steamer of the Union Fire Company of York, a stream of water was thrown, with ninety pounds of steam and 120 pounds water pressure, a distance of 225 feet, against the wind.

Mr. William W. White, of Kelley township, Union county, has a remarkably fine patch of tobacco. Many of the leaves are two and a half feet long and eighteen inches wide. This, it is thought, will be hard to beat in this part of the country.

On Saturday night about nine o'clock, a Pottsville young lady returned home, and upon going up stairs she saw the dead body of her father hanging by the neck. His name was Eli Seiler. She gave the alarm and then fainted. Temporary insanity.

What do they drink in Bucks county that makes the people of that agricultural region see "wild men covered with hair, and with horns on their heads," such as are described by the *Intelligencer* as having been seen at Nockamixon? asks the Harrisburg *Telegraph.*

An imposter is going the rounds in Chester county representing himself to be an agent for a lady's magazine, having with him two copies of chromo premiums, for which he also solicits orders for frames. He collects any sum he can get, from seventy-five cents upward.

On Saturday, a boy named Benjamin Creever, son of the Methodist minister at Castle Finn, Lower Chanceford township, York county, while gathering drift wood at the forge, fell into the water just below the dam and was drawn into an eddy, where he at once sank. Some time elapsed before help could reach him and when the body was taken out of the water life was extinct.

The Phœnixville Iron Works Company is "weeding out" the superfluous material in the way of superintendents, bosses, &c., and it is the opinion of many that this is a preparatory move towards starting the huge mills on a safer and better system than has characterized them in many years. It is also rumored that Mr. John Griffin, the present General Superintendent, will be relieved of his position.

A few days since a three-year-old daughter of Mr. Corbit, in West Nantmeal, was sitting on the grass playing with a dog, when the child's mother, hearing the dog whine, rushed into the yard and found her little daughter almost frightened to death. A blacksnake nearly four feet long was wound around the child's left leg. The mother caught the snake near the head, when it unwound itself, and she then dispatched it with a hoe.

David McGrath, an employee in the little mill of the Allentown Rolling Mill Company, was working at the slot machine, and the left leg of his pantaloons caught in the cog wheel, drawing the leg into a space of two inches between the cog wheel and the frame of the machine. McGrath's left foot and leg were badly crushed half way up to the knee. It took the greater part of an hour to remove him from the machine, as it had to be taken apart. During all this time he was conscious, suffering intense agony.

A young man disappeared from his home last spring, and his parents heard nothing from him until yesterday, when he came home with a broken nose; four fingers frightfully out of shape, one ear partially gone, one eye missing and a crutch under his right arm. At first his mother thought he was the victim of a nitro-glycerine explosion, but when he sank down into a chair and feelingly remarked, "Home base at last," she knew right away that he had been traveling with a professional base ball club, and charitably forebore questioning him.—*Norristown Herald.*

A proposition has been started under the auspices of some of the leading cottagers and guests at the Long Branch hotels, for a grand entertainment in aid of the Custer monument. It looks a little odd that people should trip it on the light fantastic toe, to the strains of a full band, with the ghastly memory of the Little Horn massacre still before them.

An important scientific society has recently been founded in England. Its object, besides that of encouraging the cultivation of present geography, is to search out and publish the earlier voyages and travels.

Ex Governor Bigler, in a speech in Pennsylvania, spoke of Tweed and his associates as "nominal Democrats." People this way have been wont to look upon them as phenomenal Democrats.—*New York Times.*

EXPOSITION NOW OPEN!
Floral Hall and Art Gallery Complete.
25 Cents Admission till September 1.
Poultry Show, week beginning September 4; Fruit Display, week beginning September 11; Dog Show, week beginning September 18.
Mount Union College Collection of Stuffed Animals—Rare Display.
RARE GATHERING OF EXHIBITS.
Music by Great Western Band. Special Features from time to time. Dining Room on Restaurant Plan. Blair's Ice Cream and Cakes in Dining Room.
ALL IS NOW READY.

PITTSBURGH
Hot Air Furnace!
ABSOLUTELY CLEAN, DURABLE, ECONOMICAL; ADAPTED FOR BITUMINOUS SLACK OR COKE; INDORSED BY
EDWARD M. BUTZ, Architect;
CHARLES DAVIS, City Engineer;
JOHN MEGRAW, Contractor;
WILLIAM BOYD, Builder;
SAMUEL HASTINGS, Builder;
JAMES LEITCH, Builder;
J. C. PATTERSON, Builder;
JAMES B. CHAMBERS, Builder;
JAMES GILLELNAD, Builder, and others.
MANUFACTURED BY
L. PETERSON, Jr., & Co., 187 Liberty St.

FAIRBANKS'
Standard Scales,
OF ALL KINDS.
BE CAREFUL TO BUY ONLY THE GENUINE.
Also, Baggage Barrows, Warehouse Trucks, Improved Money Drawers, &c.
SCALES REPAIRED PROMPTLY.
FAIRBANKS, MORSE & CO., 48 Wood Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
TThs

A fellow has just turned up among the "boneless codfish" manufacturers of New England, armed with a patent bearing the broad seal of this great Republic, and preferred the modest request that they shall either pay him a royalty on the process or discontinue the business. Shouldn't wonder if somebody should turn up presently with a patent on boned turkey and cropped dogs.

DIED:

LYON—At Atlantic City, N. J., on Friday, the 26th inst., Mrs. ANNA G. LYON, relict of the late Geo. A. Lyon, of Carlisle, Pa.

CRAIG—At Steubenville, Ohio, Friday evening, August 25th, at 10 o'clock, Mrs. ELIZABETH CRAIG, mother of Joseph and Hugh Craig, aged eighty-three years.

The funeral will take place from the residence of her son, Joseph Craig, No. 66 Washington street, Allegheny, THIS AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

Oldest Ins. Co. in America,
ASSETS, $5,167,547 46.
Ins. Co. of North America
OF PHILADELPHIA.
Losses adjusted and paid by
WILLIAM L. JONES, 84 Fourth Ave.

GREAT WESTERN GUN WORKS.
FIREARMS
AND
AMMUNITION,
Of every description, at lower prices than ever before offered in this market. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. Price Lists free.
J. H. JOHNSTON,
285 LIBERTY STREET.

Pier, Dannals & Co.,
Brewers, CORNER FORBES & STEVENSON STREETS, PITTSBURGH, offer for sale the
Best Cream Ale and Porter
AT THE
LOWEST MARKET PRICES.
ORDERS BY MAIL SOLICITED.
Bottled Ale and Porter a Specialty

Amusement Advertising Rates

Following is the rate charged for advertisements under the head of "Amusements" in this column:

1 Square 1 time	$1 00	1 Square 7 times	$4 60
1 Square 2 times	1 50	1 Square 8 times	5 30
1 Square 3 times	2 25	1 Square 9 times	5 29
1 Square 4 times	3 00	1 Square 10 times	6 60
1 Square 5 times	3 75	1 Square 11 times	7 30
1 Square 6 times	4 00	1 Square 12 times	8 00

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
JOHN L. CARNCROSS .... Manager.
ONE WEEK ONLY.
SIX NIGHTS AND SATURDAY MATINEE,
Commencing MONDAY, August 28, 1876.
Carncross & Dixey's Minstrels.
28 ARTISTS.
The Largest and Finest Troupe in existence. Everything new. See bills for company and particulars.
Admission 25c, 50c, 75c and $1.
SALE OF SEATS commences at Hale's Music Store THURSDAY, August 24.
J. T. DONNELLY, Treasurer.

Tivoli Garden!
THE FASHIONABLE RESORT.
OPEN DAY AND EVENING.
92 FIFTH AVENUE.

Merchants' Club,
(NEW SALOON,)
113 Fifth Ave., above Smithfield St.
The finest Imported and Domestic Wines, Ales and Liquors, of all kinds, in bottles and on draught, constantly kept on hand. Also, the choicest brands of Cigars.
H. VIERHELLER, Sup't.

EXCURSIONS.

Allegheny Valley Camp Ground.
EXCURSION TICKETS ONLY 75 CENTS.
On and after Sunday, August 20, the Allegheny Valley Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets to the Allegheny Valley Camp Grounds, good until September 5. All passenger trains stop at the grounds.
DAVID McCARGO,
General Superintendent.
J. MORTON HALL,
General Passenger and Freight Agent.

FOR SALE.
FIRE PROOF SAFE,
IN GOOD ORDER.
APPLY AT THIS OFFICE.

TRADE KEYSTONE. MARK.
Steam Sliced Smoked Beef and Tongue,
READY FOR BREAKFAST, LUNCH AND TEA TABLE, PARTIES, PICNICS, TRAVELERS AND INVALIDS.
"So delicate that an infant can digest it." Put up in the most cleanly manner, in Half and Pound Boxes. Ask your Grocer for it and try it.
No. 5 UNION STREET,
Between Fifth avenue and Market House.
J. M. McCREERY,
Proprietor.

R. M. Leonard,
LUMBER MERCHANT,
173 Penn Avenue,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

WESLEY COULTER,
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,
No. 236 Penn Avenue, Pittsburgh.
All orders by mail promptly attended

Richard S. Robertson, Jr., E. M.,
ANALYTICAL CHEMIST,
Laboratory at Isabella Furnaces, Etna, Pa. City Office, No. 12 Smithfield Street.

LEAKY ROOFS
Made Perfectly Water Tight with one coat of Gray's Elastic Roofing Paint. 84 DIAMOND STREET.
4p

OTTO WUTH,
Analytical and Consulting Chemist,
99 WATER STREET.

AUCTION SALES.

BY WM. FRANK & SONS, WHOLESALE AUCTIONEERS.
AUCTION
Bankrupt Stock
OF THE LATE
C. IHMSON & SONS,
Consisting of Window Glass, Phials, Bottles, Moulds, Tools, Chairs, Pots, Old Iron, Clay, Furnace Stone, Sand, Lumber, Boxes, Wagons, Carts, and other articles too numerous to mention used in the manufacture of Window Glass and Bottles.
Manufacturers will find it to their interest to attend this sale. Also, druggists and liquor dealers. All must be sold without reserve. By order of
FETTERMAN & WOODS, Attorneys.
Sale of Glassware MONDAY, August 28, at 10 A. M., sharp, at Warehouse, 133 First avenue and 164 Second avenue.
Sale of Moulds, Tools, Wagons and Glassware TUESDAY, August 29, at 10 A. M., at Factory, Neville street, South Side.
Catalogues now ready; can be had by applying to undersigned.
WM. FRANK & SONS, Auctioneers,
59 Market street.

AUCTION
BY
WM. FRANK & SONS,
Wholesale Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,
59 MARKET STREET. Grand Opening Fall Trade sale WEDNESDAY, August 30, at 10 A. M. (To Merchants only,) $60,000 worth of
DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, NOTIONS, FANCY AND FURNISHING GOODS.
Goods all fresh and desirable, and every article warranted as represented.
We invite the especial attention of Merchants to this sale. Terms, 60 days.
Regular sales every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

AUCTION
BY
WM. FRANK & SONS,
Wholesale Auctioneers, 59 Market St.
Grand Clearing Trade Sale of BOOTS and SHOES for Men's, Misses' and Children's wear,
FRIDAY, AUGUST 25, AT 10 A. M.
The above sale comprises about 115 lots, and must be sold to close consignments. Sale positive and without reserve, as we do not intend to give our attention to the Shoe Trade from this time, devoting our whole attention to Dry Goods, Notions, etc. Terms cash.
G. W. BARRETT, Auctioneer.

BY J. M. HARTFORD.
ASSIGNEE'S SALE
IN BANKRUPTCY,
On Wednesday Morning, August 30,
AT 10 O'CLOCK, AT
J. M. Hartford's Wholesale Auction House,
109 WOOD STREET,
When the undersigned will offer a stock of Boots and Shoes of a City Retailer, which consists mostly of Prime City Made goods. Also, Men's, Boys' and Youth's Kip Boots, Brogans and N. K. Bals. One No. 6 Burke & Barnes' Iron Fire Proof Safe.
JACOB HOFFMYER, Assignee.
J. M. HARTFORD,
WHOLESALE AUCTIONEER,
No. 109 Wood Street.
In connection with this sales, I will offer 225 Sample Cases of fresh City and Eastern manufactured seasonable Boots, Shoes, Brogans and Slippers.
All Boots and Shoes sold at my Regular Sale Warranted Perfect.

BY THOMAS F. STEWART.
ESCANABA FURNACE.
Trustee's Sale of very Valuable Charcoal Furnace, situate at Escanaba, Michigan, at Aution.
The undersigned will offer at Public Sale, at the Chamber of Commerce, in the City of Pittsburgh, on
THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 21st, 1876,
AT 2 O'CLOCK P. M., the very desirable property known as the ESCANABA FURNACE, with all its appurtenances, together with about THIRTY THOUSAND ACRES OF WOODLANDS, very carefully selected by experts, on which have been erected 49 Charcoal Kilns. The Furnace is 12 feet Bosh, 51 feet Stack, Iron Truss Roof, thoroughly fire proof, with Buildings, Foundations and Hoisting Machinery for a second stack, all constructed in the best manner. There are numerous Tenement Houses, Store House and other buildings, and a large dock on the bay, adjoining the Furnace, with very superior facilities for obtaining limestone.
In addition to the realty, is a large amount of personal property, comprising about 15,000 cords Wood, a large quantity of Limestone, Iron Ore, Charcoal, Goods in Store, Wagons, &c., &c., which will be sold in conjunction with the realty.
This property MUST BE SOLD for account of creditors. It is probably one of the best Charcoal Furnace Properties in the country, the woodlands affording an almost unlimited supply of hard wood, and must, in the near future, become very valuable. It presents rare attractions for capitalists. For particulars apply to Trustee, at Pittsburgh, who will furnish schedule of personal property.
J. R. McCUNE, Trustee.
THOMAS F. STEWART, Auctioneer.

ADJOURNED
ASSIGNEE'S SALE.
By virtue of an order of the United States Court for the Western District of Pennsylvania, the undersigned, Assignee of John Walker, Jr., a bankrupt, will expose at Public Sale, on the premises, on
Thursday, September 14, 1876,
at 10 o'clock A. M., the following Real Estate, viz:
All that certain Lot situate in the Borough of Elizabeth, Allegheny county, No. 293 in plan of said borough, having a front of 60 feet on Seventh street and extending back 120 feet to Eighth street. Having thereon erected a Frame Cottage House.
Also, Lots Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9 and 10 in John Walker, Jr.'s plan of lots in Forward township. All except No. 1 having a front of 50 feet on a ten-foot alley, and extending back 120 feet, No. 1 having 67 feet 8 inches in front and 26 feet 5 inches in the rear. Also, a triangular Lot known as 10½ in said plan. Also, Lots Nos. 16, 18, 19 and 20, having a front of 50 feet on public road and running back 120 feet. Also, Lot No. 21 in said plan, having a front on said road of 55 feet and running back 120 feet.
Also, 9 acres 16-10 perches of Land, situate in said township, bounded by the Monongahela river, land of Jacob Maple and Jas. G. Blaine.
Also, a river front Lot in said township, on said river, near Lock No. 3, fronting 30 feet on the river, and running back about 70 feet.
TERMS—Cash on confirmation of sale and delivery of deed.
TROVILLO J. WEDDELL,
Assignee.
M

ASSIGNEE'S SALE
OF
REAL ESTATE.
The undersigned, Assignee of John Haines, will offer at public sale, on the premises, on
Tuesday, September 5, 1876, at 10 O'clock, A. M.,
that desirable farm situated in North Strabane township, Washington county, Pa., containing 169¾ acres, more or less. The improvements consist of
A Large Two-Story Brick House,
containing 9 rooms, A LARGE FRAME BARN, and other outbuildings. The location is a very desirable one, it being on the Washington and Canonsburg road, 5½ miles from Washington and 1½ miles from Canonsburg, in a good neighborhood, near Churches, Schools, &c. The land is in an excellent state of cultivation and fences in good repair. As a FRUIT FARM it is unexcelled by any in the county, there being 300 Apple, 700 Peach and 250 Quince Trees; also a large number of Pear and Plum Trees, all in bearing condition, besides many varieties of Berries, Grapes and other small fruits. The whole tract is underlaid with a VEIN OF EXCELLENT COAL. Persons desirous of a first-class home or a profitable investment will do well to examine this property or call on the undersigned for further information. Terms made known on day of sale.
J. H. HERRIOTT, Assignee,
Canonsburg, Pa.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT OR SALE,
New Two-story Frame House,
With Bay Window, containing 6 Rooms, Vestibule and Hall; Water in Kitchen; Lot 48x200, with Grapevines, &c.; located on Grandview avenue, Mount Washington, Thirty-fifth ward, commanding the finest view in the city.
Terms easy. Inquire at the
COMMERCIAL OFFICE.